NORTH-CHINA DAILY NEWS

VOL. CXXXX. No. 22993. Registered at the C.P.O. SHANGHAI, MONDAY, FEBRUARY 13, 1939 (Postage: China and Japan 1½ cents; abroad 15 cents.) TEN CENTS

G. R.

NOTICE

IT IS HEREBY NOTIFIED that at the expiration of three months from the date hereof the name of the Messrs. R. S. Davis, Limited, will, unless cause is shewn to the contrary, be struck off the Register and the Company will be dissolved.

Dated at the Office of the British Registrar of Companies, Shanghai, this 13th day of February, 1939.

HERBERT PHILLIPS,
H. B. M. Consul-General and Registrar of Companies, at Shanghai

10675

G. R.

NOTICE

IT IS HEREBY NOTIFIED that the name of the Messrs. Talbots' Limited, has been struck off the Register of British Companies in China.

Dated at the office of the British Registrar of Companies, Shanghai this 13th day of February, 1939.

HERBERT PHILLIPS,
H. B. M. Consul-General and Registrar of Companies, at Shanghai

10676

G. R.

NOTICE

IT IS HEREBY NOTIFIED that the name of the Messrs. St. Anna Limited, has been struck off the Register of British Companies in China.

Dated at the office of the British Registrar of Companies, Shanghai this 13th day of February, 1939.

HERBERT PHILLIPS,
H. B. M. Consul-General and Registrar of Companies, at Shanghai

10677

G. R.

NOTICE

IT IS HEREBY NOTIFIED that the name of the Messrs. The International Stadium Limited, has been struck off the Register of British Companies in China.

Dated at the office of the British Registrar of Companies, Shanghai this 13th day of February, 1939.

HERBERT PHILLIPS,
H. B. M. Consul-General and Registrar of Companies, at Shanghai

10678

SHANGHAI RACE CLUB

6% DEBENTURES, ISSUE OF 1934

The Debenture Transfer Register will be closed from February 21 to February 28, 1939, both dates inclusive.

By Order of the Stewards,
A. W. OLSEN,
Secretary,
SHANGHAI RACE CLUB.

February 11, 1939.

10639

NOTICE

IS HEREBY GIVEN that Mr. D. Koppius is no longer connected with Radio Station XQHB and is therefore not authorized to collect money, issue receipts and enter into any contracts on its behalf.

RADIO STATION X.Q.H.B.,
MRS. E. M. ROBERTSON,
274 Rue Maresca.

10661

NOTICE

Our former salesman, Mr. H. C. Hwang (黃河清) has by mutual agreement resigned his position and has no more connections with our firm.

SCHMIDT & Co., Ltd.,
346 Szechuen Road.

10660

Change of Address

DENNIS MOONEY, N.D., D.P.
to
102-4 Liza Building
346 Szechuen Road
Telephone 17617

BRITISH HEALTH HOMES, LTD.

10683

To-day's Events

FEBRUARY

13 Cradle Bridge/Mahjongg, Y.M.C.A., 3
13 Engineering Society Meeting, 5.45
13 Swatow earthquake (1918)

Coming Events

FEBRUARY

14 A.W.C. book review tiffin, 12.30
14 Rangers' St. Valentine Supper Dance, A.W.C., 8.30
14 For. Y. Lecture: 'Shanghai Real Estate,' 9
15 French A.D.C., Three Comedies, Lyc., 9
16 Rotary Club, Metropole Hotel. 12.30
16 Royal Asiatic Society Meeting
16 'Broker Fishl,' L. Opera, Lyc., 8.45
16 For. Y. Debate: 'Shanghai and Newcomers,' 9
17 For. Y. 'Hour of Music,' 6
17 S'hai Dialect Club. For. Y., 6
17 French A.D.C., Three Comedies, Lyc., 9
17 United Services Association, 'Ladies' Night,' Cercle Sportif Francais, 9
18 L. Rosen's gala performance: 'The Mystery of a Harem,' L. Opera, Lyceum, 8.45
18 Dinner Dance, Floorshow, C.S.F., 8.30
19 'The Mystery of a Harem,' L. Opera, Lyc., 8.45
19 Municipal Orchestra, Symphony Concert, Lyceum, 5.15
21 A.W.C. programme of plays, 4.45
21 Union Church Men's Club, Dr. Miorini Lectures
21 Dinner Dance, Floorshow, C.S.F., 8.30
21 For. Y. Lecture: 'World Youth,' 9
22 Theosophical Society, 75 Jessfield Road, Public Lecture, 6
22 L. de Luca's opera: 'Willow,' Lyc., 9.15
23 Rotary Club, Metropole Hotel, 12.30
23 Royal Society of St. George, Annual Meeting, Shanghai Club, 5.30
23 British Chartered Civil & Mechanical Engineers Dinner, Shanghai Club, 8
23 For. Y. Debate: 'Women Invading Realm of Men,' 9
23 L. de Luca's opera: 'Willow,' Lyc., 9.15
24 Busy Bees, Winter Garden, Dinner Dance
24 L. de Luca's opera: 'Willow,' Lyc., 9.15
24 International World's Day of Prayer service for women, Union Church, 3.30 and 5.30
25 L. de Luca's opera: 'Willow,' Lyc., 9.15
26 St. David's Society, Church Service, Union Church
26 'La Tosca,' with A. Valentinoff, Lyc.
27 B.U.S.C. 3rd Annual Dinner Dance
28 A.W.C. bridge and mahjongg, 3
28 For. Y. Lecture: 'Underway—to North Pole,' 9
28 Annual Dinner S.A.W.V. Society
28 Peking Soiree, 9.15

MARCH

1 St. David's Society Dinner, French Club, 8
1 'La Tosca,' with A. Valentinoff, Lyc.
2 B.W.A., S.S.B. Jumble Sale, 9.30 a.m.
2 Rotary Club, Metropole Hotel, 12.30
2 B.W.A. Bridge and Mahjongg, 3
2 For. Y. Debate: 'British Empire,' 9
2 Concert Community Church, 9.15
3 For. Y. Musical Programme, 6. Direction: Prof. ss. Aksakov
3 Masonic Ball, C.S.F. 9.30
4 Shanghai Players in Monteverde's 'Orpheus,' special matinee, Lyceum, 3
7 For. Y. Lect: 'Foundation Research,' 9
7 Shanghai Players in Monteverde's 'Orpheus,' Lyceum, 9.15, Grand Gala Performance
8 Shanghai Players in Monteverde's 'Orpheus,' Lyceum, 9.15
8 Purim Ball, French Club, 9.30
9 For Y. Debate: 'Pidgin English,' 9
9 Le Ballet Russe, gala premiere of the super-production of this season, 'Le Coq d'Or,' ballet in 3 acts, music by Rimsky-Korsakov, Lyceum Theatre, 9
10 Shanghai Club, Annual Meeting, 5.30
10 Shanghai Camera Club, Meeting and Lecture, 330 Szechuen Road, 9
10 'Specials,' 5th Annual Ball, Ciro's, 9.15
10 Club Hippique International 'Club Ball,' French Club, 10
11 Le Ballet Russe, 'Le Coq d'Or,' Lyc., 9
12 Le Ballet Russe, 'Le Coq d'Or,' Lyc., 2.15 and 9 p.m.

Charge for items $1 per line, which includes all insertions till date of event

NOTICE

The Foncière et Immobilière de Chine, 9 Avenue Edward VII, warn their tenants that no sub-letting or transfer of lease will be considered valid unless agreed to in writing by the Company, as is expressly stipulated in every lease.

Any person found residing in their premises without their knowledge will be prosecuted as trespassers.

10680

NOTICE

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that, as from date, Mr. S. Y. Lee (李時英) is no longer connected with this Company.

For
METROPOLITAN LAND COMPANY LTD.,
G. T. READ, *Secretary.*

Shanghai.
February 10, 1939.

10645

COOL CHAMBER CARGO CONSIGNED TO ORDER

Wanted Consignees for 3 Cases Ham in tin marked BRADA 68/70 ex s.s. "Baltrover" from Gdynia/"Ranpura" from London arrived 6/2/39. Consignees should take immediate delivery as the Shipping Company can accept no liability whatsoever for damage to perishable goods.

10667

"Quality Wins"

DAIRY—Grade "A" (T.T.)
COWS—New Zealand Jerseys
MILK—Richest in Cream

For orders apply to

Lucerne Dairy Farms

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10689

FALSE DOCTRINE, said the schoolboy, is when the doctor gives you the wrong medicine. True protection is acquired when you take out a sound Accident and Disease Policy.

C. E. SPARKE
INSURANCE OFFICE
Agents:
PHŒNIX ASSURANCE CO., LTD.
316 Kiangse Road Telephone 10828

THE ENGINEERING SOCIETY OF CHINA

EIGHTH ORDINARY MEETING
UNDER THE AUSPICES OF THE INSTITUTION OF ELECTRICAL ENGINEERS CHINA CENTRE

The Eighth Ordinary Meeting of the Society will be held TO-DAY at 5.45 p.m. in the Dining Room, 14th Floor, Park Hotel.

PAPER ON:
COMMERCIAL ENGINEERING IN CHINA
by
W. C. GOMERSALL, A.M.I.E.E.

Tea will be available from 4.30 to 5.30 p.m.

Any member who has not received an individual notice of this meeting by post should communicate with the undersigned.

N. W. B. CLARKE,
Hon. Sec., E. S. C.

W. MILES, *Hon. Sec.,*
I. E. E., CHINA CENTRE.

10679

Miscellaneous

This title conveys a miscellany of offers varying from Surveying Instruments to hand-knitted goods and will be found an excellent medium for general advertising.

CHINA UNITED APARTMENTS

(Opposite the Racecourse)

Tastefully furnished rooms and suites with board.

Daily and Monthly Rates

Telephone 90010

Cable Address: HOCHUN
Manageress: Mrs. F. RAMPLIN

10674

SHIRTS

correctly made to measure fast colour English material from $6.50

RAZON'S
12 Central Road, Telephone 10313

10682

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"As standard as sterling on silver"
Serving you from
THE MODEL DAIRY FARM
8 TIFENG ROAD
Licensed to sell Grade "A" pasteurised products

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British and Best

COLUMBIA ROOM HEATER
Circulated Warmth

NORGE

for refrigeration

ELECTRIC AND MUSICAL INDUSTRIES (CHINA) LTD.
878 BUBBLING WELL ROAD
Telephone 36865

10627

MONDAY

Baked Pork Chops with Sweet Potatoes	$1.00
Spaghetti Tiffin	$1.20
Coconut Custard Pie	30 cts.
Coconut Cake	30 cts.

Freshly baked home-style Coffee Cake served at 11 a.m. at 10 cts. a cut.
Home made Chocolates $1.00 Per Box

JIMMY'S, 133 Nanking Road

-1742

SPRING HOLIDAY FESTIVAL

The "North-China Daily News" will be published as usual on Sunday, February 19, but there will be no issue on Monday, February 20.

The office of the Company will be closed on Sunday, February 19, but will reopen for business as usual on February 20.

Advertisers are requested to send in their copies before noon on Saturday, February 18.

THE PUBLISHER.

17 The Bund, Shanghai.

CALDBECK'S

FINEST LONDON

DRY GIN

"TOWER BRIDGE BRAND"

A Gin of Excellent Quality at a Moderate Price

Obtainable at all Compradore Stores

CALDBECK, MACGREGOR & CO., LTD.
(Incorporated under the Companies' Ordinances of Hongkong)
44 Foochow Road Telephone 17589

Insurance Company of North America

PHILADELPHIA
The Oldest American Fire and Marine Insurance Co.
Founded 1792

Paid-Up Capital, U.S.$12,000,000 Assets, U.S.$112,541,941

Shanghai Branch
2nd Floor, Continental Bank Building, 113 Kiukiang Road
Telephone 12867 (5 lines)

ANNOUNCEMENT!

BAKERITE HI HILARITIES

RCA Victor Electrical Transcriptions
XMHA 7.15 daily

MONDAY	— 50 GRAND HOTEL
TUESDAY	— 1st Act. Henry XIII
WEDNESDAY	— 2nd Act. Dinner with Henry XIII
THURSDAY	— 1st Act. They're off
FRIDAY	— 2nd Act. They're off
SATURDAY	— POLOOKA

JACK BENNY

Master of ceremonies

NOW ON SALE!

The China Hong List for 1939

For 89 years the China Hong List has been the recognized Business and Residential Directory in China. It has proved indispensable to business houses, large and small. It is an accurate and comprehensive work of reference, with information about Shanghai and all the principal cities and ports.

Price $10: postage in China 40 cents

Publishers:
NORTH-CHINA DAILY NEWS & HERALD, LTD.
17 THE BUND, SHANGHAI

Lyceum Theatre

On February 22, 23, 24 and 25 at 9.15 p.m.

"WILLOW"

Opera in 3 Acts

by

LUIGI DE LUCA

With

MUNICIPAL ORCHESTRA
conducted by MARIO PACI

Booking at Moutrie's

-1633

LANE, CRAWFORD'S COFFEE

At all Compradores and
90 NANKING ROAD—Tel. 11934
866 BUBBLING WELL ROAD—Tel. 36218

10625

SPAGHETTI TIFFIN, $1.20

Plain Steak and Eggs,	$1.20
Coconut Cake,	30 cents
Maxwell House Coffee,	20 cents

JIMMY'S, 11 Rue Montauban

-1631

EWO GIN

Distilled in England

Obtainable at all Compradore Stores

10682

PHOTOGRAPHS

Farewell Parade for Departing British G.O.C.
Local Volley Ball Teams
Hungjao Golf Club Personalities
Shanghai Reel Club Dance
Local Sports
Local Weddings

Photographs of the above and others which have appeared in the "NORTH-CHINA DAILY NEWS", are now on view at Watson's, 71 Nanking Road, where prints may be obtained within a few hours.

COST OF PHOTOGRAPHS

4 x 6 enlargements	$1	each
6 x 8 enlargements	$2	each
8 x 10 enlargements	$2.50	each
10 x 12 enlargements	$3	each

Obtainable from Watson's

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Pasteurised Grade "A"

1587 AVENUE JOFFRE, TELEPHONE 70126

General Managers: KEYLOCK & PRATT

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London Made

$4.50 each

Ask your tobacconist for this wonder-pipe.

10752

South British

INSURANCE COMPANY, LTD.

Can you afford an uninsured loss by

FIRE?

L. G. JOHNSON, MANAGER.
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Tel. 18653 (2 lines). 18 The Bund

TO LET, office accommodation in first-floor, Union Building, 17 Canton Road. Area 3,500 square feet. Address Box 2469, NCDN.

10756

Classified Advertisements continued On Page 14

EWO CLUB WHISKY

Obtainable at all Compradore Stores

10670

EXPERT MOTOR REPAIRS

We are completely equipped to undertake all service

For Particulars Apply:
FRASER MOTORS, LTD.
36 Gt. Western Rd. Telephone 21949

10755

To-day's News

LISTEN

TO THE

North-China Daily News

Radio broadcast twice to-day over Station XMHD

12.45 p.m.
9.00 p.m.

760 kilocycles 395 metres

華僑銀行有限公司
OVERSEA-CHINESE BANKING CORPORATION, LTD.

(Incorporated in the Straits Settlements)
120 Kiukiang Road

CAPITAL:

AUTHORISED	St. Currency	$40,000,000
PAID-UP	Sts. Currency	$10,000,000

Successors To
The Ho Hong Bank, Ltd.
The Chinese Commercial Bank, Ltd.
The Oversea-Chinese Bank, Ltd.

Head Office—SINGAPORE
Branches and Correspondents
At Principal Cities of the World

Every description of Banking and Foreign Exchange Business transacted.

C. L. TAN, *Manager.*

BANQUE BELGE POUR L'ETRANGER (EXTREME-ORIENT) S.A.

(Affiliated to the Société Générale de Belgique)

Capital: Frs.	30,000,000
Reserves: Frs.	3,000,000

Head Office: BRUSSELS
Branches:
SHANGHAI, TIENTSIN, HANKOW, HONGKONG
Correspondents in all parts of the world.

YOKOHAMA SPECIE BANK LIMITED

(Established 1880)

CAPITAL (fully paid-up) Y.100,000,000
RESERVE FUND Y.137,150,000

Head Offices: YOKOHAMA, JAPAN
Shanghai Branch: 24 THE BUND
Branches:

Alexandria	Karachi	Rio de Janeiro
Bangkok	Kobe	Samarang
Batavia	London	San Francisco
Berlin	Los Angeles	Seattle
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Canton	Mukden	Sourabaya
Dairen	Nagasaki	Sydney
Hamburg	Nagoya	Tientsin
Hankow	New York	Tokyo
Harbin	Osaka	Tokyo (Marunouchi)
Hongkong	Otaru	Tsingtao
Honolulu	Paris	Yingkow
Hsinking	Peking	
	Rangoon	

S. ASADA, *Manager.*

NOTICE

JARDINE'S S.S. "MINGSANG" RECEPTION

PREVIOUSLY PLANNED FOR FRIDAY, FEB. 3RD

will be held on board "Mingsang"

at ROOSEVELT TERMINAL

3—7 P.M. WEDNESDAY, FEB. 15

10690

The Compagnie des Messageries Maritimes

(French Mail Steamers)

beg to announce the transfer of their offices to their new premises

"M.M.", 9 Quai de France (1st floor)
as from February 12, 1939.

10656

SHANGHAI MUNICIPAL COUNCIL

MUNICIPAL INVESTMENT BANK FIXED DEPOSITS

The Bank is open for the receipt of Fixed Deposits for six and twelve months carrying interest at the rate of 5 per cent. and 6 per cent. per annum respectively under the terms of Municipal Notification No. 4911 each day on which the Council's offices are open for public business.

Further information may be obtained from the Treasurer & Controller, Administration Building.

10754

NATURE'S LAXATIVE

POTTER'S VITALIZING FRUIT SALINE

has all the tonic health-giving properties of fresh fruit. Please note that—

(1) One teaspoonful is equal to a plate of fruit.

(2) It is prepared from natural fruit acids and vegetable salts obtained from Grapes, Lemons, Oranges and Limes.

(3) It is guaranteed to be free from Sugar, Epsoms Salts, Glauber Salts, and other Mineral Purgatives.

(4) It makes an exceedingly pleasant and refreshing effervescent drink.

(5) The price is $3 only, for a full size bottle.

Made in England

WATSON'S

Just Received

New Shipment of

ENGLISH SILK NECKTIES

In New Designs and Colourings

MACBETH GRAY & CO.

Tailors, Habitmakers, Shirtmakers, and Outfitters

142 Nanking Road Telephone 14247

MERCANTILE BANK OF INDIA, LTD.

(Incorporated in England)

Head Office: London **Shanghai Office: 4 The Bund**

SUBSCRIBED CAPITAL	£1,800,000
PAID-UP CAPITAL	1,050,000
RESERVE FUND	1,075,000

Branches throughout India, Ceylon, Malaya, Hongkong and Mauritius. Agencies in all principal countries of the world.

Interest allowed on Local Currency Current Accounts @ 2% p.a.

Current and Fixed Deposit Accounts opened in sterling as well as in local currency. Banking and exchange business of every description transacted. Trusteeships and executorships undertaken.

S.V.C., Fire Brigade and Police Estimates

Watch Committee Considers Scheduled Expenditures for 1939 Running Into Millions

AT a meeting of the S.M.C. Watch Committee held on January 30, consideration was given to the estimates for 1939 of the Volunteer Corps, Fire Brigade and Police Force.

Annual Estimates for 1939.—In accordance with the usual procedure, the various items of Extraordinary Expenditure were classified as follows:—

"A" Those to which the Council is already committed, or which are considered urgent.

"B" Those for which, having regard to financial and other considerations, no appropriation should be made this year.

Volunteer Corps

Three items of Extraordinary Expenditure, involving a total estimated expenditure of $55,790 were dealt with as follows:—

Annual change-over of two "Karrier" Trucks $11,990.—This proposal was in accordance with the replacement schedule approved in 1936 and was marked "A".

Emergency Equipment.—An appropriation of $1,000 was marked "A".

Emergency Measures, $42,800.—It was noted that the quantities shown under this heading constituted the minimum requirements to bring the stocks of the Shanghai Field Company to a level consistent with the defence requirements of "B" Sector only. The major portion of this appropriation is required for the purchase of sandbags estimated to cost $35,000. These will be of a special variety scientifically treated and pressed to ensure satisfactory storage over an extended period of at least five years. The Treasurer and Controller offering no objection, the appropriation was thereupon marked "A".

S.V.C. Ordinary Expenditure.—The Treasurer and Controller reported that the estimated ordinary expenditure of the Volunteer Corps for 1939, after giving effect to certain adjustments, amounted to $883,220, which showed an increase of $177,520 or 25.16 per cent. over the Budget figure for 1938.

As regards Volunteer Units, it was noted that the Commandant's preliminary estimate of $75,946 under the heading of ammunition had been reduced to $51,300 by assessing requirements at the average cost of stocks available for issue. The amended estimate of the Volunteer Units showed an increase of $43,440 over the relative budget figure for 1938.

Russian Detachment

The estimates for the Russian Detachment showed an increase of $121,640 as compared with the Budget for 1938, the main items being an increase of $52,750 for ration allowance and messing and the deletion of $40,800 in respect of charges to the Police Force for special services at the Municipal Jail, as it was not expected that these services would arise for some time to come.

Under Stock and Stores an appropriation of $4,500 had been made for a departmental car to replace the Singer car purchased in 1934 but now regarded as unserviceable. Purchase of tinned rations—$3,600—were required to maintain stocks of preserved meat at the authorized level of 10,000 pounds. Additional purchases of ammunition at a cost of $44,370 were necessary to satisfy the 1939 requirements of the Volunteer Units and Russian Detachment and to maintain stocks at a normal level.

Subject to the above observations, and to any further necessary adjustments being made by the Treasurer and Controller in conjunction with the Commandant, the Volunteer Corps estimates of Extraordinary and Ordinary Expenditure for 1939 were thereupon approved for submission to the Finance Committee.

Fire Brigade

Extraordinary Expenditure Items were dealt with as follows:—

Central Station, Depot and Headquarters.—The Chief Officer suggested that the new Central Station be erected on the site of the old Central Police Station. He stated that there was no immediate fire risk in the existing Central Station building, and the Commissioner of Public Works stated that he would maintain its structural stability. A nominal appropriation of $100 was made for the suggested new station and was marked "B".

Hongkew Station

(a) Extension to Central Heating Installation.—An appropriation of $37,200 to cover the extension of the central heating installation to the Chinese Dormitories and Messrooms, Workshops and Brigade Stores was marked "B".

(b) Engine-Room—Extension (Balance of cost).—An appropriation of $1,000 in respect of this work was marked "A".

Minor Works.—An appropriation of $14,000 had been included in the preliminary estimates under this heading. $10,800 of this referred to works which were urgently necessary, and this amount was accordingly marked "A", the remaining $3,200 being marked "B".

Plant and Equipment.—The appropriations covering two High-powered Chassis $45,320, four Pump Fitments $23,750 and one Break-down Truck Chassis $7,100 were marked "A", and those covering one General Purposes Truck $7,100 and two Light Commercial Chassis $10,600 were marked "B".

S.F.B. Ordinary Expenditure.—The Treasurer and Controller, in a report submitted, noted that the preliminary estimates presented by the Chief Officer totalled $1,197,891, i.e. an increase of $224,791 or 23.1 per cent. over the budget figures for 1938. These estimates had been amended to $1,187,400, an increase of $214,300 or 22.02 per cent. as compared with the relative budget provision for 1938.

General Section Increase

The amended estimate for the General section showed an increase of $185,150 over the corresponding figure for last year. Under this heading, pay and allowances accounted for an increase of $101,650, and passages $18,800. Provision for those renewals had been increased by $20,000 owing to the unusually heavy wear and tear during the 1937 Emergency.

In the Ambulance Services the increases in cost of the Emergency and Hospital Branches of these services amounted to $8,200 and $4,830 respectively or a total of $13,030 representing an advance of 36.9 per cent. as compared with the relative budget provision for 1938. It was noted that this situation is due primarily to the higher cost of operating and maintaining the fleet of ambulances and, in a lesser degree, to the increased demand for these services at the present time. It was also noted that the personnel of both branches remained the same as for 1938.

A suggestion being made that in view of the increased cost of operation, the charges for ambulance services might be raised, members agreed that the Chief Officer be requested to submit a report on this subject.

The items under Stock and Stores included the provision of a rescue and reviving apparatus $3,500, hydrant indicator plates $300, appliances and tools $6,000, workshop equipment $1,000, furniture and sundries $2,200, staff car $4,000 and one motor ambulance $8,600.

Subject to the above observations and to any necessary adjustments by the Treasurer and Controller in collaboration with the Chief Officer, Fire Brigade, the Annual Estimates for the Fire Brigade were thereupon approved for submission to the Finance Committee.

Police Force

Items of Extraordinary Expenditure were dealt with as follows:—

Chengtu Road Station—Interior Painting.—An appropriation of $8,500 in respect of this work, which was not done after the erection of the building in 1934, was marked "A".

Gordon Road Station

(a) Rickshaw Licensing Office (Balance of Cost).—An appropriation of $4,500 for this work was marked "A".

(b) Store Block—Additional Floor.—An appropriation of $35,000 to provide additional storage space for the Quartermaster's stores and armoury was marked "A".

(c) Training Depot—Alterations to Huts for Recruits (Balance of Cost).—An appropriation of $1,200 for this work was marked "A".

Louza Station

(a) Cell Block—Extension to Offices on First Floor.—An appropriation of $14,500 to provide additional office accommodation was marked "A".

(b) Garage—Covered Extension to Nanking Road Approach.—An appropriation of $46,000 covering the estimated cost of extension to the existing garage on the west side of the Charge Room for the whole length of the disused approach from Nanking Road was marked "B".

(c) North Entrance—Widening—New Gates, etc.—An appropriation of $2,500 for this work was marked "A". It was pointed out that the widening of this gateway had become necessary owing to the use of large transport vehicles.

West Hongkew Station Entrance widening.—New Gates etc.—The Commissioner of Public Works reported that the widening of the gateway at this station was also necessary. An appropriation therefore of $2,000 was marked "A".

Chengtu Road Barracks (Sikhs and Chinese).—Interior Painting.—An appropriation of $10,500 for this work was marked "A". It was pointed out that this building was occupied in 1936, but the interior had not been painted.

Ward Road Jail

(a) Hospital—Additional Grilles, etc. to T.B. Ward.—An appropriation of $5,000 to cover this work was marked "A". It was noted that these grilles were required to enable the top floor to be used as an open-air ward for tubercular cases.

(b) Laundry & Kitchen Block—6 Rice Boilers and 1 Steam Boiler.—$24,000.—The Commissioner of Police stated that he had asked for this appropriation because the existing steam plant and cooking arrangements were insufficient for present requirements. After discussion it was decided that the appropriation be reduced to $10,000 to cover 3 rice boilers only.

(c) Chinese Section—Five Cell Blocks and Kitchen and Laundry Block—Glass Louvres to Windows.—An appropriation of $14,000 to cover this work was marked "B".

(d) Compound—Completion of Surfacing (Balance of Cost).—An appropriation of $19,000 for this work was marked A".

Minor Works.—An appropriation of $12,900 had been included in the preliminary estimates under this item; $12,300 of this referred to works which were urgently necessary. The Commissioner of Public Works submitted a supplementary item of $4,500 for addition to the latter figure. This was reduced to $3,500. The Treasurer and Controller concurring, it was decided that the increased amount of $15,800 be marked "A", the remaining $600 being marked "B".

Plant and Equipment.—An appropriation of $69,770 for 2 Motor Cars ($14,440), 1 Light Van and Body ($6,230), Traffic Control Gear ($15,600), 4 Motor Trucks and Vans ($27,220) and Automatic Pistols ($6,280) was marked "A".

$11,983,260 Expenditure

Police Ordinary Expenditure.—The Treasurer and Controller, in a report submitted, noted that the preliminary estimates presented by the Commissioner of Police totalled $12,191,940, i.e. an increase of $2,555,780 or 26.52 per cent. as compared with the relative provisions for 1938. Following discussion between the Commissioner and himself, net reductions had been effected to the extent of $208,680, so that in their present form the amended estimates totalled $11,983,260—an increase of $2,347,100 or 24.36 per cent. as compared with 1938.

It was noted that the increase shown under Pay and Allowances—all branches amounted to $1,169,690. The increase of $451,910 in the cost of Staff Passages was due to the fall in exchange and the uneven incidence of long leave requirements. The increases shown under Uniform and Equipment ($125,000), Locomotion ($75,000), Fuel ($77,000), Light ($44,200), Water ($11,100), Maintenance and Repairs ($20,500) and Musketry Course ($20,000) were due to the higher cost of commodities and public utilities services, the requirements under these headings being normal.

Under Personnel full details of the working strengths of all branches were submitted by the Commissioner of Police with comments thereon by the Treasurer and Controller.

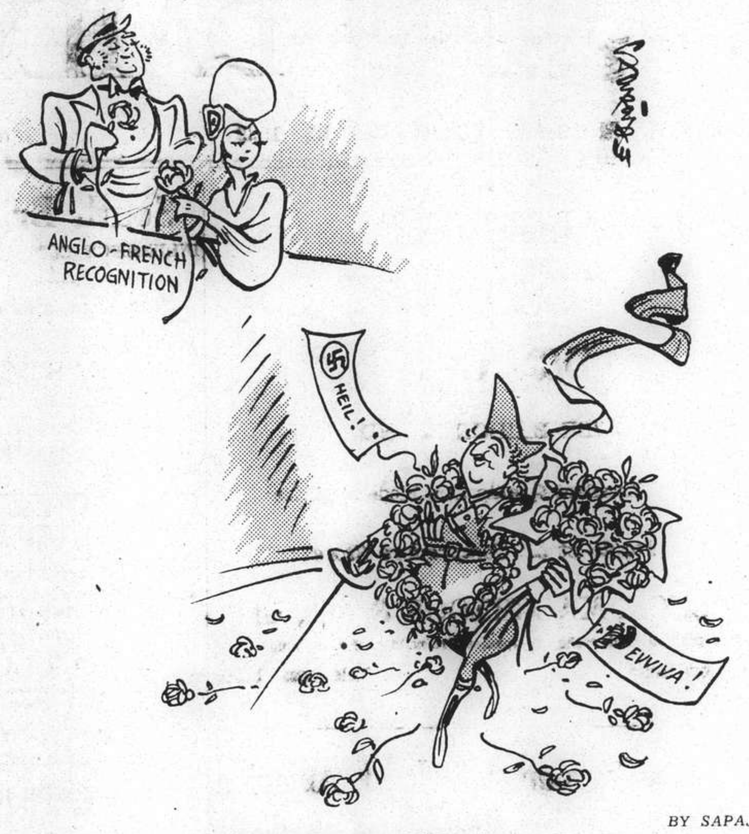
It was noted that of the total increase of $325,640 shown in the amended Jail estimates, $141,620 related to Pay and Allowances; $101,880 to Expenses of Prisoners; $47,300 to Passages, and the balance of $34,840 was distributed over other headings of expenditure.

Special Police

The estimates for the Special Police totalled $36,590 or an increase of $8,290 over the budget figure for 1938. It was noted that increases of $4,000 and $1,500 respectively in the appropriations for Uniform and Equipment, and Musketry Course were due to the higher cost of material and ammunition.

The amended estimates under Stock and Stores stood at $480,000 for issues and $478,930 for purchases, representing a decrease of $155,000 in issues and an increase of $175,230 in purchases, as compared with the budget appropriation for 1938.

Subject to the above observations and to any necessary adjustments by the Treasurer and Controller, in collaboration with the Commissioner of Police, the Annual Estimates for the Police Froce were thereupon approved for submission to the Finance Committee.



The Victorious Toreador

Lesson Sermon

First Church of Christ, Scientist.

SOUL :—Is the subject of the Lesson Sermon read in all Churches of Christ Scientist, Throughout the world on Sunday, February 12. Golden Text :— Isaiah 25:9. "Lo, this is our God; we have waited for him, and he will save us: this is the Lord."

Among the citations which comprise the Lesson Sermon is the following from The Bible :— "O God, thou art my God; early will I seek thee: my soul thirsteth for thee, my flesh longeth for thee in a dry and thirsty land, where no water is; My soul followeth hard after thee: thy right hand upholdeth me." (Psalms 63:1,8.)

The Lesson Sermon also includes the following passage from the Christian Science textbook, "Science and Health with Key to the Scriptures," by Mary Baker Eddy :— "Life is the law of Soul, even the law of the spirit of Truth, and Soul is never without its representative. Man's individual being can no more die nor disappear in unconsciousness than can Soul, for both are immortal."

Mrs. Roosevelt Backs Spain Republic

U.S. "First Lady" Justifies Acceptance of Gift

Washington, Feb. 11.

Some stir has been caused by an article written in defence of the Spanish Republican Government by the President's wife, Mrs. Eleanor Roosevelt, and appearing in her daily newspaper column.

Revealing that she had just accepted from the Spanish Ambassador to the United States a gift of Goya prints, Mrs. Roosevelt rejects the objections of correspondents, who state that she should not accept the gift. She adds that she accepts the gift with "deep appreciation and gratitude."

"What I know about the Loyalist Government," Mrs. Roosevelt goes on to state, "makes me feel that we in this country would call it a democratic Government. "Though it may have shown antagonism towards religion at one time," Mrs. Roosevelt adds, "this seems to have changed."—Reuter.

Pres. Roosevelt Getting Over Indisposition

Washington, Feb. 11.

President Roosevelt is recovering quickly from an attack of *grippe*, the White House announced today.

Mr. Roosevelt will be confined to his bed for several days to prevent the possibility of a relapse, but it was believed his illness would not prevent him from leaving for Florida on Thursday to embark on the cruiser Houston for a fortnight's cruise in the Caribbean to view the joint naval manœuvres.—United Press.

Seventy Years Ago

FROM THE "NORTH-CHINA DAILY NEWS" OF FEBRUARY 13, 1869

One of the natural disadvantages of a small place is a tendency to small quarrels. What the reason for this may be, it is difficult exactly to determine; but all who have had any experience of comparatively little communities will be willing to admit that this is the fact. The more intimate intercourse which springs up in a place whose numbers are limited has, no doubt, much to do with it. People of different ways of thought, and of different tastes, become thrown together; and it would be strange if some clashing of feeling and opinion did not at times arise.

THE Peiping-Hankow Railway services have again been interrupted following the destruction of over 500 metres of railway track near Chichen, in Honan, by Chinese mobile units on February 5, says a Chinese message to the "Shun Pao." Working during the night, the Chinese also cut and removed wire and over 100 telegraph posts, the report adds.

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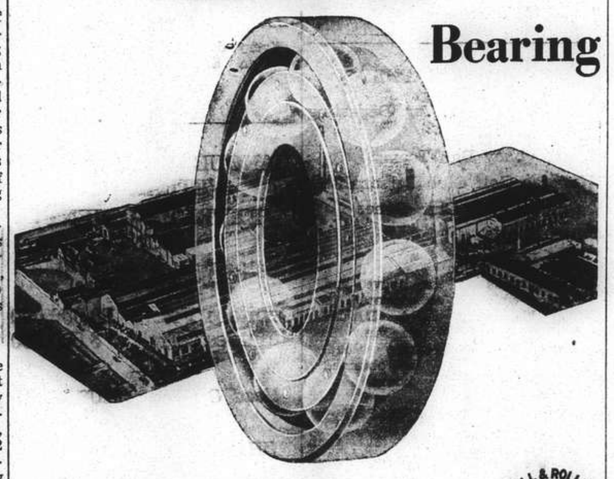

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WOMAN'S PAGE
A Mayfair Notebook

By Philine

London, Jan. 20.

The Easter house party at Windsor this year will be larger than usual. Relatives and friends of the King and Queen welcome such an opportunity as the Easter holiday provides of getting together before Their Majesties start for Canada. The young Princesses, of course, may not enjoy this family gathering as well as most. Soon they will be parted from their beloved parents. The thought cannot be too pleasant and Princess Elizabeth has not quite got over her disappointment at being left at home.

Princess Elizabeth wanted to go to Canada and to meet all those little girls and boys whom she has heard longed to meet her as much as she longed to meet them. But this time her wish cannot be fulfilled. During the King's and Queen's absence, her home life will go on as usual. She and her sister will stay at the Palace and spend week-ends at Windsor.

* * *

The King at Leisure

It is probably during the week-ends, when the King and Queen are absent from England, that the Princesses will miss their father most keenly. Busy as he is, the King manages to find a good deal of time to spend with his daughters, especially on Saturdays and Sundays.

Much of summer week-ends at Royal Lodge is passed on the tennis court where the King gives his children lessons in the game, or he will watch them swimming in the new garden pool he had built for them. On Sunday afternoons he likes to hear Princess Elizabeth and Princess Margaret play the piano and sing. Sometimes they learn a new piece of music and keep it as a great secret until Sunday "concert time."

* * *

Court Curtseys Fashions

Once again an army of young women are going in for training, a training for the Buckingham Palace Court nights. By a certain date in March they must so have perfected their curtseys and improved their deportment as to feel perfectly at ease when the great moment is upon them and they file into the Palace Throne Room.

Today, numbers of 1939 débutantes are under the watchful eye of Miss Vacani, who teaches them, first, to walk gracefully and then to curtsey. In Miss Vacani's school in Knightsbridge, pupils practise before mirrors, each carrying an artificial bouquet or a feather fan, until the right degree of balance is achieved.

Meanwhile, the dressmakers are busy with the Queen's Canadian wardrobe, with fashions for Court, afternoon and morning wear. Skirts for the evening are full and long; ten yards around the hem is not an exaggeration. But, it seems, the crinoline is not going to the Palace this season and again we hear rumours of the crinoline's successor in figure moulding frocks which spread to greater width round the ankles.

Fashion still says: short skirts for the daytime. Bright colours are also on the scene, where the accent is on blue and on striped materials. Evening dresses may not be so fully skirted, but sleeveless, backless and strapless models will be in vogue for some time to come.

* * *

New Importance of Needlework

We are apt to think of embroidery work as merely a pleasant occupation for women in their leisure hours. But, nowadays, we may consider embroidery more seriously as a possible career. For the girl who is prepared to take a thorough training and to become an expert in various branches of needlework, there is certainly a career open.

The revival of embroidery, rug-making, tapestry and sampler work as popular hobbies for women, has led to a demand for teachers and demonstrators in stores, schools and women's institutes in Britain and America as well as in the Dominions.

At the Royal School of Needlework a growing number of girls take a full course for teachers and go deeply into such subjects as needlework treated historically, heraldry, the making-up of ecclesiastical work, the drafting of designs, plain and lingerie sewing, transfer and repair of old embroideries. The diplomas the girls may gain after their three years' course are signed by the Queen, president of the school.

* * *

Characters in Ballet

One of the more important of the Season's entertainments is to be held on March 21, in aid of the Lilian Baylis Memorial, when guests will come masked and dressed as famous characters of ballet. Committee women are searching for novel ideas which will make this ball a really interesting occasion.

The leaflet designed by Cecil Beaton to advertise the ball sets the first note in novelty. It shows a bouffant ballet skirt and a pair of legs executing a spirited arabesque. Another idea is to have the tables round the dance floor dressed to represent various ballets. The costumes for the guests would then be designed by wellknown artists. One of the tables is in fact already booked by a popular London hostess and her friends who will represent dancers in "The Good-Humoured Ladies."

* * *

Hat News

There is a refreshing tendency towards height in many of the new hats. Some of the new "sailors" are high-crowned and straw toques have pleated silk coxcombs which give high effects. In Paris, "sailors" are the vogue of the moment. They are not always made of straw. One I saw recently was fashioned entirely of black veiling, with a black veil falling over the back of crown and brim and tying under the chin with a big bow. In this and in other early spring models we see the work of milliners in an obviously frivolous mood.

Indeed, at the moment, hats are perhaps more amusing than practical. All shapes appear to perch forward towards one side of the brow, except brimless bonnet styles. They are of all sizes, an astonishing variety of fabrics and trimmed rakishly. The tilting brim may hold a large bunch of flowers or trailing feathers, or the brim may be encircled by georgette, or some other flimsy material which hangs in long ends to the shoulders. Hats are often made from the same material as the dress. The most attractive of these are swathed turban styles.

"Pioneer Woman"

The "Forty-Niners" in their sturdy cottons are glorified by today's couturiers. Red and white silk taffeta gingham is used for this quaint dinner dress.

"Van Dyke Lady"

Inspired by a seventeenth century portrait, this handsome gown with its balloon-sleeved peplum jacket, is made of rust-coloured moiré.

Colour and Beauty in Evening Gowns

Rich Fabrics and Romantic Styles

Epithets which sound flowery and possibly a trifle exaggerated have been applied to the season's evening fashions, and they have been variously described as "breath-taking," "romantic," and "glamorous," and there is no doubt that there is much about them to which only unusual language can do justice. Portraits of the last two centuries—a period when formal dress showed women at their best and most worthy of picture-making—have inspired many of the present-day designers. It was a period when the art of feminine adornment was at its height, and now, as then, rich materials, sumptuous jewellery, and dramatic colours have been called on to express the trend of fashion.

From the pictures of Winterhalter, Toulouse Lautrec, and Dana Gibson has been evolved the present-day gown for gala occasions. It has a fitted bodice, small waistline, and wide skirt, with flowing graceful lines and a picturesque "old-world" look which is infinitely becoming to women of all ages. The bodice may have short puffed sleeves with an off-the-shoulder décolletage or (somewhat easier to wear) a squared neckline, cut very low at the back, with broad shoulder straps of sequins or diamanté.

Other bodices are cut and boned to form a heart-shaped line over the bust, where they fit closely and are to be worn without shoulder straps. The wide skirts take yards of material, and the width is exaggerated by the use of stiff fabrics, petticoats of frilled taffetas, or crisp organdie, or even loops of flexible whalebone.

Silver and Gold

The materials used for these rich-looking gowns are carefully chosen. There has been a return to favour of the stiffly woven fabrics of the eighteenth and nineteenth centuries. Gros grain and faille, in plain colours, are shot with gold and copper threads, which give them a particularly rich appearance. Moiré is also effective, the newest kind having a very deeply marked watered effect. It is good in plain shades shot with metal, or with a contrasting colour. Perhaps the most effective of all is metal moiré, which gives the effect of a sheet of silver, gold, or copper.

Lustrous satins have taffetas backs, which give them a brilliant, shiny surface, and velvets backed with taffetas can be effectively used for the new styles—they are deep and rich in colour and texture and yet have the little extra stiffness which the styles demand.

Taffetas, satin, and moiré may be printed in large sprawling designs of leaves and flowers in soft muted colours, but more closely associated with the eighteenth century fabrics are stripes of all widths. All the lovely combinations of colour made famous by the Italian comedies are to be seen in these designs, as well as those which to an eighteenth-century designer would possibly appear inharmonious. Sugar-pink goes with brown, clear blues with wine, and cherry with apple-green, to make dashing little dresses which need practically no trimming.

Lace and net starched and stiffened, or woven with fine metal threads make lovely picture frocks for young girls. They are hooped and frilled and often trimmed with little bouquets of flowers or knots of ribbon, recalling the romantic days when "favours" were asked and given.

Fascinating Accessories

With picture frocks go picturesque accessories and trimmings. Rows of coloured or striped gros grain, moiré, or velvet ribbons trim wide skirts and edge little jackets and flared basques. Bows and loops of ribbon outline "off-the-shoulder" décolletages, and narrow velvet ribbons are tied round neck and wrists. Little stiff bows of velvet and tiny curled ostrich feathers give additional height to a coiffure of high-piled curls. Flowers, too, are used to accentuate the moulded bust or dropped shoulder line. A neat waist is further enhanced by a spray of roses thrust through the belt in seemingly careless fashion. Tiny Victorian posies of daisies and forget-me-nots trim the flounces of widely flaring skirts, and are worn in high piled-up curls.

The natural, and indeed the only, fitting accompaniment to all this picturesque charm is the little evening cape in velvet or faille, equally attractive and useful in black as in all rich jewel shades. Many are edged with narrow fur and have fur-edged hoods to be drawn lightly over the head.

Keeping Fit in Winter

Fattening Foods

Many people are proverbially subject to such diseases as rheumatism, bronchitis, and pneumonia during the winter months; while this tendency certainly exists, much can be done in the way of intelligent eating and habits to avoid these dangers.

In the first place, winter throws a bigger strain on the heat-regulating mechanism of the body. The body maintains its normal temperature partly by exercise and partly by the burning of calories or fuel contained in food. Therefore, it is necessary to eat food of higher fuel value; in other words, more "fattening" food. It is necessary to prevent the loss of body heat by suitable clothing and room temperature and by exercising the muscles of the body. In winter, food of a more fattening nature can be eaten without danger of becoming too fat. Nature arranges for this by increasing the appetite in winter.

Fattening foods are fats, starches, and sugars. Of these, the sugars are quicker in action, but do not last as long, whole the fats are a slow combustion fuel. In winter, the average person should eat more butter, bacon, cream, fat meats, and similar food to build up a reserve against the cold. They should also take sweet, hot drinks when cold or when about to be exposed to cold.

The best protection against a cold journey is a hot cocoa or chocolate drink with plenty of sugar.

Alcohol has a great reputation as protection against the cold, but this is largely undeserved. It is quite wrong to take alcohol before exposure to the cold. The effect is to drive blood to the skin, giving a false feeling of warmth, but greatly increasing the total heat loss. This is why drunken men so easily die as a result of exposure to cold. Alcohol in this respect interferes with the normal mechanism by which the skin becomes pale and bloodless.

B. W. A.

Monday, Feb. 13.—Badminton. Needlecraft Section at 9 Daybrook Estate, 70 Tunsin Road 10 a.m.
Tuesday, Feb. 14.—Hospital Aid Department 9 to noon.
Wednesday, Feb. 15.—Badminton. Executive Committee Meeting 9.45 a.m. Joint Committee Meeting 4.15 p.m.
Friday, Feb. 17.—Badminton.

Members are reminded of the bridge and mahjongg tea on March 2. The Executive Committee run these teas to give members a chance to meet and to entertain their friends, and hope that everyone will give their support.

The Social Service Board are holding a jumble sale early in March, and would be glad if members and their friends would send in jumble, or if necessary advise the Secretary, and it will be collected. Anything and everything that you can spare will be welcome.

The Annual General Meeting will take place on March 9, at 5.15 p.m. Nominations for candidates for the Executive Committee should be in before March 1. Please give the matter your careful attention.

Picture Frames

Discarded wooden picture frames, if of suitable size, may easily be made into useful trays. If the glass is broken and the backing is shabby, all the splinters of glass must first be carefully removed and a new backing of plywood fitted. Tray handles may be screwed into each end of the frame if the wood is thick enough to take the screws without splitting. If both glass and backing are in good condition a suitable piece of lace or embroidered linen may be stretched firmly in place under the glass to make an ornamental tray.

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Shoulder-Straps

Longer Life

There are women who are "hard on shoulder-straps," just as others are hard on shoes or stockings. If a few precautions are borne in mind, however, the number of times when the strap breaks from its moorings as the wearer bends or reaches upward, can be reduced appreciably.

Sometimes a vest is pulled down too tightly beneath the girdle or corset, causing a constant pull between waist and shoulder which the strongest strap is unable to withstand for long. Care should be taken to ease the vest about a quarter of an inch above the top of the girdle or corset. With vests, even woollen ones, as fine as they are today, this easing causes neither bulge nor the slightest sense of bulkiness. Garments designed on the bias and tapering to two points at the top to meet the shoulder ribbon give the shoulder-strap longer life than the straight top, as the pull is more evenly distributed. This is a point worth remembering in buying or making lingerie.

When, in spite of precautions, a shoulder-strap tears away, it is next to useless merely to sew it on again, as the place from which it has been torn is stretched and weakened. Instead, a small square or round of silk should be darned on to the garment and the shoulder-strap sewn on to this. An alternative plan is to replace the straps by narrow elastic.

The Fragments that Remain

When through wear and tear large sheets have to be reduced to small sheets, small sheets made into pillow-cases, and pillow-cases torn up for bandages, there are sure to be some much worn pieces of indeterminate shape left over. These can be torn into handy sizes and kept in a drawer or bag near the fireplace. Now that winter colds are here children can use them at home to save their handkerchiefs. The used pieces are dropped straight on the fire, so that the infection is destroyed at once instead of remaining in pockets and in the linen-basket until washing day.

A Thousand Marriages

Successful French Club

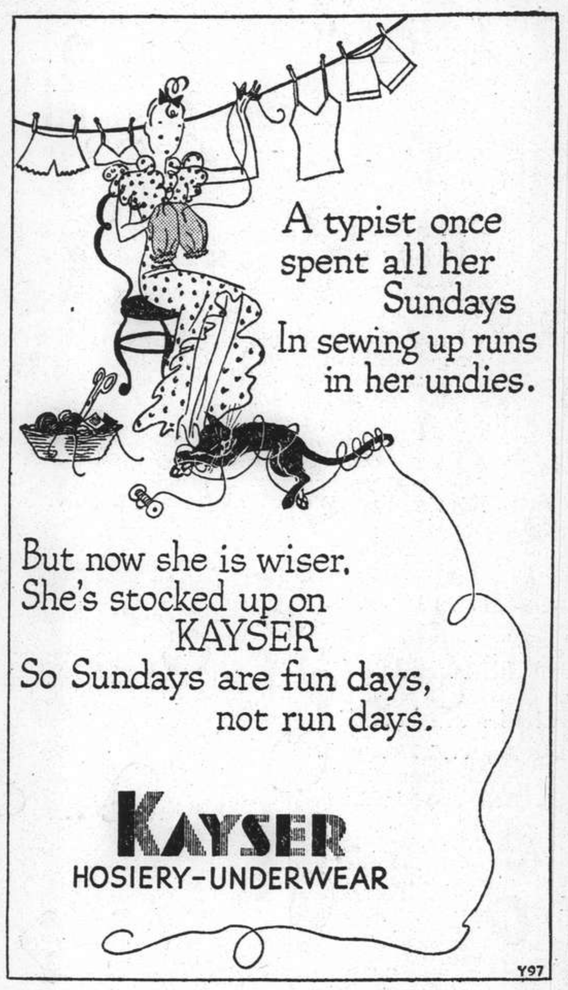
France's great marriage club, the Green Border, claims to have made more than a thousand marriages since it was founded in 1922. The aim and object of this club is to get as many young couples as possible married every year.

The annual subscription is quite a modest one, and qualification for membership is the desire for a wife or husband.

New members of this club are requested to fill in a form giving details, physical and financial, and on acceptance they are given a number, for until the engagement of a couple is officially made known no names are revealed.

People who are likely to suit each other are introduced at the monthly meeting or dance of the members, and when any two young persons decide that they would like to become further acquainted they set about it according to the rules—not heading for the "talkies" or arranging a private picnic, but by going to the president of the society and studying each other's official record.

The club doctor then examines them, their civil records are studied, and compared, and after that they are at liberty to get along with the matter in the more usual way.



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THE SPORTS PAGE

Ireland Overcomes England With Great Rally

Irish Forwards Play Splendidly in Gaining Five-Nil Victory; 60,000 Spectators

SPECIAL TO THE "N.C.D.N."

Twickenham, Feb. 11.

MAKING a magnificent rally in the second half after having the worst of the exchanges in the opening session, Ireland defeated England by five points to nothing (a converted try) in an International rugger match today. The weather was sunny and there were 60,000 people present. The Irish owed their victory to their forwards, who played a great game throughout, showing marked superiority over the English at times. Besides getting the ball with greater frequency in the scrummages, the Irish forwards played a most effective defensive game, their keen tackling foiling attacks by the English.

Following a scoreless first half, the only try of the match was scored nine minutes after the resumption. It was a crowning triumph for the Irish forwards and rewarded a quick follow-up of the ball after a kick ahead.

Although the English back managed to fall on the ball, the Irish forwards were on him so quickly that they kicked it from under him over the line and Irwin, the Irish hooker, touched down.

England had the better of the first half, but the Irishmen proved to be magnificent defenders. During one hectic attack near their line, the Referee was tackled and grounded.

Irish Forwards Grand

The Irish forwards were grand, holding their own most capably. They were splendid not only in the loose and lineouts, but also in the scrums.

After a hot attack by the Irish had been repulsed, England pressed heavily and Carr was floored only inches from the line by Murphy, when it seemed that he would score.

From the ensuing lineout, Teden dropped over for a touchdown, but the try was not allowed.

A fine example of the keenness of the Irish tackling came shortly after when Marshall, Cooke, Guest and Walker, the English threes, one and all handled the ball without making a gain of more than a yard.

England's Close Escapes

The English defence then experienced a couple of close escapes. On one occasion, from a lineout, O'Loughlin nearly went over and was stopped only in the nick of time.

Then another promising effort by the Irish was halted by Freakes. The latter was knocked out in stopping a furious footrush, but resumed after a few minutes.

The first half ended as it began. with the score at 0-0.

Ireland definitely had the upper hand in the second half but on one occasion was penalized for a scrum infringement and Heaton almost scored with the goal kick.

The Irish tackling was great, relentlessly foiling all England's attempts at a breakaway.

In the ninth minute, Sayers, one of the Irish pack, following up a punt, fly-kicked ahead, and though Freakes, the English back, dropped on the ball, it was kicked from under him over the line.

Beautiful Kick

Irwin, the Irish hooker, who had been playing an outstanding game throughout, touched down for a try which McKibbin, the Irish three-quarter, converted with a beautiful kick.

The Irish forwards constantly harried the English defenders with terrier-like tactics.

England rarely crossed the half-way mark.

Guest and Watkins in combination, once caused some trouble, but Ireland remained on top to score a well-deserved victory.—Reuter.

England Rugger Fifteen

Members of the English team who met Wales in the Rugby Union International match at Twickenham recently. England conquered Wales by three-nil before 65,000 spectators although the Welshmen had been expected to win. Then on Saturday last, Ireland caused a surprise by beating England by five-nil (a converted try), also at Twickenham. The next International will be between Scotland and Ireland on February 25. Three matches have been played thus far this season, Scotland subduing Wales in the second of the series.

German Hockey XI Beats Seaforths

Improved Eleven Gives Highlanders Decisive Defeat at Kiaochow

Scoring two goals in the first half, the German Hockey Club defeated the Seaforth Highlanders in a friendly game at Kiaochow Park yesterday afternoon by four goals to one. Play was of a scrappy order as only occasional flashes of brilliance were witnessed throughout the seventy minutes.

The Germans started the tussle with only ten men but they went into the lead in the 3rd minute when Guenter cut in from the left and carried the ball through to beat Goalkeeper Wilson with a hard drive. Both Cunningham and McFarlane were unable to stop the fleet-footed German winger.

In the 5th minute the Germans had a full team and they kept on pressing. The Seaforth half-line played a fine game during that stage. Many attempts by the German forwards were frustrated as a result of the clever tactics of the soldiers' defenders who time after time broke up the opponents' movements.

With Wetzell back in his customary position at centre-half, the German defence proved extremely strong The soldiers were up against a stone wall and had hardly any chance to get within the vicinity of Schoemann's goal.

Rodde Scores

Towards the middle of the half play was confined mostly to the centre of the field. The Germans were too fast as they overran the ball on many occasions. The Seaforths used a passing attack which was very difficult to execute, especially on a wet field on which ball control was almost impossible.

Neither goalkeeper was seriously tested. Near the end of the period Rodde drove a hot shot into the net following a corner hit. The ball sizzled through a forest of legs and gave the keeper no chance to save.

Upon the resumption the soldiers showed early promise and raided the Germans' territory very often. Davies and Gunn displayed fine co-ordination and fed the rest of the forwards well. Wetzell had to work the hardest to keep the attackers away. In the 7th minute, however, Gunn tore through. Having received a pass by Davies, he dribbled the ball upfield. Schoemann ran out of his charge, in an attempt to block the comer, but was outwitted. Gunn smartly tapped the ball into an open goal and reduced arrears to 2-1.

Determined to win as a result of a two-goal lead in the previous period, the Germans came out in full cry. Although play was scrappy, the Club players had the edge always. Wetzell rifled a very hard shot from a short corner, to beat Wilson and regained a two-goal margin at 3-1.

Germans Coast Through

The Seaforths were not to be daunted. They staged a rally in which the half-line pre-dominated by constantly coming upfield to give the forwards assistance. Two golden chances went begging as shots were missed. From a breakaway in the 22nd minute, the Germans tallied through Berg, who chased after a long forward pass and slammed the ball into the corner of the net out of Wilson's reach.

With the game already secured, the Germans were content to hold the advantage of 4-1 and coasted along to victory.

The teams were as follows:—

GERMAN:—Schoemann, Von Aster, Schroeder, Von Essen, Wetzell, Melchers, Guenter, Berg, Rodde, Jessen, Soenksen.

SEAFORTHS:—Wilson, McFarlane, McRae, Cunningham, Aberdeen, Lloyd, Richardson, Davies, Baker, Gunn, Morrison.

Tokyo Giants Shut Out Calamba Sugar Team

Baseball Game's Only Run Scored in 9th Innings

Manila, Feb. 11.

In a thrill-packed game played before a large crowd at Rizal Memorial Stadium this afternoon, the touring Tokyo Giants, crack Japanese professional baseball team, came through in a garrison finish in the ninth innings to score one run for a 1-0 triumph over the Calamba Sugar Estate team.

The Giants were extremely lucky to win, being held to only four hits —two in the ninth innings, and committing the only error of the game. The Calambas collected six hits off the deliveries of Starffin.

Speed Navarro, star chucker in the Manila Bay League champions, tired in the ninth innings to yield a hit, a sacrifice and another hit to give the Japanese the only run of the contest.

Batteries were Starffin and Yoshiwara for the Giants and Navarro and Ramos for the Calambas.

The same two teams will clash again tomorrow, in what will be the final appearance of the Giants in this city.

The Giants and the Seattle basketball team will be guests of honour at a luncheon tomorrow given by local League officials.

Both teams leave on Monday.—United Press.

Clean Sweep Made by Huskies in Manila

Washington Experts Now Bound for Shanghai

Manila, Feb. 11.

The Seattle A.A.U. touring basketball team, comprising former members of the University of Washington cage squad, made a completely clean sweep over the best in Manila here tonight.

In their final game here, they defeated the Manila All Star University team by a score of 55-35.

The Seattle team set the scoring pace in every quarter, piling up a 17-8 margin in the first, 13-7 in the second. 11-11 in the third and 14-9 in the fourth.

The team will leave Manila early this week for Shanghai, where they are scheduled to play one game.—United Press.

RUGBY UNION RESULTS

SPECIAL TO THE "N.C.D.N."

London, Feb. 11.

Following are results of Rugby Union matches played today:—

Crosskeys 8, Pontypool 8
Headingley 17, Bradford 15
Penarth 6, Aberavon 6
Swansea 5, Neath 4
Edinburgh University 3, Watsonians 6
Heriotonians 14, Glasgowacas 8
Bedford 3, Bath 0
Birkenhead 21, Halifa 3
Bridgend 16, London Welsh 0
Cardiff 13, Gloucester 5
Coventry 7, St. Mary's Hospital 13
Leicester 9, Newport 23
Llanelly 8, Northampton 3
Manchester 11, Liverpool 6
Oxford University 8, Bristol 10
Plymous Albion 3, Weston-super-Mare 7
Rosslyn Park 6, Cambridge Univ. 5
St. Bart's Hospital 0, Moseley 9
U. Services 6, Devonport Services 5
Waterloo 3, Sale 3
Woodford 17, Aldershot Services 0
—Reuter.

RUGBY LEAGUE RESULTS

SPECIAL TO THE "N.C.D.N."

London, Feb. 11.

Following are results of matches in the Rugby League played today:—

Bramley 5, Huddersfield 5
Broughton Rangers 13, York 21
Castleford 27, Batley 9
Dewsbury 2, St. Helen's Recs 6
Halifa 22, Hull Kingston R. 2
Hull 14, Wakefield Trinity 0
Hunslet 23, Bradford N. 6
Keighley 6, Featherstone R. 8
Leigh 10, Warrington 24
Oldham 0, Salford 3
St. Helen's 17, Barrow 2
Swinton 25, Rochdale 14
Widnes 13, Leeds 3
Wigan 28, Liverpool Stanley 6.—Reuter.

Home Soccer Tables

English League

FIRST DIVISION

	P.	W.	D.	L.	F.	A.	Pts.
Everton	27	18	2	7	55	28	38
Derby	29	16	6	7	5[illegible]	35	38
Charlton	28	15	4	9	50	36	34
Wolverhampton	27	13	8	6	48	21	34
Stoke	28	12	7	9	49	47	31
Middlesborough	28	12	6	10	58	46	30
Liverpool	27	11	8	8	45	42	30
Arsenal	27	10	9	8	32	24	29
Aston Villa	27	11	5	11	46	41	27
Leeds	27	10	7	10	43	47	27
Grimsby	27	10	7	10	39	46	27
Bolton	26	9	9	8	46	38	27
Manchester	28	8	10	10	39	43	26
Sunderland	26	9	7	10	33	39	25
Preston	25	9	6	10	36	43	24
Brentford	27	8	6	13	38	57	22
Leicester	28	7	8	13	34	54	22
Blackpool	26	7	8	11	32	45	22
Chelsea	26	8	5	13	46	57	21
Huddersfield	27	8	5	14	37	42	21
Portsmouth	26	6	9	11	24	44	21
Birmingham	24	7	4	13	44	58	18

SECOND DIVISION

Blackburn	28	17	3	8	65	37	37
Sheffield U.	28	13	10	5	46	29	36
Coventry	27	15	5	7	48	29	35
West Brom.	28	14	5	9	68	53	33
Burnley	30	13	7	10	39	38	33
Luton T.	28	14	4	10	53	45	32
Newcastle	27	13	6	8	45	32	32
Fulham	26	12	7	7	44	33	31
Sheffield W.	26	12	6	8	62	45	30
Tottenham	27	11	8	8	44	39	30
Manchester	26	13	3	10	68	54	29
Chesterfield	27	11	7	9	44	39	29
Bradford	28	9	10	9	47	55	28
West Ham.	26	10	7	9	47	36	27
Millwall	27	9	8	10	45	41	26
Southampton	28	9	6	13	39	52	24
Bury	29	8	8	13	45	53	24
Plymouth	27	9	5	13	35	40	23
Swansea	25	4	10	11	28	51	18
Notts F.	27	5	7	15	33	64	17
Norwich	26	7	1	18	30	64	15
Tranmere	29	3	5	21	31	76	11

THIRD DIVISION (SOUTHERN)

Newport	28	18	5	5	44	21	41
Brighton	28	14	5	9	48	35	33
Crystal Palace	26	13	7	6	48	37	33
Reading	28	11	10	7	46	35	32
Cardiff	28	12	7	9	41	33	31
Queen's P.R.	27	11	8	8	56	36	30
Aldershot	27	11	8	8	33	29	30
Northampton	28	12	5	11	41	41	29
Bristol City	28	11	7	10	73	43	29
Watford	27	11	6	10	42	37	28
Notts C.	25	11	5	9	37	30	27
Southend	26	10	7	9	50	44	27
Swindon	27	10	6	11	42	46	26
Ipswich	26	8	8	10	23	34	24
Torquay	25	9	5	11	40	33	23
Mansfield	27	8	7	12	30	47	23
Exeter	27	7	9	11	42	66	23
Port Vale	26	8	6	12	33	34	22
Clapton Orient	26	7	7	12	32	37	21
Bournemouth	26	7	7	12	30	43	21
Bristol Rovers	27	6	8	13	32	35	20
Walsall	25	5	5	15	25	40	15

THIRD DIVISION (NORTHERN)

Barnsley	28	20	4	4	68	26	44
Doncaster	26	13	9	4	48	30	35
Oldham	29	16	2	11	54	45	34
Crewe A.	28	16	1	11	69	45	33
Stockport	27	13	7	7	55	31	[illegible]
Southport	25	13	7	5	54	26	33
Bradford City	27	14	3	10	56	38	31
Hull City	27	13	5	9	64	50	31
New Brighton	29	12	5	12	48	49	29
Chester	25	11	6	8	58	48	28
Rochdale	28	11	5	12	63	51	27
Rotherham	29	11	5	14	48	50	27
Barrow	29	11	4	14	44	51	26
Wrexham	29	11	4	14	44	64	26
Lincoln City	28	9	8	11	51	62	26
Darlington	28	9	6	13	48	66	24
Carlisle	27	9	5	13	42	67	23
Gateshead	27	8	7	12	48	51	23
Hartlepools	28	8	4	16	42	67	20
York	27	7	6	14	40	51	20
Accrington S.	28	3	4	22	21	74	8

Scottish League

FIRST DIVISION

Rangers	29	21	5	3	96	46	47
Hearts	29	16	4	9	77	51	36
Celtic	28	14	7	7	80	42	35
Aberdeen	29	15	5	9	73	48	35
Falkirk	29	14	5	10	58	52	33
Hamilton A.	29	14	5	10	53	52	33
G. o'South	29	13	6	10	50	49	32
Kilmarnock	28	12	7	9	54	59	31
Motherwell	29	13	5	11	67	62	31
St. Johnstone	30	13	4	13	64	72	30
Hibernian	29	12	4	13	60	55	28
Partick	28	12	4	12	50	61	28
Clyde	28	13	2	13	59	57	23
Third Lanark	28	9	7	12	64	72	25
Ayr	29	8	8	13	54	65	24
St. Mirren	29	8	6	15	43	59	22
Queen's Park	28	8	5	15	42	61	21
Arbroath	30	7	7	16	41	66	21
Raith Rovers	29	6	2	19	54	79	18
Albion	29	7	4	18	46	77	18

Amazing Swimming Time Recorded

Austin, Texas, Feb. 12.

A. Kiefer of the United States today broke the world record for the 100 yards free style swim by covering the distance in 48.8 seconds. The former record was held by Johnny Weissmuller with a time of 51 seconds.

At the same swimming meet, Jane Dillar broke the world record for women for the 100 yards breast-stroke, by covering the distance in 1 minute 16.5 seconds as against the former record of 1 minute 18.5 seconds.—Havas.

Sumo Champion Tossed By Cupid

Tokyo, Feb. 11.

Shy, ponderous Futabayama, Japan's foremost Sumo wrestler, finally confessed today that he had lost a decision to the little man with the bow and arrows.

The pretty damsel who won the heart of the champion wrestler is Miss Sumiko Koshiba, aged 22, of Osaka. She was said to have been his fiancée for some time but the beefy and bashful man mountain of the ring would not talk until today.

The wedding will be held in April, the blushing Futabayama told his associates in the Wrestling Association.

The bride-to-be is a member of a prominent family and a six-figure heiress.—Domei.

Manila Interporters Beat H.M.S. Medway

Fast Football Encounter Won by 3-1

Manila, Feb. 11.

The Manila interport team, which leaves tomorrow aboard the ss. Lanao on the first football invasion of Hongkong in the history of the sport, indulged in a final tune up tonight which saw them inflict a 3-1 defeat on a team representing H.M.S. Medway.

The game, which was played under lights in the Rizal Memorial Stadium, was played at an exceptionally fast pace, with Ugarte and Boisseree leading the Manila eleven in fast raids which time and again caught the tars, who were somewhat handicapped by playing under strange conditions, flat-footed.—United Press.

World Ice Hockey Title Playoffs Start

Zurich, Switzerland, Feb. 10.

The final playoff for the world amateur ice hockey championship start tomorrow with the Canadian team meeting the United States and the Swiss team playing Czechoslovakia, it was announced today. Each team will play the others three times and the winner of the most games will win the title.—United Press.

Mickey Walker's Wife Sues for Divorce

New York, Feb. 10.

Mickey Walker, one of the gamest fighters ever to lace a pair of gloves and former world welterweight and middleweight champion, was accused of infidelity today in an uncontested divorce suit filed by his wife, Mrs. Clara Frances Walker.—United Press.

Light Blues Win At Ice Hockey

London, Feb. 11.

In the 24th inter-varsity ice hockey match played today, Cambridge beat Oxford by two goals to nothing.—Reuter.

Local Soccer Standings

First Division

	Played	Won	Drawn	Lost	Pts.
Seaforths	7	6	1	0	13
Tung Hwa	9	6	0	3	12
S.M.P.	7	4	0	3	8
S.R.C.	8	4	0	4	8
A.S.F.	7	3	2	2	6
S.F.X.	7	3	0	4	6
East Surreys	6	2	1	3	5
Lusitano	6	2	0	4	4
Aurora	7	0	0	7	0

SECOND DIVISION

British Navy	7	6	1	0	13
P.T.H.	7	5	2	0	12
Russian Regs.	8	5	1	2	11
J.R.C.	8	4	0	4	8
French Forces	5	3	1	1	7
Sokol	7	3	0	4	6
Ching Wha	5	2	0	3	4
Abtielung	7	2	0	5	4
Area Details	7	1	1	5	3
J.A.C.	8	1	0	7	2

RESERVE DIVISION

Seaforths	8	6	1	1	13
Tung Hwa	6	6	0	0	12
S.M.P.	7	5	1	1	11
East Surreys	7	5	0	2	10
S.R.C.	9	4	0	5	8
Aurora	7	2	0	5	4
A.S.F.	8	2	0	6	4
S.F.X.	5	1	0	4	2
Lusitano	8	1	0	7	2

Police Team to Meet Cardiff in Friendly

To meet H.M.S. Cardiff in a friendly football match tomorrow at the Race Course, R.G. 2, the Police have selected the following team: W. Ward; E. Victal, A. Turner; W. Westwood, T. Crook, J. Gibson (capt.); F. Woodley, F. W. Bader, J. Shute, S. Greenberg and R. Wilkinson. Reserves.—P. Duffy, N. Douglas, C. J. Clark. The match is to begin at 3 p.m.

Paris Beats London At Tennis

Notable Wins by Borotra Over Olliff, Sharpe

SPECIAL TO THE "N.C.D.N."

Dulwich, Feb. 11.

Paris beat London by ten matches to nine in the annual inter-city tennis match, concluded here today.

Jean Borotra, the veteran French tennis star, scored two notable victories, beating Olliff by 6-3, 7-5 and Nigel Sharpe by 6-2, 6-3.

Olliff beat Pierre Pelizza 6-3, 6-3.

In the doubles, Pierre Pelizza and Weiss beat Nicoll and Shahffi 8-0, 8-10, 6-1, 6-1, 6-1.—Reuter.

CAPITOL
NOW! 2.30, 5.30, 9.15

Samuel Goldwyn presents GARY COOPER in The Adventures of Marco Polo with BASIL RATHBONE • SIGRID GURIE introducing
PRICES: 33 cts., 55 cts., 75 cts., $1.10

NOTICE

The Managements of the undermentioned theatres in association take pleasure in announcing that arrangements have been made whereby a highly selected group of pictures from the majority of the major producers will be shown in rotation in each of their four theatres.

As from February 19, 1939, there will be three regular changes a week at each house; on Sundays, Wednesdays, and Fridays. It is felt that in this way each theatre will become a neighbourhood house, enabling patrons to see all outstanding pictures without journeying across the city.

CAPITOL THEATRE — PARIS THEATRE
GOLDEN GATE THEATRE — RIALTO THEATRE

LAFAYETTE CINEMA
323 R. Lafayette Phone 81200
To-day at 3, 5, 7 and 9 p.m.
JANE WITHERS
STUART ERWIN in
"CHECKERS"

NEGA VODKA
A. N. LAZARIDY
FAMOUS SINCE 1905

GRAND TELEPHONE 32223
NOW PLAYING! at 2.30, 5.30 and 9 p.m.
JANE'S UP TO HER GRIN IN TROUBLE AGAIN!

It's a desert island... and they're shipwrecked and marooned.... and the smugglers are after them! Trouble! trouble! trouble! ...and Jane just loves it!
JANE WITHERS in ALWAYS IN TROUBLE
with JEAN ROGERS, ARTHUR TREACHER, ROBERT KELLARD, EDDIE COLLINS, ANDREW TOMBES, NANA BRYANT, JOAN WOODBURY
Directed by Joseph Santley
Associate Producer John Stone • Screen Play by Karen De Wolf and Robert Chapin • Original story by Albert Treynor and Jeff Moffitt
A 20th Century-Fox Picture

METROPOL TELEPHONE 93322
NOW PLAYING! at 2.30, 5.30 and 9 p.m.
THE NEW UNIVERSAL PRESENTS
A SPLATTERED TOMATO WAS THEIR CALLING CARD!
MISCHA AUER • MARY BOLAND • EDWARD EVERETT HORTON
"LITTLE TOUGH GUYS IN SOCIETY"

with HELEN PARRISH • JACKIE SEARL • FRANKIE THOMAS

Also STRANGER THAN FICTION, GOING PLACES, UNIVERSAL NEWSREEL
70 cts., $1.10, $1.60 — 80 cts., $1.10, $1.60 — 85 cts., $1.30, $1.60, $2.10

RIALTO
Now Playing at 2.30, 5.30 and 9 p.m.
Deanna DURBIN in "MAD ABOUT MUSIC" A New Universal Picture
33 cts., 55 cts., 85 cts. All Shows.

HAI-ALAI
TO-DAY at 7 p.m.

Events 1-8:	Events 9-16:
1. AZUMENDI	1. ANDRINUA
2. CHATO	2. URANGA
3. GERARDO	3. GURIDI
4. BILBAO II	4. RAMOS
5. FERNANDO	5. OSA
6. ENRIQUE	6. SALSAMENDI

RUSSIAN DINNER
for a change?
Dd's Night Club
TEDDY and FERRY GUZZA
(Entertainers de Luxe)
E. D. ONSCHIK, Violinist
815 Avenue Joffre — Telephone 71609

NANKING TELEPHONE 84133
NOW PLAYING! at 2.30, 5.30 and 9 p.m.

The finest picture that the grand sweethearts of "Test Pilot" ever made!
Roaring drama snatched from the hazardous lives of dare-devil newsreel cameramen on land, sea and air!
Clark GABLE Myrna LOY in "TOO HOT TO HANDLE"
with WALTER PIDGEON • WALTER CONNOLLY • LEO CARRILLO
Screen Play by Laurence Stallings and John Lee Mahin
Directed by JACK CONWAY
Produced by LAWRENCE WEINGARTEN
A Metro-Goldwyn-Mayer Picture
Downtown Booking at SAM LAZARO

CATHAY TELEPHONE 73757
NOW PLAYING! at 3, 5.30 and 9 p.m.
SHE MINDED EVERYBODY'S BUSINESS... but couldn't manage her own heart!

The NEW UNIVERSAL presents Constance BENNETT in Service de Luxe
with VINCENT PRICE ★ Charlie RUGGLES ★ Helen BRODERICK ★ Mischa AUER ★ Joy HODGES ★
A ROWLAND V. LEE Production
Screenplay by GERTRUDE PURCELL and LEONARD SPIGELGASS • Original story by Bruce Manning and Vera Caspary • Directed by Rowland V. Lee
Associate Producer Edmund Grainger

Saints Humbled As Lido Goes On to Skottowe Cup Final

Brilliant Work by Suen in Match Marked by Five Penalties; Two Players Given Marching Orders

NO less than five penalties, and two members of the Chinese team receiving marching orders from the referee! This sets a precedent in local first class football for the current season and is what happened in the meeting of the Saint Francis Xavier's eleven and the Lido side at the Canidrome yesterday morning in the semi-final round of the Skottowe Cup. The Chinese side ran out winners at the conclusion of the game by the score of 7-5, quite deservedly in view of the fact that they had to play about twenty minutes of the second half with only nine men on the field, Wong being ordered off after five minutes' play, and Meng being sent off after twenty eight minutes play in the second half. The game was held up several times for infringements, the offenders in nearly every case being Lido players.

This was a great pity, because the side as a whole played good football, and were worthy winners. S.F.X. in the first thirty minutes looked easy winners, leading by 3-1, but from then onwards centre-half Suen and his full-backs apparently found the solution to the Freddy Foyn trouble, and proceeded to black him out very effectively despite the efforts of Karolich at centre-forward to draw the defence away from Foyn.

Suen played a grand game for Lido and his defensive work as a third back in the second session no doubt saved his side from defeat. The School was awarded three penalties and Foyn converted all of them, whilst Lido was awarded two, Suen hitting the left upright with the first one, the ball rebounding into play, and Hyui converted the second one with a good shot into the corner of the net. The latter player was the strength in the Chinese forward line, his passes to the wings always causing trouble to the school backs.

Lido had an inspiring five minutes preceding the interval whistle, scoring no less than three goals in that period, turning a deficit of 2-3 into a lead of 5-3. This reverse had its effect on S.F.X. in the opening stages of the second half, and eventually turned the game in Lido's favour. Kabbert in goal was not his usual self, the conditions apparently making the ball do things for which he did not bargain. As a matter of fact, the form of the whole of the school team did not compare with that displayed when they defeated the Seaforth Highlanders, Schultz at inside-left being the only one playing his usual game. S.F.X. had Souza the ex-Lusitano player in the left half berth to the exclusion of Artchegoff. The teams were:—

LIDO:—Loh; L. K. Chang, Dong; Meng, Suen, Yang; M. S. Chang, Hyiu, Lee, Wong, Tsao.

S.F.X.:—Kabbert; S. Schultz, Garwood; Greenberg, Petterson, Souza; Edwards, Foyn, Karolich, K. Schultz, Endaya.

Lido Draws First Blood

Foyn won the toss but there was hardly any advantage to be gained for there was no wind to speak of. Within four minutes of the start Lido was one goal to the good, Meng hitting in a good first timer from a pass from Lee. This lead was however, shortlived, for the school was awarded a penalty. Chang in endeavouring to stop Karolich, tackled him illegally and the referee immediately pointed to the penalty spot. Foyn made no mistake with the shot, banging the ball into the back of the goal with Loh helpless.

Lido had a good chance to gain the lead again, when Chang from the wing put over a good centre, but Wong headed the ball the wrong way, and it was cleared by Garwood. Each side was having its fair share of the play at this time, the game oscillating from end to end at a good pace. Lido was awarded a penalty when Garwood fouled Lee, but Suen hit the left upright with his shot, the ball being banked up the field out of danger by S. Schultz.

Karolich was prominent with some raids on the Chinese goal, and had hard luck when, with a hard shot from a cross from Endaya, he hit the upright, with Loh out of position. The game had to be stopped several times for infringements, Referee Burt allowing very little to escape his attention. In fact the way the play was developing called for strict control, and the spectators had nothing to complain of in this respect.

Lido Reluctant to Shoot

The Chinese team seemed rather reluctant to shoot unless they found themselves in a clear position, Lee in particular, in one instance, failing to take advantage of a good position in front of goal, preferring to pass to Tsao, who was quickly robbed by S. Schultz.

S.F.X. were the next to score. Endaya worried Chang and forced a corner on the left. The kick was taken by Karolich, who placed it very close to the goal, where Chang apparently deflected it into the net, Loh evidently being deceived by Chang touching, the ball skidding just round the post and entering the net.

The School went further ahead from a combined forward movement between Endaya and Karolich. The winger, on being tackled passed to the centre-forward who immediately beat Loh with a shot from the edge of the penalty area. In the thirty-fifth minute Lido was awarded a penalty for an infringement against Schultz at full-back, and this time Hyui beat Kabbert with the kick, placing the ball into the net well clear of the custodian.

With only five minutes to go before the interval, Lido pulled something out of the bag and scored no less than three goals before the whistle sounded. In the first place Hyui scored with a shot from an excellent cross from Chang, the outside-right; secondly, Chang put the ball into an empty net, after Kabbert had allowed it to slip from his hands; and the third one was a good shot from Lee, who scored from close range. This was an outstanding spurt on the part of Lido, and it was eventually to cost S.F.X. the game. The interval arrived with the score at 5-3 in Lido's favour.

Foyn Nets Penalties

In the opening stages of the second half the school supporters shouted for a penalty against Lido, Endaya being charged when not in possession, but the referee deemed otherwise and allowed play to proceed. In the fifth minute Wong was ordered to the dressing room by the arbiter, and took no further part in the game. The reason was a matter of conjecture. Kabbert made a big mistake when he apparently had a big kick from Suen covered, but the ball was spinning and broke away from his hands to enter the goal, although he made an attempt to get back to recover it.

The Chinese team almost went further ahead when Lee passed to Tsao, the winger hitting the ball alright, but straight into the arms of Kabbert who cleared it upfield.

The School piled on the steam in an attempt to save the game, and in an attack by them Suen handled the ball in the area, Foyn converting his second penalty kick. Ten minutes later, after a period of intense pressure by S.F.X., Karolich was right through with the ball at his feet about three yards from goal, when a defender literally threw himself in the centre-forward's path, which cost his side a goal, Freddy Foyn having the distinction of converting his third penalty in one match, from the ensuing award.

Endaya was the next player to cause heart flutterings, hitting the upright again from a thoughtful pass from Foyn. Shortly afterwards Meng was ordered off the field by the referee for an infringement on Souza. Tsao increased his side's lead with a hard shot from a very clever flick pass from Lee, seven minutes from the final whistle, the end coming with the Lido leading by 7-5.

Canidrome Results

1—440 yd. flat.—1, Our Jay; 2, Sir Sewu.
Also ran:—Flyco, Bronte, L'Ousta No, Outlaw.
4½ lengths.—Time, 27.09.
Win, $61.20. Forecast (4-6) Div. $183.80.
Place 1st $16.10; 2nd $11.30.

2—500 yd. flat.—1, Wild Wind; 2, Snow drift II.
Also ran:—Slippery Sam, Rio Tinto, Wee Dell, Nagasaki.
A neck.—Time, 31.27.
Win, $48.60. Forecast (2-3) Div. $308.70.
Place, 1st $18.00; 2nd $13.30.
Double Event 1/2 (4-2) Div: $79.60.

3—500 yd. flat.—1, Lady Ruby; 2, General.
Also ran:—Lulla Dale, Go By, Aramis, Grayzeb.
A head.—Time, 30.49.
Win, $33.70. Forecast (5-6) Div. $313.20.
Place, 1st $21.40; 2nd $19.70.
Double Event 2/3 (2-5) Div. $225.20.

4—900 yd. flat.—1, Jorrock's Best; 2, Peony.
Also ran:—Mei Lee Bar, Erin Hero, Woosung, Jackie's Girl.
3½ lengths.—Time, 30.54.
Win, $30.00. Forecast (1-6) Div. $126.00.
Place, 1st $15.00; 2nd $12.00.
Double Event 3/4 (5 1) Div. $183.60.

5—800 yd. flat.—1, Wild Jack; 2, Red Bug.
Also ran:—Erin Beau, Beaconsfield, Wayside Petticorn, Antenor.
A head.—Time, 30.54.
Win, $45.50. Forecast (5-2) Div. $170.50.
Place, 1st $15.90; 2nd $10.60.
Double Event 4/5 (1-5) Div. $121.80.

6—500 yd. flat.—1, Brigand 2, Captain Drew.
Also ran:—Brilliant Tot, Speed Cop, Don Jean, Fulover.
4 lengths.—Time, 30.36.
Win, $32.40. Forecast (2-5) Div. $167.30.
Place, 1st $16.40; 2nd $17.30.
Double Event 5/6 (5-2) Div. $192.10.

7—500 yd. flat.—1, Wild Rose; 2, Olympia.
Also ran:—Talgai Junior, Bindee Isunler, Master Bill, Wild Harmony.
2 lengths.—Time, 30.46.
Win, $31.20. Forecast (2-1) Div. $151.40.
Place, 1st $14.50; 2nd $11.80.
Double Event 6/7 (2-2) Div. $196.20.

8—500 yd. flat.—1, Clara Fante; 2, Shanghai Bill.
Also ran:—Corinthian, Mad Dale, La Donna, Future Pal.
5 lengths.—Time, 30.03.
Win, $33.70. Forecast (6-1) Div. $121.00.
Place, 1st $16.50; 2nd $13.10.
Double Event 7/8 (2-6) Div. $92.20.

9—500 yd. flat.—1, Mr. Hattagee; 2, Rita Dale.
Also ran:—The Quartermaster, Our Delight, Star Boy, Whitey.
1 length.—Time, 30.02.
Win, $29.90. Forecast (5-4) Div. $179.20.
Place, 1st $15.20; 2nd $17.80.
Double Event 8/9 (6-5) Div. $119.20.

10—500 yd. flat.—1, Irish Lover; 2, Careless Cissie.
Also ran:—Major, Great Wall, Saucy Johnnie, Deflation.
1½ length.—Time, 30.63.
Win, $34.80. Forecast (1-6) Div. $226.90.
Place, 1st $16.10; 2nd $13.30.
Double Event 9/10 (5-1) Div. $50.80.

11—500 yd. flat.—1, Black Tulip; 2, Good Wicket.
Also ran:—Rosie O'Hara, Bouboule, Chilly Eve, Markanson.
2 lengths.—Time, 29.91.
Win, $12.40. Forecast (1-4) Div. $55.50.
Place, 1st $7.80; 2nd $10.00.
Double Event 10/11 (1-1) Div. $44.60.

12—525 yd. flat.—1, Mary Dale; 2, Happy Troy.
Also ran:—Black Satin, Jimmy, Inverspey, Tinker.
Short head.—Time, 31.37.
Win, $20.20. Forecast (6-4) Div. $86.40.
Place, 1st $14.10; 2nd $13.80.
Double Event 11/12 (1-6) Div. $17.80.

13—525 yd. flat.—1, Careless Chap; 2, Flying Duchess.
Also ran:—Chihli Blue Fox, Albatross, Erindale, Black Silk.
1 length.—Time, 31.01.
Win, $14.00. Forecast (6-5) Div. $47.60.
Place, 1st $9.30; 2nd $7.10.
Double Event 12/13 (6-6) Div. $32.30.

14—600 yd. flat.—1, Glenapp; 2, Master Beb.
Also ran:—Jubilee Queen, Top Notcher, Instructor, Belle O'Siccawei.
5 lengths.—Time, 35.86.
Win, $36.50. Forecast (5-4) Div. $61.50.
Place, 1st $13.80; 2nd $7.20.
Double Event 13/14 (6-5) Div. $38.90.

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To Play at Wimbledon?

Miss Dorothy Round, Mrs. D. Little, and the mother of a son, is hoping that she may be able to recover her form that made her champion of Wimbledon and again enter the championships. She is now practising at Dudley and if her form is good enough she hopes to appear again on the Centre Court.

Washington Huskies Too Good for Filipinos

Best Team Defeated Easily After Close First Half

Manila, Feb. 10.

Even the outstanding college players of the Philippines fell before the all conquering streak of the Seattle Amateur Athletic Union team in a fast but rather one-sided basketball game tonight at the Rizal Memorial Stadium. The American players trounced the National Collegiate Athletic Association's specially selected team by 63 points to 39.

For the first half of the game the Filipino lads put up a grand fight, holding the former University of Washington stars to level terms. The first half ended in a tie, 18-18, after the Americans took the lead in the first quarter, 12-8.

Second Half

The Filipinos collapsed, however, in the second half, particularly in the final quarter. The Americans set a fast pace and they tightened their man-for-man defence. They went ahead in the third quarter, 34-29, outscoring the local stars, 16-11.

Dribbling through in clever style, the Americans utilized their height for close shots and their side overhand shots with one hand resulted in them piilng up a total of 29 points in the final quarter. The Filipinos replied with ten markers.

To Play Here

The Seattle team is to play in Shanghai, having received permission tonight from the national headquarters in New York of the National Amateur Athletic Union. The permission received only grants them the right to play in Shanghai. They must still obtain permission to play games in Japan. They also plan to clash with teams at Honolulu when they stop over there on their way to the United States.—United Press.

Prominent Speedster Killed in Crash

"Wild Bill" Cummings Drives His Last Race

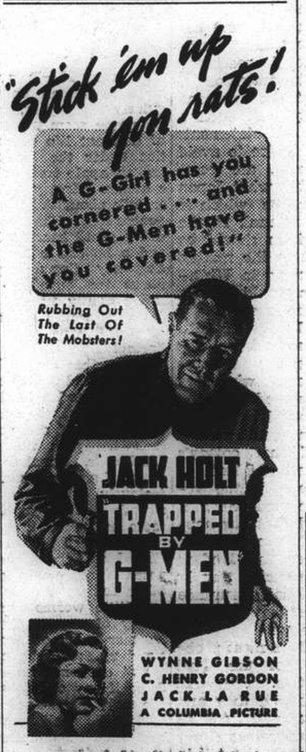
Indianapolis, Feb. 8.

"Wild Bill" Cummings, crack automobile racing driver, died here today on the same track which was responsible for his rise to fame in 1934 when he won the coveted and most gruelling of all speed tests, the famous 500-mile Memorial Day race.

Competing in a race today, Cummings failed to maintain perfect control after his speeding car struck a "soft shoulder" on the track. He lost control, the car swerved, jumped a bank and toppled over, crushing the game driver who sat at the wheel.

Cummings was rushed to hospital but the injuries were so serious that he died after leading physicians attempted to save his life.

A regular competitor on the Indianapolis track, Cummings, following his triumph in 1934, came close to repeating the victory, always finishing among the leaders.—United Press.



WATCH FOR IT!

Holland Defences Strengthened

Frontier Fortifications Being Rushed; Navy Being Quickly Increased

The Hague, Feb. 12.

Proposals for greater preparedness and an increase in the Netherlands military defences were submitted to the Upper Chamber in a memorandum drafted by the Netherlands Minister of Defence, it was officially learnt here.

According to this memorandum, the military units in the frontier garrisons have been considerably strengthened.

Construction work on new defence lines and fortifications along the frontier is being continued. It is, however, further stated in the memorandum that heavy fortification works, which might come up to the standard of the Maginot or Siegfrid lines, are not regarded as necessary for Holland.

Referring to the preparedness in the defence of the Netherlands Indies, the Minister points out in the memorandum that after the big naval Powers—Britain, France, Germany, Italy, the United States, Soviet Russia and Japan—Holland had by far the largest number of new warships under construction.

Holland's chief task must be to speed up her naval armament, for here, the Minister explained, Holland had remained behind for a long time. The naval air force had not only been extended but also completely brought up to date. The light naval units were also considerably strengthened, while at the same time all precautions had been taken to convert commercial vessels into auxiliary cruisers.

The Netherlands government was continuing its efforts as regards Holland's industry with the aim of raising the basis of self-sufficiency as regards armaments in the case of an emergency. As far as artillery was concerned, all light calibre guns could be produced within the country.

It would of course be against the interests of national defence, the memorandum concludes, to make any further detailed statements concerning all these precautionary measures which had been taken by the Defence Ministry.—Trans-Ocean.

THE CINEMA

"Always in Trouble"

Jerry Darlington .....Jane Withers
Virginia Darlington .....Jean Rogers
Rogers .....Arthur Treacher
Pete Graham .....Robert Kellard
Uncle Ed Darlington .....Eddie Collins
J. C. Darlington .....Andrew Tombes
Mrs. Darlington .....Nana Bryant
Pearl Mussendorfer .....Joan Woodbury
Buster Mussendorfer .....Joseph Sawyer
Donald Gower .....Charles Lane
Gideon Stubbs .....Pat Flaherty

Jane Withers takes the audience through a series of wonderful, witty and exceedingly amusing experiences, in her newest vehicle, "Always in Trouble" which opened at the Grand Theatre yesterday. Not to be captivated by this young artiste, is indeed a thing rarely heard of and, in her present production, she is supported by an outstanding cast surprisingly well chosen for their respective parts. In this connection, Mr. Eddie Collins, as the good-for-nothing uncle of the *nouveau riche* family of which Miss Withers is the youngest of two daughters, takes top honours, followed closely by Mr. Arthur Treacher, a clerk in J. C. Darlington's (Mr. Andrew Tombes) office who, for listening to the various suggestions made by Miss Withers, gets everybody except herself, into a lot of trouble. To dwell on any particular scene, as being the best, would be unfair, although the one where the uncle uses a motor-scooter because he is too lazy to walk in the garden, beats many funny episodes filmed so far.

A trip on a speedy motor-yacht, which finally ends on the rocks, is also outstanding and the lengthy newsreel as well as a very amusing—if not recent—cartoon, round out a programme which is certain to find the approval of all Shanghailanders, old and young.—A.S.I.

"Little Tough Guys in Society"

Dr. Trenkle .....Mischa Auer
Mrs. Berry .....Mary Boland
Oliver .....Edward Everett Horton
Penny .....Helen Parrish
Randolph .....Jackie Searl
Jane .....Peggy Stewart
Uncle Buck .....Harold Huber
Footman .....David Oliver

THE LITTLE TOUGH GUYS

Danny .....Frankie Thomas
Sailor .....Harris Berger
Murphy .....Hally Chester
Monk .....Charles Duncan
Yap .....David Gorcey
Trouble .....William Benedict

In the curent attraction at the Metropol Theatre "those little tough guys" forsake the crowded streets of New York's east side for the gilded mansions of the upper set where, to put it mildly, they go berserk, much to the consternation of the aristocracy gathered therein. The upper set's consternation, however, was the audience's pleasure, for the crudeness of the east side boys contrasted ludicrously with the "refainment" of the socialites, whose utter disgust at the wild antics of the boys constituted one of the funniest parts of a highly entertaining film. The story tells of a wealthy woman, who, on a psychiatrist's advice, invites six east side boys to her palatial home to be companions to her cynical and sophisticated son. This is where the fun begins and they start the ball rolling by completely wrecking a bathroom and other sundry articles contained in the home. The boys now begin to have the time of their lives although they fail, until the last minute, to make friends with the cynical son. They fight, gorge, go to bed with their trousers on and do all kinds of things which, in the reviewer's opinion at least, even east side kids would not do. It adds much humour to the film, however, and although one may come away a little shocked that such children are allowed to roam the streets, they are likable to a certain degree and one is glad that they are not allowed to stay in society where their crudeness would be rubbed away and refinement stamped in its place. One cannot imagine these little tough guys as being refined. Masters Frankie Thomas, Harris Bergner, Hally Chester, Charles Duncan, David Gorcey and William Benedict were the tough guys, while Mr. Mischa Auer excelled himself in the rôle of the pshyciatrist. Also in the cast were Mr. Edward Everett Horton, as a meticulous butler, and Miss Mary Boland as the wealthy woman. The last three players contributed in no small way to the excellence of the film, which was full of riotous comedy from start to finish.—R.S.

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Ranchi Off for London Tomorrow

Elbe Arrives, Sails; Coburg Proceeding to Japan Ports

The P. & O. luxury liner Ranchi arrived in port from Yokohama at 9 o'clock yesterday morning and is now lying at buoys 12 and 13. She is due to sail for London, by way of Hongkong, Singapore, Penang, Colombo Cochin, Aden, Port Sudan and the other Suez ports, at 1 p.m. tomorrow, the last tender conveying passengers and hand luggage, leaving the Customs Jetty at 11.30 a.m.

Heavy luggage will have to be brought to the Customs Jetty and loaded on a special tender, between 2 and 3 o'clock this afternoon.

The North German Lloyd steamer Coburg, arrived in port yesterday afternoon, coming alongside the Shanghai & Hongkew Wharf, Shanghai side, from where she will sail today for Kobe and Yokohama.

The North German Lloyd liner Elbe arrived from Dairen at 6.30 o'clock yesterday afternoon and tied up at buoys 15 and 16 for a few hours only as in the afternoon she continued her homeward trip by way of Hongkong.

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"TAIPING"	Mar. 17	Mar. 20	Apr. 5	Apr. 11
"ATSUTA MARU"	Mar. 25	Mar. 28	Apr. 11	Apr. 15
"NANKIN	Apr. 1	Apr. 4	Apr. 20	Apr. 24

VIA SOUTH AFRICA

Vessel	Depart Hongkong	Depart Singapore	Arrive Durban	Arrive Cape Town
"SANTOS MARU"	Mar. 5	Mar. 10	Mar. 23	Mar. 31
"RUYS"	Mar. 9	Mar. 22	Apr. 13	Apr. 17
"BOISSEVAIN"	Apr. 6	Apr. 19	May 11	May 15
"TEGELBERG"	May 4	May 17	June 8	June 12

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Announcements in this column $5 per insertion including insertions in the "North-China Herald."

IN MEMORIAM

MAEVSKY.—In every-loving and affectionate remembrance of Mr. V. W. MAEVSKY, my dear husband, who passed away on February 13, 1938, and our dearly-beloved son, VASIA (Basil, William) MAEVSKY, who tragically lost his life as a result of accident on March 8, 1936.

Sadly missed by their loving wife and mother.

Requiem Mass will be held today, Monday, February 13, at their last resting place in the Hungjao Road Cemetery, at 4 p.m. -1695

IMPARTIAL NOT NEUTRAL

SEIZURE OF HAINAN

The seizure of Waichow Island in the Gulf of Tongking, and about thirty miles south of Pakhoi, on January 31, was the first proof of the invasion of those waters by the Japanese, and to some extent might have been regarded as notice of Japanese intentions with regard to Hainan. With Waichow Island as a base the Japanese were perfectly well able to command the northern end of the Gulf of Tongking, and for this reason it is contended that the occupation of Hainan Island is in fact unnecessary from a naval point of view. At a time when various military preparations on the European continent suggest the proximity of another crisis, Japan has seized the opportunity to secure this important strategic point, regardless of her solemn commitments to France as recorded in the Franco-Japanese exchange of notes in 1907. It is understood that the British and French governments are instructing their Ambassadors in Tokyo to enquire of the Japanese Government the reasons for, character and duration of the occupation, and it is upon the reply received that their future policy regarding the matter will be decided. The terms of the Franco-Japanese Notes of 1907 do not alone cover the matter. Since last June the Japanese have on several occasions given hints that at some time or other they might, for military reasons have to consider landing on Hainan, but have always accompanied those hints with the assurance that no permanent occupation is intended. The number of assurances which Japan has given with regard to the China incident are legion, and the total of those which have up to the present not been honoured is similar in number. It is consequently to be anticipated that this "temporary" occupation of Hainan Island will have about it that degree of permanency which will be wholly unacceptable to either Great Britain or France, and it may be accepted as just another of those incidents which have been piling up during these last eighteen months and contributing to the deterioration of a situation which is already unfortunate.

The attitude of the Japanese press in the matter is as significant as it is interesting. The "Kokumin Shimbun" trots out the threadbare argument of the 1907 agreement being based upon the Nine Power Pact, and that as that document virtually colonized China it was not adaptable to the present situation in East Asia from a moral point of view. The idea of any Japanese journal seeking to defend anything which Japan has done or is doing from a moral point of view is decidedly refreshing, though the rest of the contention follows lines which are becoming all too familiar. The same journal after referring to the geographical relationship between Hainan Island and Singapore states that the Japanese landing "is giving a final chance to Great Britain for her reconsideration of the Japanese intention to establish peace in East Asia." If this means anything at all it must surely mean that in the newspaper's view Japan intends permanently to occupy the island interposing what may ultimately become a fortified post between Singapore and Hongkong, and affording a suitable base from which to reach the former. That may not be the intention of the Japanese Government at the moment, but there is every possibility that such a situation may develope, for all statements regarding the absence of any desire to avoid territorial acquisition in China, are completely nullified by the fact that what Japan designs for China is a subjection which is tantamount to it. It is but natural, in the circumstances, that Great Britain should be showing considerable interest in the matter. If at any time there were people in Whitehall who believed that Japan would honour her assurances concerning the respect she would pay to the interests and rights of third party neutrals, they must surely have disappeared by now. The same process must also have taken place in France, who sees her interests seriously threatened by the dominating influence Japan would be able to wield over Indo-China by what would practically mean naval control of that colony's coastline from an easily accessible island.

What reply Japan will make to the representations which are to be made remains to be seen. Judging from all that has happened in the past Britain and France will be informed that the reasons for the landing were military, and the character purely temporary, while the additional assurance will in all probability be given that Japanese forces will be withdrawn as soon as peace has been brought to China. It is most probable that neither Whitehall nor the Quai d'Orsay will be satisfied by this. They will be more than usually credulous if they are, but in the meantime it does not look as though they, with their preoccupations closer at home, will be able to do much about it in the comparatively near future. But it is a comforting thought that British and French policies are long-sighted, that ultimately there will have to be a settlement of all the questions which are being raised by Japan's behaviour, and that when that time comes they will be speaking with that authority in the Far East of which they are at present temporarily deprived. There is yet one further aspect of the matter which has to be borne in mind. Since the fall of Hankow and Canton there has been comparatively little new in Japan's campaign in China. The landing on Hainan may be regarded as a useful device to maintain the interest of the Japanese public in a war which is beginning to pall upon them. It is for that reason that the Japanese press has been "playing it up." Yet it is nothing in the nature of a military or naval triumph, for it is apparent that the place was very lightly held by the Chinese, who were not present in sufficient strength to offer anything in the nature of resistance, a view which is corroborated by the reports of the Japanese themselves. It was not even necessary that the island should have been taken, for as it has already been pointed out, Japan after the seizure of Waichow Island was in a position completely to control the northern portion of the Gulf of Tongking, through which it was alleged supplies were still reaching the Chinese forces, and if the Japanese navy are unable to establish a complete blockade of that portion of the coast, the mere occupation of Hainan will render them no particular assistance in this respect.

Question of Publicity

The statement issued by the Shanghai Municipal Council on the complaint made by the Japanese Consul-General with reference to recent acts of terrorism is interesting from two points of view. The first is that the ratepayers are now fully acquainted with the attitude of the Council in the matter, thereby helping to remove all misunderstandings, and the other concerns the Council's position with regard to publicity. Past experience has shown, especially since the commencement of hostilities around Shanghai, that in dealing with the Council, the Japanese authorities have not maintained always the same reticence as the former. It may safely be said that on many occasions when the Japanese authorities have made representations to the Council they have very soon afterwards allowed to become public their version of what has transpired. That proved to be the case in this instance, and a wrong impression was created which it is now sought to remove. That is always a difficult task, for misrepresentation once started is very difficult to overtake. In the circumstances, therefore, it is suggested that unless the Council can obtain assurances of secrecy,—and it is not wholly desirable that they should—some positive policy should be adopted whereby communiqués should be issued acquainting the public of what is happening. The statement issued yesterday is a wholly admirable exposé of the Council's stand in the matter, and places the whole subject before the public in its proper light. It would have been infinitely more valuable if it had been possible to publish it simultaneously with what was given out by the Japanese, for it fixes their responsibility in the matter, and emphasizes the impossibility for the police satisfactorily to deal with the existing state of affairs in the absence of that degree of co-operation which the Municipal Council has, in the circumstances, every reason to expect. It is strongly urged that in such a case as this the interests of the Council and the ratepayers are best served by the immediate issuance of a communiqué. Such a practice, if adopted, would remove much danger of misunderstanding and give a clear idea of what is going on.

Crisis Postponed?

It is an interesting suggestion that the death of Pope Pius XI may postpone the impending European crisis. The head of the Catholic world died with an appeal for peace upon his lips, and such an appeal coming from the spiritual leader of some 400,000,000 souls is not something which is lightly to be disregarded. Signor Mussolini may think twice before immediately launching his demands, not only because of the fact that for the next few weeks Italians will be more concerned with the identity of the late Pope's successor, but also because he may prefer to think twice before offending so imposing a body of religious thought as that presented by the Roman Catholic Church. If indeed there were to be a postponement of the crisis, it would not mean that there would not be a great deal of subterranean activity. That view seems to be supported by the report that Germany has renewed her invitation to M. Georges Bonnet, French Foreign Minister, to go to Berlin to confer with Herr von Ribbentrop, German Foreign Minister, on general European problems. That is to be read as an endeavour on the part of Germany to adjust by mediation the outstanding questions between France and Italy in accordance with the Franco-German non-aggression pact, Germany playing the role which was Italy's in connection with the Czechoslovak crisis. It would not seem, judging from recent French declarations on the subject of Italy's claims which have not yet been put forward officially, that such a visit to Berlin would yield any lasting results, unless M. Bonnet could be persuaded to modify the attitude of his government which up to the present is uncompromising. At the same time it might afford the German Foreign Minister an opportunity of thoroughly exploring the French attitude, with a view that when Signor Mussolini's demands are made they might be framed as to meet with some degree of favourable reception by France. Undoubtedly on some points which have been put forward there is reason to believe that Italian aspirations could be met by compromise, though it is equally clear that on others there is little chance of France giving way.

A COUNTRY DIARY

February 10.—It is very strange to think that although we all know that Spring comes regularly every year, we never get used to it.... we never seem to be able to swallow the idea of dormant life coming back to its full activities under the influence of the sun. If you are an apple tree, a bird, a snake, a rabbit or a human being, you all feel it and start to sing or talk about it. Poets have sung about it for generations: Chaucer said, "the season pricketh every gentil heart": Shakespeare burbled, "Hey and a ho and a hey nonino....when birds do sing hey ding a ding ding": Tennyson raved about the burnished dove and young man's fancy lightly turning to the thoughts of love. All very wet, I think....yet even at my time of life I have been out looking for signs of Spring! And all this, just because my diary tells me that Spring began officially on February 5....and what have I found? Ice on all the ponds and a hard ground-frost everywhere. Yet, even so, I cannot deny it: Doves are circling round one another cooing and bobbing their heads in the most ridiculous manner: Blackbirds, Mynahs, Bulbuls and Shrikes are all starting to sing....and my Magpies are jealously guarding their nest which must already contain eggs. But, even worse....my radio has got it into its bones (? valves): last night it thrust into my ears a song entitled, "The Flea flew in the flue" in which the composer (presumably a naturalist) said among other things, "In early Spring mosquitoes sing and little worms come out to turn....": very pretty of course, and probably correct in the warmer parts of America. But I feel I must stand up for facts: our period of "Excited Insects" does not take place until about March 6: so if any of our worms come out to display the more pugnacious side of their nature before that date I shall be annoyed with them. In the meantime I maintain that our official Spring is rather a frost.

IN PARENTHESIS

To The Rescue

A WRITER says he can't think of a word to describe a man who constantly deceives his wife. We can. We think he's a marvel.

* * *

Caught

A SCOTSMAN was run over by a loaded brewer's dray the other day.

The drinks were on him that time.

* * *

Proof Positive

AN American woman recently divorced the same man for the second time. It is beginning to look as if she doesn't like him.

* * *

Home Truth

MY wife would be the most extravagant woman in the world if she spent all the money she asks me for and I can't give her.

* * *

Blimey!

"ANY luck, today, Bill?"

"Luck? Lummy, if I tossed up a pound note it'd come down a summons!"

* * *

Overheard

"I DIDN'T have a row with my wife this morning, and, do you know, old boy, I'm almost afraid to go home."

* * *

Bad For Trade

A MAN who shot a stork in Belgium was heavily fined. There was a burst of cheering in court from a group of perambulator manufacturers.

* * *

Heard In Court

QUESTION and answer at Tottenham Police Court:

Is your husband working?—No, he is a foreman.

* * *

Business Proposal

"I'M glad your last customer looked so pleased," said the manager to the sales girl. "What did he want to see?"

"Me, at seven-thirty."

* * *

Doubtful

"WHEN Tom threw that stone at you," said the mother, "you shouldn't have thrown one back. You should have come to me."

"Why, Mum," said the angel child, "could you have hit him?"

* * *

Social Note

"I HAVE seen one or two women lunching with a silk handkerchief tied round the head instead of a hat—" Gossip.

There is something very picturesque, and eminently practicable too, about this mode. Lady Clanbridget looked a positive gipsy when I met her tripping out of the Pomposo with the remains of her lunch and a few extra rolls and pats of butter and fruit tied up in a silk handkerchief.

"Darling," she said, "it's so easy now! I tried to get away with this sort of thing, the other day, under my hat, and some fool barged into me at the door, and there was an absolute cascade of food, darling."

"I felt ever such a silly!" she added with a laugh, "though everyone knew I was simply setting an example of economy to the poor."

Showman in the "Daily Herald."

* * *

Not Cricket!

"WELL," boomed Authority, closing his official desk, "a most trying week, most trying. But," he murmured, "conferences are being held and a further announcement on official policy may be made."

"I read that somewhere, myself." I ventured "Fancy Sir Auckland Geddes telling people gradually to store tinned foods! He thoroughly upset us. He might at least have had the decency not to make a constructive suggestion at this stage when problems are being—er—ah—hum—what's the word?"

"Thrashed out?"

"Precisely. Thank you. We don't blame him, of course, for mentioning food particularly. The storage of lipstick or pipe-cleaners would be just as bad. I mean his offence is that he recommended anything definitely. We don't want anything done"

"But why?"

"Why?" boomed Authority. "Surely it's obvious? You just stir up trouble. For example, so long as theres' no A.R.P. there can be no air raids. That's logic. That's A. R. Priori reasoning."

And out he flounced.

Showman in the "Daily Herald."

* * *

Fairies In Yorkshire

"MEMBERS of the Folk Lore Society told me that the late Sir Arthur Conan Doyle was convinced that fairies really existed in Yorkshire."—From the news.

First Yorkshire Fairy: Where's t' Fairy Queen?

Second Yorkshire Fairy: E-e-e-e-e. Titivatin' wings or summat.

First Yorkshire Fairy: E-e-e-e-e. Gallivantin' again?

Second Yorkshire Fairy: E-e-e-e-e-e. Owd Fairy King's proper mad an' all.

First Yorkshire Fairy: E-e-e-e-e-e.

(Enter Yorkshire Fairy Queen.)

Fairy Queen: Eh, lads!

Yorkshire Fairies (glowering: Eh, Queen. Wheer's tha been?

Fairy Queen (singing):

On Ilkla' Moor ba't 'at
On Ilkla' Moor ba't 'at
On...Ilkla'...Moor...ba-a-a-'t...'a-a-a-at.

First Yorkshire Fairy: (singing): Wheer wasta then whin ah saw thee?

Second Yorkshire Fairy: Who is the lad that's courtin' thee?

Together: On Ilka' Moor ba't 'at?

(Enter Yorkshire Fairy King.)

Fairy King: What's this 'ere about a lad coortin' thee, tha mucky baggage?

Fairy Queen (with arms akimbo): E-e-e-e-e-e. Mucky baggage, is it, tha big Yorkshire pudden? Mucky baggage, is it, tha great gossamer gawk? I'll give thee mucky baggage. E-e-e-e-e-e.

Nathaniel Gubbins in the "Sunday Express."

THE WEATHER

Temperature near Holy Trinity Cathedral Shanghai 24 hours ending 7 p.m.:—

Yesterday	Min.	41.0	Max.	48.0
Same date, 1938	Min.	33.5	Max.	46.5

Rainfall .04

Temperature at Siccawei:—

Yesterday	Min.	41.9	Max.	46.9
Same, date, 1938	Min.	28.8	Max.	39.4

Siccawei's Report

State on the morning of the 11th:—Normal and unsteady pressure over Korea and Japan: Low and unsteady over China. Depression crossing the Eastern Sea, East-North-Eastward. Small typhoon to the East of Mindanao, moving North-West. Variable and fresh winds along the China Coast. Fine weather in the North. Overcast and misty in our regions.

State on the morning of the 12th:—Overcast and misty weather. East-North-Easterly breezes: Low and unsteady pressure.

Probabilities, 4.30 p.m. yesterday:—Overcast to cloudy and cold weather with fresh Northerly to North-Easterly winds around Shantung. Snow over Korea. Overcast, misty to cloudy with Northerly to North-Easterly winds over our regions and the Coast to the South of the Saddles. The typhoon near South-East Luzon will advance North or North-North-Eastward.—Siccawei Observatory.

ACKNOWLEDGMENT

TO THE KING'S DAUGHTERS' SOCIETY

In memory of Mrs. A. S. Thacher:—

Mrs. de Villard $10.00

Gen. Franco Begins Drive to End War

Spanish Nationalist Leader Insistent on Complete Surrender by Republicans; Bombs Sink British Ship in Valencia Harbour

Perpignan, Feb. 11.

GENERALISSIMO Francisco Franco began swinging his victorious war machine southward toward Madrid and Valencia tonight to meet the Republican challenge to continue the Spanish civil war.

While the Republican Cabinet met in Valencia to consider plans for further resistance, Gen. Franco sent 100,000 veteran Italian, Moroccan and Navarrese troops to the Guadalajara front in preparation for an assault on Cuenca. Occupation of that city by the Nationalists would cut Madrid's life-line and hasten the collapse of the Republican forces in the few remaining central provinces which they would hold.

Some quarters believed the Republicans had decided on further resistance in the belief that it might force Gen. Franco to grant concessions in peace negotiations. The Republicans also were understood to be hopeful that some sudden turn in the tide of international relations would react to their benefit and enable them to organize a powerful counter-offensive, perhaps with French assistance.

Most reliable quarters believed, however, that the most for which the Republicans could logically hope was that by continued resistance they might be able to obtain more favourable peace terms through Franco-British mediation.

Gen. Franco Adamant

Gen. Franco indicated today, however, that his armies would sweep through the ten remaining Republican provinces toward a complete military victory unless the Republicans accepted his one condition for peace—unconditional surrender.

Nationalist planes roared ominously over Republican areas, observing the movement of Republican reinforcements and battering several cities severely in bombing raids. Madrid reported that many houses had been destroyed when 18 Nationalist bombers rained scores of bombs on Valencia and coastal villages near by.

Dr. Julio del Vayo, Republican Foreign Minister, told the Republican Cabinet at Valencia today that he and Dr. Juan Negrin, Republican Premier, had noted the firm spirit of the Republican forces in Valencia. They said interviews with representatives of various parties showed a common determination to continue fighting.

Neutral military observers, however, said a Nationalist victory in Spain was inevitable.—United Press.

British Ships Hit

Valencia, Feb. 11.

One British ship was sunk and another was badly damaged here today when twenty-four Nationalist bombers raided the port area.

The British ship Lucky received several direct hits and sank to the bottom of the harbour. The British steamer Stanford suffered severe damage to her superstructure but remained afloat. Men from both ships had sought safety ashore before the raid and escaped injury.

Numerous houses were destroyed when the Nationalists dropped additional bombs on the city proper where the Republican Cabinet was meeting to plan means for further resistance. The number of dead could not be estimated immediately.—United Press.

Five Raids in A Day

Valencia, Feb. 12.

For the fifth time in one day, a squadron of Nationalist planes raided the city at 8.40 p.m. last night and dropped their bombs on the harbour district.

During the four other raids staged, eight people were killed, twenty-five injured, while forty-five buildings were destroyed.—Havas.

Morale Said Good

Valencia, Feb. 11.

"Arriving here yesterday, the Premier Dr. Juan Negrin, and I found the morale of the people to be extraordinary in spite of adversity," the Foreign Minister, Senor Julio Alvarez del Vayo, declared at the close of the Cabinet meeting held this afternoon.

"In the course of our interviews with representatives of the various political parties, we found a common will to face all difficulties and continue the fight until conditions assuring the country's independence are met—until there is reconciliation among all Spaniards."

Senor del Vayo explained that the Government had watched the evacuation of the people and army forces from Catalonia, and that this had been carried out with remarkable orderliness.—Havas.

Llivia Captured

Salamanca, Feb. 11.

An official communiqué announced this evening that Nationalist troops had captured the Llivia territory on the Pyrenean frontier and were continuing to collect large quantities of war materials.—Havas.

Refugees Repatriated

Paris, Feb. 11.

Some 15,000 Spanish refugees out of an estimated total of 400,000 who recently sought safety in France, have already been repatriated, choosing to return to Nationalist Spain, the Minister of the Interior, M. Albert Sarraut, announced today—Havas.

France, Britain Criticized

Rome, Feb. 12.

The French and British attitude towards Nationalist Spain is still being violently criticized in the Italian press.

Although the Italian papers first voiced disapproval of the hostile attitude shown by London and Paris, they now criticize the efforts at a rapprochement being made by the two countries in their relations with Burgos.

"It is evident that London and Paris are accepting General Franco's victory only because they can't do anything else, and they are now trying to harm such a victory," Signor Virginio Gayda declared in the "Voce d'Italia." "They are particularly attempting to break Nationalist Spain's solidarity with Italy and Germany, and this is an insult to the chivalrous spirit and political intelligence of the Spaniards."

Signor Gayda, who proclaimed his absolute confidence in the Nationalist leaders, warned them against the French and British attitude towards Spain.—Havas.

Raid on Minorca to Be Explained

Britain Believes General Franco Did Not Order It; Cruiser's Narrow Escape

London, Feb. 11.

The British Government today asked the Spanish Nationalist regime to explain the Nationalist air raids on Minorca last Wednesday during the visit of the British cruiser Devonshire, which assisted in arranging the peaceful surrender of the island to the Nationalists.

The British Government apparently is investigating whether the raids were carried out by Italian air units without instructions from the Nationalist general staff.

Bomb splinters hit the Devonshire during her visit to Minorca, and a number of Britons narrowly escaped death when Nationalist planes of Italian make dropped tons of bombs on the waterfront.

British circles believe that the raid was not carried out at the instructions of Generalissimo Francisco Franco, because the Nationalist Government had specifically requested that the British warship should transport the Nationalist Governor to the island.

It was worthy of note that Italian circles here and in Rome bitterly resented Britain's action, which was directed against possible invasion of the strategic island by troops under Italian leadership. Britain's efforts to arrange the peaceful surrender of the island were undertaken after Gen. Franco assured London that only true Spanish troops would be sent to the island.—United Press.

Berlin Press Bitter

Berlin, Feb. 12.

The determination of the Spanish Nationalists to insist on unconditional capitulation of the Republicans or otherwise to continue the war until a final victory meets with full agreement in Berlin political quarters. It is pointed out here that Nationalist Spain is fully conscious that sacrifices are better than "rotten compromises" and it is stated that the Powers who are now so very busy establishing contact with Nationalist Spain should realise this as soon as possible.

The "Berliner Boersen Zeitung" states that at the very moment when France officially tries to get into touch with General Franco other French quarters are preparing a new platform from which a Spanish counter-revolution could later be launched from French soil. The paper refers to the formation of the "French-Spanish Friendship Group" in the French Chamber, which has been joined now by the entire Socialist party. The existence of such a powerful group, the paper believes, means nothing else than the creation of a base in France for a future Spanish Red counter-revolution, protected and assisted by leading French politicians. This "duplicity," the paper declares, throws a significant light on the attempts of General Franco's "new friends" to find favour with Nationalist Spain—Trans-Ocean.

All Italian Jews Must Register Property

Expropriation on German Lines Feared

Rome, Feb. 11.

The Fascist Government tonight ordered all Italian Jews to register the exact amount of property they own and to report details of their industrial and commercial activities.

The order to all Italian Jews, reminiscent of action by Germany early in the Nazi anti-Semitic campaign, is effective immediately. Italian Jews may make donations of their property provided the recipient is not considered as belonging to the Jewish race. The time limit for such a donation was set at 170 days.

Jews living in Italy were given ninety days in which to report their property holdings and commercial activities. Under the decree Italian Jews living abroad were 180 days in which to file their report.—United Press.

Ship's Officers Find Incendiary Bombs

Prompt Action Diverts Disaster

London, Feb. 11.

Three smoking incendiary bombs were discovered aboard the excursion ship St. David as she was en route to England from Ireland today with 1,000 passengers aboard.

Ship's officers believed certain disaster had been narrowly averted by the discovery of the bombs. Police guards searched 900 of the passengers aboard the train en route to London after leaving the steamer. Seven persons were detained, but it was not revealed what evidence had been found against them.

The bombs were extinguished before serious damage was done to the St. David. The passengers were en route to London for the England-Ireland Rugby match.—United Press.

Insurgents About to Be Recognized

Britain, France Ready For Move in Spain

Burgos, Feb. 11.

The Nationalists are gratified at reports that Great Britain and France are about to give de jure recognition to General Franco's régime. It is contended, however, that such recognition is now due and should not be delayed until all Republican resistance disappears or remains contingent upon complete withdrawal of German and Italian effectives from Spain.

Political aspects of the Spanish question have for the present completely superseded the military. Their recent acquisition of territory has presented the Nationalists with a vastly augmented task of civil administration.

A Nationalist spokesman, interviewed by Reuter today, said:—

"Events must continue to speak for themselves, as they have spoken in Catalonia. We shall give our enemies a fair hearing. There will be no vindictiveness. How early or how late this sincere purpose becomes recognized by the people of Madrid and Valencia will determine the end of the war."

The avowed determination of the Republican leaders to resist to the last ditch has been received sceptically here. Nevertheless, the Nationalists entertain no idea of compromise.—Reuter.

Volunteers to Withdraw

Paris, Feb. 11.

General Franco has promised France and Britain that he will withdraw all Italian volunteers from his army as soon as he captures Madrid, unconfirmed reports asserted today.—Havas.

Note to Herr Hitler

Berlin, Feb. 11.

The Nationalist Ambassador today handed to Herr Hitler a personal note from General Franco, the Nationalist leader. The contents of the Note were not revealed.

It is believed that the Note possibly contained information on the progress of the negotiations between the Spanish Nationalist authorities and Great Britain and France.

Official quarters here expressed no opinion on the negotiations, but it is understood that Herr von Ribbentrop, the German Foreign Minister, took advantage of a private visit by the French Ambassador yesterday to send a message to the French Government with the envoy, who was going to Paris.

The message, it is believed, is to the effect that Germany does not regard herself as being directly affected by the Mediterranean question, but is far from completely disinterested.—Reuter.

Colonial Demands to Be Made Next Month

Reich Said Prepared to Define Claims

Paris, Feb. 12.

Germany is making the necessary preparations to be able to raise the question of Italian and German colonial claims about March 6 or 10, Mme. Genevieve Tabouis, diplomatic editor of "L'Œuvre," declared in that paper this morning.

At that time a sort of blackmail will be resorted to, she added, such as before the Munich talks.

According to reports furnished by leading British personalities, she went on, Germany's military preparations are being speeded up. Mobilization of the air force is about 95 per cent. complete, since the Reich, on February 10, is said to have called up recruits. On February 15, a real mobilization will be started, while on February 18, all men between the ages of 25 and 30 will be called to the colours, Mme. Tabouis added.

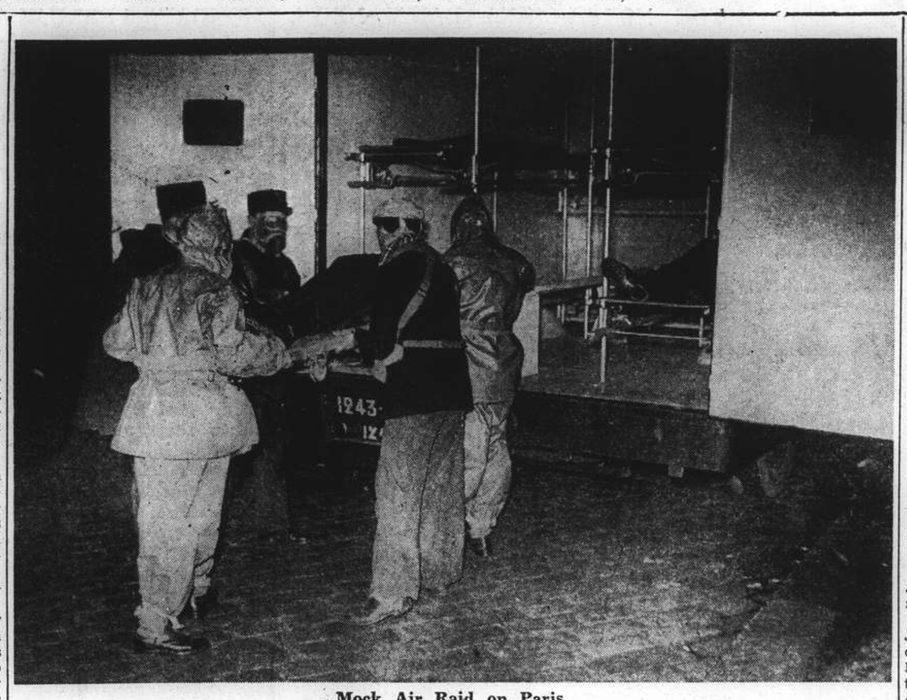
Between March 3 and March 6 Germany will have completed her mobilization and would then be ready to present the colonial claims of both herself and Italy.

"Naturally, British leaders are not particularly pessimistic since such a *'mise en scene'* had been expected both in London and Paris," she ended.—Havas.

Barcelona Consul Can Not Function

Barcelona, Feb. 11.

The Nationalist authorities sent a letter today to M. Binet, French Consul-General here, advising him that, since he had received his exequatur from the Republican Government and since Nationalist Spain was not recognized by the French Government, General Franco could not accord him a new exequatur which would permit him to continue in office here.—Havas.



Mock Air Raid on Paris

The people of Paris had all the thrills recently of a mock air-raid. Conditions were near to those which would exist in war time. The picture shows an emergency ambulance squad dealing with one of the "victims" of the "raid."

Japanese Help Needed To Clean Up Badlands

S.M.C. Chairman Stresses Lack of Co-operation In Fight to Make Western Area Normal Again

IN view of a statement in the press that a spokesman of the Japanese Embassy at a recent conference confirmed reports that a complaint has been lodged with the Shanghai Municipal Council by the Japanese Consul-General in reference to recent acts of terrorism, it is considered that ratepayers to whom the Council is responsible should be informed precisely as to the attitude adopted by the Chairman of the Council on the occasion of the interview referred to.

While stating that the Council deplored the recent terrorist outrages as greatly as did the Japanese authorities, the Chairman refused to admit that there had been any failure on the part of the Shanghai Muncipal Police to take precautions. He stated that while the Council was ready, as always, to welcome and consider any constructive suggestions, it appeared from the reports that had been received that all practicable steps had been taken by the Police. As an example of their vigilance he informed the Japanese Consul-General that during the first eight days of February the police had arrested 144 armed criminals and seized eighteen pistols.

The Chairman proceeded to emphasize that it was impossible for the police satisfactorily to cope with terrorist outrages unless greater co-operation was received from the Japanese authorities in cleaning up the areas adjacent to the extra-Settlement roads. In the enclaves adjacent to these roads and outside the Council's jurisdiction there existed over twenty gambling dens, and there were known to exist no less than eighteen opium hongs. It is further known that a large number of these establishments are operating under Japanese protection.

The inevitable result is that these areas have become the headquarters of criminal gangs which operate from these areas and, after committing outrages in the Settlement or on Council roads, escape back to these areas. It is definitely established by police reports that there have been at least two large and dangerous gangs to whose activities a number of outrages that have occurred have definitely been traced by scientific police methods. One of these gangs was broken up by the Municipal Police in Fah Wah Village, but two of the ringleaders subsequently escaped from the custody of the Japanese-supervised Shanghai Special City Government Police.

Eighteen Cases Against Gang

The first information that an organized gang was operating in the western area was on August 28, 1938, when they participated in an armed highway robbery in a lane off Kinnear Road. Since that date this gang has been connected, through examination of cartridge cases or bullets, with no less than eighteen cases. This gang was associated with the assassination of a detective inspector of the Police Bureau of the Shanghai Special City Government on February 2, 1939, and with the assassination of an official of the Joss Tax Bureau on February 7, 1939.

The Chairman, while expressing gratitude for the co-operation that had been received from the Japanese Gendarmerie, emphasized that much greater co-operation was needed from the Japanese authorities in connection with the western area. He did not profess that Shanghai could ever be freed altogether from armed crime, but he felt certain that if the western area was cleaned up the crime situation would improve to a vast extent. In a large city, especially one that is overcrowded and full of refugees, it is obvious that crime cannot be altogether eliminated. The Chairman further pointed out that pro-Japanese Chinese officials had been warned over and over again by the Japanese Gendarmerie, at the request of the Municipal Police, to try to avoid forming regular habits and using the same roads daily, and that they had also been asked to report all parties and meetings in advance to the police so that special protection could be given. Neither of these requests had been complied with.

Sailors to Escort Kuling Evacuees

Permission Being Sought From Chungking for Trip From Mountain Resort

Kiukiang, Feb. 12.

British and American sailors will be despatched to the mountain resort of Kuling to escort down the Lushan mountain third-Power nationals evacuating to Kiukiang at the request of the Japanese military authorities.

A decision to this effect was reached here last night at a conference between Lieut.-Col. Ryozo Sakurai and Vice-Consul Kikuji Komori, representing the Japanese, and Mr. B. MacDermott, British Vice-Consul at Hankow, and Mr. J. Davies, American Vice-Consul, also from Hankow. The two consular officials arrived here on Friday in the U.S.S. Oahu. The British gunboat in port is H.M.S Ladybird.

Negotiations to obtain a safe-conduct for the evacuees through Chinese lines are understood here to be now underway in Chungking between British and American officials and representatives of the régime of Gen. Chiang Kai-shek. The date for the evacuation will be set as soon as this safe-conduct is obtained.—Domei.

U.S. National Guards Discard Swastika

Phoenix, Arizona, Feb. 11.

The swastika emblem of the 45th Division, comprising south-western National Guard units, was ordered abandoned today because it looks too much like the Nazi cross.

The Guardsmen were indignant because they said that they had had the insignia since the division was organized. One of them said the "Indians used it so long before the Nazis that if anybody copied it then it must have been the Nazis themselves."—United Press.

Japanese Flock to Canton, Opening Many Department Stores in City

Chinese Police Assist Gendarmes in Patrolling Streets; Meat Regulations Being Reimposed

Canton, Feb. 12.

Reminiscent of Nanking, Hankow and other large Chinese cities under Japanese occupation, Japanese shops of all descriptions are springing up in Canton. Several Japanese hotels have also opened, complete with waitresses, while it is reported that the first cabaret will shortly make its appearance in the city.

The majority of Japanese shops doing business are of the department-store variety, their stock ranging from beer—Kirin, Sakura and Asahi—to tinned foodstuffs, stoves and bicycles. Foreign imported goods are also available, such as Lipton's tea and Dutch ball cheese. Payment is usually demanded in yen, although the Chinese National and the Hongkong dollar are accepted at the current rate.

Most of the shops and hotels are situated on Canton's main street, Tai Ping Lo, where such well-known Japanese institutions as the Yokohama Specie Bank and Mitsui Bussan Kaisha have also opened offices.

The Japanese-fostered Peace Preservation Committee is making arrangements to reopen all former Municipal butchery centres in order to meet the needs of the population. Much of the meat at present sold in the markets is not properly certified by a health officer.

Abolition of the surtax formerly imposed on butcher shops has been decreed by the Committee "in order to lighten the burden of the merchants."

Because of the improvement in conditions here, the restrictions on coded telegrams, enforced since the occupation of Canton by the Japanese, have been suspended.

Senders of such coded messages, however, are in future required to send a copy of the translation to the Canton Communication Department for its records.

After over three months' absence—ever since the Japanese occupation at the end of October—Chinese policemen have made their reappearance in certain streets of Canton. This follows the recent success of the Japanese-fostered Peace Maintenance Commission in recruiting nearly 300 men to form the nucleus of a new force. New police stations have also been established in various districts.

For the present, the policing of the city will be done jointly by the new police force and Japanese gendarmes.—Reuter.

Italy Shaken by Earthquakes

Faenza, Italy, Feb. 11.

Strong earthquakes rolled across the Mugello area of Tuscany today, injuring twenty persons and cracking walls in at least seven towns. The tremors were felt throughout the afternoon, centring at Romagna, Florence and Bologna.—United Press.

Palestine Parleys Continue

Zionist Leader to Oppose Arab Independence Claims In Appeal to Britain

London, Feb. 11.

The statement of the Arab case regarding the Palestine question, in which possession of the Holy Land was claimed as a natural right, was discussed this afternoon at a meeting between representatives of the British Government and the Arab delegation. Mr. Malcolm MacDonald, Secretary of State for the Colonies, was among those who participated.

Although the nature of the Jewish claims has still not been publicly disclosed, it is understood that Dr. Claim Weizmann, the Zionist leader, has appealed to the British Government to continue the development of a Jewish national home in Palestine and to maintain Jewish immigration and sales of land to Jews—all of which were opposed in the statement of the Arab case.

Independence Opposed

Much of Dr. Weizmann's appeal is believed to be historical in character, and, in rebutting the Arab claim to complete independence and the establishment of a sovereign Arab state, he particularly emphasized the centuries-long association of the Jews with the Holy Land.

The Balfour Declaration, he claimed, should stand with all its implications, and full observance of the Mandate, he said, was one of the cornerstones of the Jewish case.

An assurance is believed to have been given by Dr. Weizmann that the Jews did not seek political domination of Palestine, though he resisted the suggestion that the Jews already there should be relegated to the status of a minority under purely Arab domination.

After a further meeting between representatives of the British Government and the Jewish delegation on Monday, the business of the conference will enter a phase of bargaining. This has been rendered exceptionally difficult by the inability of the delegates to foregather round a table.—Reuter.

Strikers Warned

Jerusalem, Feb. 11.

The military commander of Jerusalem today gave a serious warning to Arab strikers.

In the event of further Arab strikes, he announced, he intended to close all shops, at the conclusion of every strike, for the same period as the stoppage.—Reuter.

Seven Sentenced to Death

Haifa, Feb. 11.

The Military Court here pronounced the death sentence today upon seven of ten rebels captured by the authorities. One of the accused was sentenced to life imprisonment because of his youth, thus being spared capital punishment. The two other prisoners will be judged at a later date, being ill at present.—Havas.

Censors Ban Films in Singapore

"All Quiet on The Western Front" Not Allowed

Singapore, Feb. 12.

Because it is "political," a re-issue of Universal's film version of Eric Maria Remarque's war book, "All Quiet On the Western Front," has been banned by the Straits Settlements film censor. The film was shown in the Colony when it was made a few years ago.

For the same reason, a Paramount newsreel, "World Condemns Pogrom," will also not be shown here. It deals with Germany's anti-Jewish drive.

"Sworn Enemy" (M.G.M.) "The Affairs of Annabel" (R.K.O.) and "Border G-Men" (R.K.O.) have been banned because of "excessive gunplay," and "Crime School" (Warners) because it shows juvenile criminals.

Several Chinese films have been rejected by the censor because they are "political" or propaganda."—Reuter.

Huge Theft of Petrol In Singapore

Arrest of Chauffeur Shows Systematic Stealing

Singapore, Feb. 12.

The theft of nearly 50,000 gallons of petrol from the Singapore Naval Base over a period of years has been discovered. The thefts are believed to have been committed by Malayan drivers of motor-cars of people at the Base.

The loss of nearly 50,000 gallons of petrol was revealed at the trial of a Malayan driver on a charge of stealing five gallons. He was sentenced to four months' imprisonment.—Reuter.

Gen. Chiang Says Hainan Coup Was Japan's Last Hope

Conquer China Or Provoke World War, China's Leader Tells Press; Strategic Effects Viewed

Chungking, Feb. 12.

"THE Japanese landing on Hainan island marks a turning point in the history of the Pacific and is the most important event since the commencement of the Sino-Japanese hostilities," declared Generalissimo Chiang Kai-shek in reply to questions put forward by foreign correspondents, to whom he gave an interview this morning.

Asked to give his views on the landing of Japanese troops on Hainan Island, the Generalissimo said that in order to appreciate its significance and its repercussions, the question of the Pacific as a whole should be considered.

"Hainan Island is an important strategical point between the Pacific and Indian Oceans. Should an enemy occupy the island, not only would communications between Hongkong and Singapore, and Singapore and Australia be interrupted, but also the security of the Philippine Islands would be threatened."

"This would be the beginning of Japan's naval dominance in the Pacific Ocean."

"When the Island comes under Japanese control," the Generalissimo continued, "the Japanese navy would be able to make its influence felt in the Mediterranean through the Indian Ocean in the west, while in the East, it would be able to cut connection between the American and British bases in Singapore and Hawaii."

"Therefore," General Chiang Kai-shek went on, "the present Japanese movement at Hainan Island, in reality, is in the nature of a reply to the visit of American warships to Singapore last year."

Asked why the Japanese landing on Hainan Island is considered a prelude to Japan's attempt at the control of the Pacific Ocean, the Generalissimo replied:

Three Strategic Points

"We all know Japan has in mind three important strategic points in the Pacific—Saghalien Island in the North, Hainan Island in the West, and Guam in the East.

"With a view to her complete naval dominance of the Pacific, she has been keeping a covetous eye on all three places. Should all these Islands fall into her hands, both Hawaii and the Philippines would be as good as Japanese-occupied territory."

"Having got possession of one half of Saghalien Island," the Generalissimo went on, "Japan is now trying to occupy Hainan Island in the hope of frustrating any possible concerted action that might be taken by the British and American navies in the Pacific.

"If such a scheme goes on unchecked, Japan will next attempt to place herself in a position to control Guam."

"Eventually, she would be able not only to hamper the westward movement of the American fleet, but also to cut the line of communication with the Philippines.

"For the furtherance of her southward expansion and the dominance of the Pacific, Japan for 30 years has been scheming to build a strategic triangle out of the three islands.

"In 1936, when she provoked the Pakhoi incident," General Chiang continued, "her intention was to use this as a pretext to establish herself on Hainan Island. But for fear of international complications, she dared not go any further than this.

Attempt to Conquer China

Now Japan, regardless of the consequences, has invaded the island. This move is the last desperate military attempt at the conquest of China, if it is not for the purpose of inciting a world war.

"After several decades of hesitation, what Japan is now doing is the most important event since the commencement of the Sino-Japanese hostilities, but it is also the turning point in the history of the Pacific Ocean.

Japan has thus revealed her inordinate ambition, and I do not see how those countries which have vital interests in the Far East can watch with unconcern this dangerous development."

The Generalissimo then pointed out that to the Japanese navy, Hainan is the first line of advance in the Pacific in the West, just as Guam Island is in the East.

Questioned as to where he thought Japan's second line of advance would be, the Generalissimo, smilingly replied that the people in Europe would be able to answer and that particularly the Americans would know.

Asked to what extent he thought the Japanese seizure of Hainan Island would affect peace in the Far East, the Generalissimo answered that the occupation of Hainan Island might be considered to be a counterpart of their occupation of Mukden on September 18, 1931. He said that the effect was the same irrespective of the fact that one was committed on land and the other on the sea.

Eight Years Ago

He recalled that during the Mukden outrage, all the statesmen of the world, with the exception of Colonel Stimson, then American Secretary of State, failed to give it serious consideration. This enabled the Japanese to extend the scope of their invasion continuously, he stated.

(Continued on page 8)

World News in Brief

Rome, Feb. 11.—Trade accords, including a clearing arrangement, been concluded by Germany and Italy and will be signed on Monday.—Havas.

London, Feb. 12.—The Netherlands Foreign Minister, Dr. Patijn, who is coming to London next week, will unveil a memorial tablet in commemoration of the great Netherlands statesman and jurist Hugo Grotims in the Netherlands church in London.—Trans-Ocean.

Paris, Feb. 11.—A gala evening devoted to Chinese plays and music will be held shortly by the International Literary Circle here, of which M. Jules Romains, famous writer, is president. The Cultural Mission of China will collaborate in the staging of the various numbers on the programme.—Havas.

Berlin, Feb. 11.—Count Hidemaro Konoye will conduct an orchestra for a special evening broadcast at the Hamburg Wireless Station on Monday, February 13, when heads of the Hitler Youth group that only recently returned from Japan, will speak upon impressions that they had brought back with them from the Far East.—Havas.

Prosperity Visits Haiphong

Facilities Unequal to Cargo Demand; Watch Kept for Munitions

Haiphong, Feb. 12.

As the result of its new position as the best point of entry for goods in transit to the interior of China, Haiphong is enjoying a boom. Port receipts, according to a report of the Chamber of Commerce, have more than doubled.

Haiphong is now being served by two British and two French lines. Several other shipping companies, hard hit by the cutting off of Canton, have applied for permission for their ships to dock here.

A leading French shipping company has appealed to the authorities to refuse this request, declaring that the docking facilities in Haiphong are now being fully utilized.

Even in existing circumstances, it is stated, it is necessary to hold goods at Haiphong for several months before they can be shipped to the interior, partly because the Haiphong-Kunming Railway, with its rather limited capacity, is unable to cope with present requirements.

Goods Piled Up

It is impossible to obtain enough storage space for incoming cargo. The import godowns, as well as those used for storing export goods, are full, and there are several thousand cases piled up on the docks.

Those goods which are being sent to the interior of China, officials here declare, consist of factory materials only, and no breach of neutrality is involved in permitting their shipment.

The port authorities are maintaining such a careful watch on all goods brought in, and at times have been so careful that considerable delay has frequently been experienced by shippers in obtaining permits to send their imports to the interior.

Between 1,000 to 2,000 motor-cars, most of them of American make, are now awaiting transhipment on the docks here. A great many of them were brought to Haiphong from Hongkong when it became impossible to send them via Canton.

As the capacity of the Haiphong-Kunming Railway is about only 100 tons a train, it will be some time before these motor-cars can be shipped to their destination, Kunming.—Reuter.

Police Fire to Quell Cawnpore Riots

Fifteen Dead, 157 Wounded In Religious Affray

Bombay, Feb. 12.

The normal life of the city of Cawnpore, on the Ganges, is paralyzed following a serious of Hindu-Moslem riots which took place here last night and at dawn this morning. In today's disturbances, police were obliged to fire on rioters on six different occasions, and over 300 arrests have been made. British troops are patrolling the affected areas.

The total number of casualties to date is 15 killed, and 157 wounded. Of these, three persons were killed and 50 injured in last night's riots. Several shops were looted.

The riots came as a climax to rising tension in the past few days because of the objections raised by Moslems to Hindus playing music in front of a mosque.

Curfew is being enforced, and other precautions taken to guard against a renewal of disorder.—Reuter.

Natives Face Starvation In African Floods

Waters Prevent Aid Sent In Mashonaland

Johannesburg, Feb. 12.

Many districts in Mashonaland, in Southern Rhodesia, have been isolated as the result of serious floods in the Union provinces of Transvaal and Natal extending northward. Many districts are isolated.

Up to the present it has been impossible to estimate the death-roll with any degree of accuracy, but at least 18 persons are believed to have been drowned. No reliable estimate of the damage is yet available.

Natives of the famous Kruger Game Park are facing starvation. Their crops have been ruined and their cattle washed away, and it has so far been impossible to convey food to them.—Reuter.

Elections Held for Ukraine Diet

Prague, Feb. 12.

Church bells were rung throughout the Carpatho-Ukraine last night to remind the people to record their votes today in the elections for the province's first Diet.

There is little doubt as to the result, as the people merely have to vote for or against a government list of candidates.

Members of the Hungarian minority under the leadership of Count Esterhazy have announced their intention to vote against the candidates.—Reuter.

Funeral Ceremonies for Pope Pius XI Commenced

Public Allowed to View Remains as Nine Days Ritual Opens; Huge Crowds in St. Peter's

Vatican City, Feb. 12.

THE funeral ceremonies for the Pope, which are to last nine days, started here this morning. The general congregation of Cardinals met in the Consistory Hall for two hours this morning. Thirty Cardinals were present.

The "Novendiales", or funeral services for the Pope, commenced at 10 a.m. They will take place in the Basilica of St. Peter Cathedral for the first seven days, and in the Sistine Chapel for the remaining two days.

The remains of the late Pius XI have been placed on a catafalque surrounded by several lines of chandeliers. The entire Basilica is illuminated by candles. A solemn mass was celebrated by a Church dignitary clad in a black cape, in the presence of all the members of the Vatican chapter.

The entrance to the Cathedral was thrown open to the public this morning, and an enormous crowd started filing by the remains.—Havas.

Lying in State

Vatican City, Feb. 11.

Solemnly and reverently the body of Pope Pius XI was borne from the Sistine Chapel to the chapel of the Blessed Sacrament in St. Peter's Church today where Catholics of every walk of life will be permitted to file past the catafalque to pay their last respects to the "Missionary Pope."

Until funeral services are completed, the Pope's body will remain in public view in the mother church of 400,000,000 Catholics throughout the world.

The ceremony during which the late Pope's body was moved from the Sistine Chapel to St. Peter's today lasted almost an hour and ranked in splendour and beauty with any of the resplendent ceremonies over which the Pope presided during the 17 years of his reign.

A crimson chasuble was placed over the Pope's Pontifical white woollen robe and over his shoulders was draped a striped white and gold cape. On his head was the gold mitre, which is symbolic of his episcopal dignity, and on his white gloved hand was his episcopal ring.

The Papal State armed forces in mediaeval uniforms and ecclesiastical and lay dignitaries, garbed in picturesque and heavily embroidered robes and uniforms, participated in the impressive ceremony.

Twelve Pallbearers

Twelve pallbearers carried the Pope's bier to the catafalque where final absolution was given. The Cardinals, diplomats and all other notables in the cortege immediately filed past the bier, making the sign of the cross as they viewed the Pope in death.

Some quarters reported that the Pope would be buried Monday night, although the funeral Masses would continue for nine days.

Meanwhile the successor to the Pope was expected to be a "religious" rather than a "political" Pope. Authoritative Vatican sources were practically unanimous in predicting that the present world situation would likely prompt the Conclave to take a long range view in selecting a new Pontiff.

Following the conclusion of the ceremony today in which the Pope's body was removed to St. Peter's, the Basilica, which holds 40,000 people, was opened. When the first few thousand people had entered, however, the pressure from the crowds attempting to pay tribute to the Pope became so great that the gates were closed until tomorrow.

The Dean of the Sacred College, Granito Cardinal di Belmonte, addressing the Congregation of Cardinals, today exhorted those present to intensify their prayers that the "Almighty will give his Church the providential man capable of piloting the Catholic Church with a sage hand and the mystic oath of St. Peter, especially during these difficult times."—United Press.

Crusade For Good

Washington, Feb. 11.

A high dignitary of the Catholic Church today asked the 21,000,000 Catholics in the United States to join a national crusade for good in the Government in tribute to the memory of Pope Pius XI.—United Press.

Jewish Condolences

London, Feb. 12.

Rabbi Herzog, Chief Rabbi of Palestine, who is at present in London, sent a telegram of condolences to Cardinal Eugenio Pacelli, Papal Secretary of State, on the occasion of the Pope's death.

Rabbi Herzog expressed the profound sympathy of—world Jewry—and regretted the great loss suffered by the Catholic Church and humanity.—Havas.

Gen. Chiang's Regrets

Chungking, Feb. 12.

General Chiang Kai-shek has telegraphed to the Vatican his condolences on the death of the Pope. The Generalissimo praised the Pope's efforts in the interests of world peace.—Reuter.

Mexico Mourns

Mexico City, Feb. 12.

All churches throughout Mexico will take part in the mourning ceremony for the late Pope Pius XI. Tomorrow, Archbishop Francisco Martinez of Mexico City will celebrate a solemn requiem mass.

The entire press this morning devoted lengthy articles on the Pope's death.—Havas.

Mass in New York

New York, Feb. 12.

The Rev. Stephen Donahue, Administrator of the Archiepiscopal diocese of New York, declared today that a pontifical mass would be celebrated next Wednesday, to coincide with the burial of the late Pope Pius XI in Rome.

Meanwhile, Mayor Fiorello LaGuardia of New York City has ordered that flags on all public buildings will remain at half-mast until after the mass.—Havas.

House Postpones Debate

Washington, Feb. 12.

In consequence of the Pope's death, the House of Representatives is postponing discussion of President Roosevelt's $552,000,000 rearmament programme from Monday to Tuesday.

The House will meet on Monday only long enough to pass a resolution expressing regret over the death of the Pontiff.—Reuter.

U.S. Cardinals Sail

New York, Feb. 11.

Cardinal Dougherty, of Philadelphia, and Cardinal Mundelein, of Chicago, left for Rome today to participate in the election of a new Pope to succeed Pius XI, whose death occurred yesterday.

Cardinal O'Connell, of Boston, who arrived in Rome too late for the last two elections, which took place in 1914 and 1922, is expected to leave for Italy next week.—Reuter.

Prepared Speech Not To Be Published

Pope's Address on Date of Concordat to Stay Secret

Rome, Feb. 12.

The speech which Pope Pius XI was to have delivered yesterday at the meeting of 280 Italian Archbishops and Bishops on the occasion of the 10th anniversary of the conciliation between the Holy See and the Italian State, will not be made public, it was asserted here today.

Indeed, it is not likely that the members of the Sacred College will ratify the publication of an address which may in any way mar the general freedom of action of the new Pope.

It would seem that the Italian Cardinals were informed of the late Pope's intentions regarding the speech.

According to well-informed quarters, the Pope was to have dealt with the effects of the recent Fascist laws on mixed marriages. It may be recalled that Pope Pius severely condemned laws of a racial character as being contrary to the 1929 Concordat.—Havas.

Germany Opposed to Cardinal Pacelli

Would Like Moderate to Be Chosen Pontiff

Berlin, Feb. 12.

Although authoritative circles here refused to comment on the elections for the new Pope, it is understood that the "powers that be" would like to see the choice fall upon Cardinal Dalla Costa, Archbishop of Florence, known for his reserved utterances on political matters, particularly regarding Fascism.

Nazi opposition to Cardinal Eugenio Pacelli, Vatican Secretary of State, has often been revealed and the paper "Der Angriff," published in 1937, a series of articles on the Cardinal which were later spread among the population in booklet form. The articles accused the Vatican of desiring to prevent unity in Italy. Several hundred thousand of these booklets were distributed.—Havas.

Pope's Death Affects Italian Lottery

Strange Coincidence Over Winning Numbers

Rome, Feb. 11.

The death of Pope Piux XI had great and unlooked for effects upon the "Loto," or Italian national lottery, it was remarked here today. Because of the people's superstitious beliefs, the "Loto" enjoyed unusual popularity today as huge throngs were turned away, coming too late to place their bets.

By some strange coincidence, it was noted, among the winning numbers prominent were the figures 11, 17 and 81.

These numbers yielded rich returns to a great many betters who placed their money on them out of superstitious beliefs. The late Pope had been the eleventh of his name, his reign had lasted 17 years and he was 81 years old at his death.—Havas.

Jewellery Store Victim Of Daring Robbery

Three Men Take Twenty Watches in Nanking Road

The most daring armed robbery in months was perpetrated by a gang of three, who entered a Chinese jewellery store at 352 Nanking Road shortly after 6.45 p.m. last night and managed to get away with about 20 watches valued at about $500.

Of the three thugs, two were armed, one with an automatic pistol, the other with a hand-grenade. They calmly entered the shop when there were no other customers and intimidated the five assistants who were present at the time, whilst the unarmed man proceeded to empty one of the show-cases in which were about 20 watches.

Before leaving, they told the shop assistants that if they raised an alarm, they would be punished. The gunmen left, but the five persons in the shop, were too terrified to look in which direction.

Police parties from Central arrived on the scene, shortly after the alarm was raised, a few minutes after the desperadoes had left, and investigations are still proceeding.

Meanwhile, it is understood, pawnshops throughout the Settlement and the Concession have been warned to inform the police if suspicious looking persons should attempt to pawn any of the stolen watches, a detailed description of which has already been circulated.

The thugs, it was learned, spoke the Shanghai dialect.

British Ambassador Returning

Peiping, Feb. 11.

Sir Archibald Kerr, British Ambassador to China, who has spent the past week here, left today for Chinwangtao on his way back to Shanghai. The Ambassador will make the journey from Chinwangtao to Shanghai in H.M.S. Sandwich, an escort vessel of 1045 tons.—Reuter.

Gen. Chiang Says Hainan Coup Was Japan's Last Hope

(Continued from page 7)

"Eight years have now passed," he went on, "and during this period, Japan has created for herself a dominating position in the Orient, and has hypnotized herself into the belief that she is able to conquer the world.

"Should she be permitted to hold Hainan Island following her invasion of it, I believe that in a short time, the foundation for her planned new air and naval base would be laid.

"As a consequence, the International situation in the Pacific would undergo a great change. Even if France should then wish to establish a naval base in Indo-China, and the United States should desire to defend Guam, I fear that they would not have the needed time for so doing.

In making the present southward move, the Generalissimo pointed out, Japan did not intend to use it for the termination of the Sino-Japanese hostilities, but obviously she had made up her mind to run the risk of sowing seeds of war in the Pacific.

Defence on Land

Asked what defence measures the Chinese Government had taken on the island, the Generalissimo answered that, because of her lack of naval forces, China had not given much consideration to the defence of her coastline, but that her land forces had made sufficient preparations, and would do their utmost to prevent the Japanese from occupying the island.

As to a possible Japanese attack on Pakhoi, the Generalissimo stated that "we have taken necessary precautionary measures, and are ready to offer strong resistance.

"All military observers", he went on to say, "hold the same opinion—hat a Japanese attack on Pakhoi would only lead to Japan being placed in a more disadvantageous position, without compensating benefits in her war of aggression."

Questioned about the effect of the Japanese landing on Hainan Island upon the Sino-Japanese hostilities, the Generalissimo replied:—

"It has little effect on our war of resistance. The issue will be fought out on land, and the occupation of the island would be of no consequence."—Reuter.

Municipal Orchestra

Yesterday's concert at the Lyceum marked the second of the series given under the auspices of the Alliance Française played by the Municipal Orchestra under the baton of Maestro Paci.

Once in a while, statistics are interesting and informative. In this case, two more works received their premiere in this town, which marks the fifth French work in this category and swells the total of all works played here for the first time this season to eighteen, which is just 25 per cent. of the grand total. Nice going, although in the same breath it must be recorded that so far only two English works have been played. One was a premiere, the honours for which go to the Shanghai Choral Society as much as to the Orchestra. Of course, this lamentable state of affairs (lamentable, indeed, for there is fine stuff coming out of England these days) is mainly accounted for by the fact that the Municipal Orchestra's library is very sparsely represented in current British works. We want to see the names of Bax, Bliss, Ireland, Rubbra, and Walton on the programmes; we owe it to the musical public of Shanghai. Apologies, however, for this piece of musical flag-wagging.

There were to have been three new French works presented yesterday, but as a mark of respect to the sudden death of a member of the orchestra, the care-free jollity of Ibert was omitted. This latter is to appear on the next programme. The remaining works were Roussel's "Feast of the Spider"—music for ballet—and Honegger's "Pastorale d'Ete"—music just for music's sake. Roussel's work is both clever and beautiful, but it is consciously so, which may account for the occasional interpolations of Debussy and Ravel. This is not representative Roussel, for the lean and forceful style of the later years has not yet been achieved. Honegger's "Pastorale" is a charming little piece of sunny subjectivism on the theme of Summer, beautifully performed which also goes for the Roussel.

In place of the Divertissement of Ibert, the orchestra played Debussy's "Afternoon of a Faun" in a manner which cannot be described otherwise than exquisite.

Mary Stewart appeared as soloist in a group of songs. In the first two songs we would ask her not to be hurt if we said that she did not attain the eminence of her performance on previous occasions. Debussy's "Jet d'Eau", her third song, is both lovely and difficult, but in this instance somewhat marred by an excess of orchestral volume. The short "La Lettre" by Aubert is a song of merit and was sung beautifully. Less merited, but equally well sung, was Reynaldo Hahn's "L'Heure Exquise" out of the "Chansons Grises." Apropos of the Debussy song, it would seem that there is here a definite link with his Russian trip, for in the "Jet d'Eau" a distinct Borodin flavour is to be tasted, particularly of his "Sleeping Princess," with its major seconds.

The Cesar Franck symphony alternated between good and indifferent. The first movement was ponderous, drawing deep breaths now and again of sentimental satisfaction. The ever chromatically and sequentially inclined Franck has often been charged with spinal curvature of musical outlook, and one must always make him sit as upright as possible. The second movement was in every way fine and so would the last have been if the trombones, particularly the bass, were not so keen on voicing their own views.—R.

France Demands Explanation Of Hainan Landing

Japan's Intentions Queried; Permanent Occupation Would Be Viewed Seriously; Powers Confer

Paris, Feb. 11.

THE French Government today demanded that Japan explain her motives in occupying Hainan Island, the strategic base off the coast of French Indo-China, and indicate whether the occupation was to be permanent. The French demands were presented in Tokyo after a conference between the British and French Governments regarding Hainan Island had resulted in the adoption of a common policy. Both nations will protest to Japan against the violation of treaties if the French inquiry shows that Japanese occupation of Hainan is likely to be permanent.

Although determined to investigate Japan's intentions on Hainan Island, French authorities continued to remain moderate in their comments on the occupation of the strategic island today. They said the Japanese were believed to have occupied the island in an effort to control ship movements in south China waters and prevent the Chinese Government from receiving war supplies.

French authorities pointed out that Japan continues to accuse France of tolerating Cantonese traffic in arms through Indo-China despite two official French denials and reiteration today that no arms are reaching China across the Indo-China border.—United Press.

Talks in London

London, Feb. 12.

M. Charles Corbin, the French Ambassador, called at the Foreign Office yesterday morning on business in connection with Japan's occupation of Hainan Island, the "Sunday Times" wrote today.

It added, "It is perhaps not without significance that the occupation of Hainan—an action from which Japan had promised to refrain so long as France did not allow munitions to reach China by the Yunnan railway—coincides with Italian claims upon France.

"Japan and Italy are known to have been in close consultation with each other of late, but it was thought that Tokyo had rejected Italian overtures..." the newspaper closed.—Havas.

British Statement Expected

London, Feb. 11.

The British Government is expected to announce its attitude toward the Japanese occupation of Hainan Island in the House of Commons tomorrow.

Britain will join any French move to counteract the Japanese manœuvre, informed quarters said. It was believed, however, that both the French and British Governments would confine themselves to formal protests as long as the European situation demands their constant attention.—United Press.

Temporary or Permanent

Paris, Feb. 11.

The fact that the Japanese invasion of Hainan seriously complicates the Far Eastern question is emphasized in the French evening newspapers today.

The whole question, says "Le Temps," is whether Japan intends the occupation to be temporary or permanent. If it is permanent, it will be evidence of the breaking of the spirit of the Franco-Japanese Agreement of 1907, and France will be faced by a change in the centre of gravity caused by the presence of Japanese forces in a region greatly affecting interests which she will not be able to renounce.

"We must wish this point to be cleared up quickly," the journal goes on, "otherwise the Governments in Paris and London will be forced to revise their position regarding the Sino-Japanese hostilities."

"Le Journal des Debats" says: "The Japanese occupation of Hainan, although not an immediate menace to Indo-China, is still serious for us. Such occupations, made from military motives, generally end by being permanent."—Reuter.

Italian Press Comment

Rome, Feb. 11.

Japan's occupation of Hainan Island yesterday morning constitutes a threat to the Far Eastern interests of the great Powers, the Italian press asserted today.

The "Giornale d'Italia," edited by Signor Virginio Gayda, wrote, "The occupation neutralizes the British base at Hongkong and the French base at Kwangchow."

The "Tribuna" stated, "The Japanese Government are awaiting with great firmness and calm the diplomatic initiatives of the foreign Powers."

The "Telegrafo," a newspaper voicing the views of the family of Count Galeazzo Ciano, the Foreign Minister, considered the Japanese landing at Hainan much more important than either the fall of Tientsin or Canton.

Only economic interests were affected in the latter cities, the newspaper pointed out. But with the occupation of the southern Chinese island, "things will change."—Havas.

Hainan and Majorca

Paris, Feb. 11.

A certain similarity exists between Japan's occupation of Hainan Island and Italy's occupation of Majorca, French observers pointed out this evening.

Both these islands, one in the South China Sea and the other in the Mediterranean, are of great strategical importance to France and Great Britain. Therefore, they pointed out, the French and British Governments are equally interested in both cases and their attitude is identical.

Both Paris and London will recall to the Gaimusho the fact that respect for Franco-British interests in China has been the condition for their neutrality in the Sino-Japanese conflict to date, it was understood.

So far as France is concerned, Japan must respect Hainan's status as provided for in the 1907 accord, if France is to continue to prevent arms smuggling to China through French Indo-China.

Great Britain, who, in collaboration with the United States may exert pressure upon the Japanese trade balance, can at any moment decide to adopt a pro-Chinese policy, it was further pointed out.—Havas.

Peace Commission Formed

Hoihow, Feb. 12.

Twenty-four hours after the Japanese occupation of Hainan Island a committee of 20 members to organize a Peace Maintenance Commission was formed here yesterday.

About 200 leading Chinese citizens of the city met at the Chamber of Commerce yesterday afternoon to discuss plans for organizing a commission with the co-operation of Japanese military authorities.

Representatives were sent to the Japanese military headquarters to request assistance in forming the commission.

Order was being restored rapidly as thousands of residents of the city returned to their homes after a brief evacuation.—Domei.

Small Japanese Casualties

Hoihow, Feb. 12.

Japanese army forces suffered three dead and two wounded in the eight-hour operations that led to the capture of Kiungchow, seat of the Hainan Island Government, and Hoihow, principal port, last Friday, it was officially announced here today. The landing, it was revealed, was effected at Chengmai Bay.

Chinese losses were given as 250 dead abandoned on the field, in addition to 60 prisoners. Booty taken by the Japanese included three 23-centimetre guns, one 15-centimetres gun, 250 rifles, 5,000 rounds of rifle ammunition, two machine guns and 200 shells.—Domei.

Indians Honour Trade Commissioner

A tea party was given last week in the Park Hotel by the Indian Merchants Association in honour of Dr. R. R. Saksena, Indian Trade Commissioner who recently arrived here from Japan for a short stay. Mr. H. A. R. Savul, president of the new association which aims at unity among Shanghai Indian merchants and development of commerce, was chairman of the meeting.

Dr. Saksena, who was said to have given much assistance to the new association before its establishment, delivered a speech in which he expressed the hope that Indians today will make their country, already ranked as the fifth industrial nation, even more progressive, for whatever failings they might have are not inherited. To back up his arguments the speaker mentioned many intellectual and cultural achievements in Indian history.

Lord Baldwin's Fund For Refugees

London, Feb. 12.

Lord Baldwin's fund for refugees now totals £394,699.—Reuter.

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U.S. Naval Games Open Today

Large Concentration of Ships in Caribbean Sea; Invasion Envisaged

Washington, Feb. 11.

The most powerful naval force ever assembled by the United States will test the Western Hemisphere's vulnerability from attack from Europe and Africa in an area covering the entire Caribbean and the Atlantic Ocean as far south as the Amazon River during manœuvres which start on Monday.

Approximately half the force of 140 warships, 600 planes and 60,000 men now assembled at Guantanamo, Cuba, will move to undisclosed positions on Monday preparatory to launching an attack in an effort to gain possession of the Panama Canal and possibly other strategic points.

Informed quarters understood each country within the scope of the manœuvres has been designated as friendly, unfriendly or neutral. It was not known, however, how these designations of the particular countries was made. Some circles reported the Navy had attempted to emulate probable war-time conditions in designating the nature of the countries toward the United States.

Attack From Atlantic

The attacking force, it is understood, can attack the defending units at any point between the Equator and New York. Since the attacking force will begin its offensive from the Atlantic instead of a theoretical enemy base in the Western Hemisphere, it was presumed the Navy expects any future attacks on the United States or the Western Hemisphere to be based on Europe or Africa.

The ability of the attacking force to gain control of the Panama Canal or near-by areas is expected to have great influence in determining the degree to which Congress will authorize increased fortification of the Caribbean and Atlantic frontiers.—United Press.

Giant Clipper Arrives In San Francisco

To Wing Way Across U.S. Continent

San Francisco, Feb. 11.

The gigantic 74-passenger Clipper of the Pan American Airways en route to Baltimore to inaugurate the company's trans-Atlantic service arrived here at 3.15 p.m. today after a five-hour trip from Astoria, Oregon.

The huge airliner is the second 74-passenger Clipper turned out by the Boeing Aircraft plant. The first will be used on the trans-Pacific route. The trans-Pacific airliner is to make its maiden flight without passengers on February 22.

The 74-passenger Clipper for the trans-Atlantic service will be put on the route between Baltimore and Europe within several weeks, giving the United States victory in the international race for the establishment of the first regular commercial trans-Atlantic aeroplane service.—United Press.

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Allenburys GLYCERINE & BLACKCURRANT PASTILLES

FOR YOUR THROAT

Guerillas Surrounded By Japanese

Fifty Thousand Hemmed in By New Drive

Shihchiachwang, Feb. 12.

Fifty thousand guerillas and regulars under the command of Gen. Lu Chung-lin were being encircled by Japanese troops in mopping-up drives in southern Hopei, according to field dispatches reaching here today.

Kinsien at the confluence of the Hulu and Hutou Rivers has been completely cleared of guerillas, the messages claimed. A motorized unit which captured the town succeeded in cutting off the retreat of 2,000 Chinese who had been attempting to evacuate Hengshui and vicinity on the right bank of the Hulu River.

Mopping-up was completed yesterday in the neighbourhood of Shulu, east of Shihchiachwang, which was captured a few days ago. Four hundred Chinese were routed in a clash yesterday near Nanho on the Peiping-Hankow Railroad.

Chinese troops around Tsaokiang, west of the railroad, and Wukiang, on the right bank of the Hulu River, were threatened with being hemmed in by the tightening Japanese lines, the dispatches said.

A detachment which occupied Nankung, near the Shansi border, has been engaged in a major offensive against a large force of Chinese in the vicinity.—Domei.

The World's Congress on Housing and Planning for 1944 will be held in Montreal, according to advice received in Montreal from George L. Pepler of the British Ministry of Health and International president of the Federation for Housing and Town Planning. The congress city is selected six years ahead to enable completion of any projects contemplated by the city.

One of the first men Dr. Hjalman Schacht saw on his important visit to London was his own doctor-brother, a prominent specialist from the Rhineland, who comes here for a few days every year to keep in touch with a number of distinguished patients. The more famous Dr. Schacht has had an astonishing career. Until he was nearly 40 he was the manager of a small provincial bank, earning only a modest salary. But he impressed those with whom he came in contact by his mastery of statistics, and eventually his head office appointed him as its Press officer. After that his progress was rapid, and once he became head of the Reichsbank he proved, by one brilliant stroke after another, to be a financial genius. While keeping the mark nominally on a gold basis he gave Germany all the benefits of inflation, and made many of Hitler's costly schemes possible.

Power Companies for Tsinan, Chefoo

Peiping, Feb. 12.

The North China Development Company will establish power firms in Tsinan and Chefoo to supply light and power to the two Shantung cities and surrounding areas, it was announced today. The companies will be organized in the near future.

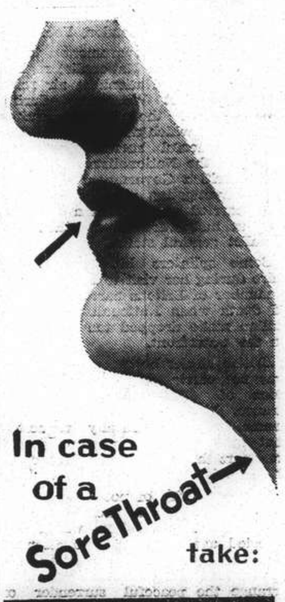
At Tsinan the Shantung and Tsinan Electric Company will be established with a capital of Y.4,000,000 half of which will be paid up.

The East Shantung Electric Company will be organized in Chefoo with a capital of Y.2,000,000.—Domei.

Foreigners to Fly For Chinese in South

More than 80 foreign aviators arrived in Yunnan and Kwangsi recently by way of Hongkong to join the Chinese air force, a Hongkong dispatch reaching here yesterday said.

Most of these foreign aviators are of U.S. and Soviet nationalities, the report said. With the exception of a few who will serve as aviation instructors, the aviators will be employed by the Chinese to fly combat planes, the despatch stated.



In case of a Sore Throat take:

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The Germ-Killing Throat Tablet

Beauty Secret Revealed

In Tiny Drop of Girl's Blood!

Too pale and too thin to be called beautiful (she weighed only 91½ lbs.)—a girl recently got in touch with an authority who suggested a month's treatment. "First of all," said he, "we must test your blood." So he placed a tiny drop of her blood under his microscope. The test showed that the girl was anaemic. That is, her blood was low in red corpuscles. And to make matters worse these corpuscles were low in haemoglobin or iron-nutriment. No wonder that, besides being underweight, she had no colour and was actually in a run-down condition.

Treatment Produced Happy Results

Having found out the condition of the girl's blood, her advisor instructed her to take two of Dr. Williams' Pink Pills (called pink because of their pink sugar coating) three times a day for a month and then return for another blood test. And what a radiantly different girl came back in 30 days! She had gained 9 pounds and the condition of her blood was so vastly improved that her advisor was astonished. Her complexion glowed with health. In the words of the authority, "Her face had rounded out and she was positively pretty".

Use This Tested Remedy Yourself

Your mirror and your feelings can tell you if your blood is thin and pale. It is surprising how many persons there are who are afflicted in this way. But—as the experience of the girl mentioned above proves—there is no need to endure such a condition. If you are run-down, anaemic, weak, thin-blooded. Dr. Williams' Pink Pills will definitely help you to regain health. They do this by increasing the number of red corpuscles and the amount of iron in your blood. This gives you more vigour—you feel stronger, appetite improves; work and play become more interesting to you—in fact, by raising the tone of the system, Dr. Williams' Pink Pills give you a new outlook on life.

Secure for yourself this tested remedy. Take it for 30 days. Your feelings will definitely register the gain you have made and you will realize that by building up the blood with this fine old preparation you are adopting one of the surest ways of recovering health and vitality. Obtainable at chemists.

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FROM DAY TO DAY

No whit less marvellous than her brother, Lord Baden-Powell, is Miss Agnes Baden-Powell. She celebrated her eightieth birthday by taking a morning swim and a lesson in the "Lambeth Walk."

Mr. C. G. G. Pearson of the Chinese Salt Revenue Department and Mrs. Pearson left yesterday morning for Hongkong and Kung Ming in the ss. Tai Sang. Mr. Pearson has been transferred to the Kung Ming district of the Salt Administration.

Silver coins or metals are liable to confiscation by the Chekiang Customs authorities if found upon the persons of people leaving the east Chekiang areas for outports, according to a recent instruction, says the "Wen Wei Pao." The silver should be surrendered to the Chinese Government banks and exchanged for legal tender notes, the order stated.

Japan is planning a "Grave of the Unknown Soldier" to commemorate the war against China. The people of Tokyo are expected to contribute more than one million yen for a giant war memorial in Tokyo. Government authorities are studying designs submitted for the monument. The location has been set for Ueno Park, a section of Tokyo known principally for its Zoo, the largest in Japan.

A musical tea will be held at the Y.W.C.A. on February 17 for members and their friends. A very interesting programme has been arranged by Miss Ruth H. Bugbee in the form of a lecture-recital giving a panorama of music history. It will be illustrated by students of group voice and chorus, of the University of Shanghai Music Department. Tea will be served at 5 and the programme will start at 5.30 p.m.

The various army commanders have been ordered to supply their units with padded winter garments and blankets by the middle of February, says a Hongkong Chinese message to the "Shun Pao." Those who fail to carry out this order in the specified time, the report states, will be charged with mistreatment of their troops and of withholding the soldiers wages, and will be punished accordingly, the order stated.

The Ministry of Finance and the Ministry of Economics may permit certain products to be exported from the East Chekiang ports to Shanghai, following the recent petitions addressed to them by various Chinese trade guilds and Chambers of Commerce, it was learned yesterday, says the "Wen Wei Pao." The petitions are now being taken under careful consideration, but pending a final decision, the embargo will continue to be enforced, the report states.

Mr. Spencer Leeson, the headmaster of Winchester, has been telling parents that he is "tired of the Jeremiahs who predict for the country and the Commonwealth incredible distress." Teaching is in his blood, and after five years in Whitehall he went back to his old school, Winchester, as an assistant master. His unique experience and his commonsense views about the training of boys give him great influence with the Headmasters' Conference.

Lord Rothschild, who is giving Tring Park to the British Museum, is the third Rothschild to hold the barony, and a very strict Jew. When he married Barbara, daughter of Mr. St. John Hutchinson, Recorder of Hastings, in 1933, she conformed to his faith. The present holder of the peerage inherited various fortunes, among them nearly two millions from an aunt, Miss Alice de Rothschild, a great hostess of late Victorian and Edwardian days.

Major-General L. V. Bond, who is to be the next General Officer Commanding in Malaya, is yet another Sapper-trained officer to be given a key position. Engineer officers are much to the fore these days, as befits the era of mechanisation. General Bond saw much service in India and the East. All his war services were there. And he can be depended upon to develop the defences of Singapore to the highest degree of safety. Singapore now is a vital outpost of the Empire.

At the age of 81, Dr. W. F. Geikie-Cobb, who has performed so many wedding ceremonies for the divorced at the City church of St. Ethelburga's, has arranged to marry again. His bride, Miss Elizabeth Colquhoun, who is retiring from her position as headmistress of a girls' school in Surrey, is younger than the children of his first marriage. Dr. Geikie Cobb's considerate attitude to the divorced had nothing to do with his own experience. His first wife, who died in 1936, celebrated her golden wedding.

Few appear to remember that the Duke of Windsor was born at White Lodge, Richmond Park, which is to be let to Mrs. Reynolds Albertini. The other children of the then-Duke and Duchess of York were born at York Cottage, Sandringham, but the future Queen Mary wanted her mother to be at hand on this first occasion. Mrs. Albertini, wife of a rich American whose fortune came from railways, at present has a home in Windsor Great Park. She is a sister of Mr. Reginald Denny, the English film artist.

The Ministry of Economics has now definitely ruled that Shanghai is a Japanese-controlled area and no Chinese products will be permitted to be sent from the Chinese-controlled areas to this port, says the "Sin Wan Pao." A total of 43 other districts in Kiangsu, and 14 in Chekiang provinces, the report adds, are also now treated as either guerilla or occupied area or areas in which the Japanese occupy a dominant position, and the Chinese Government embargo is being enforced upon exportation of products to these areas.

Air Vice-Marshal John T. Babington had to make a forced landing at Nankauri Harbour, Nicobar Islands, during a non-stop long-distance flight between Ceylon and Singapore. He is the Commander-in-Chief of the R.A.F. in the Far East and an outstanding personality. He plays polo, rides and shoots well; is comparatively young, has had rapid promotion and is the only one of the Air Force Chiefs who is an old Etonian. Above average height, he is a daring and courageous man. He won his D.S.O. for dropping bombs on the Friedrichshafen Airship Factory.

New Import Tax For Interior

Goods Must Pay Levy to "Reformed" Regime in All Occupied Areas

Commencing next week Japanese authorities will co-operate with officials of the "Reformed Government" at Nanking in levying the "import tax" on goods transported to the territory under their control, and to this end a tax bureau has come into existence in Hsupukow, a riverport district in Kiangsu which leads direct to Changshu. Branch tax offices have been established in Wusih, Soochow, Changshu and other important districts.

According to Chinese reports, all goods carried by Shanghai steamers to the occupied districts in the interior of Chekiang and Kiangsu will have to be taxed unless they are destined for Japanese war vessels. An officer of the Hsupukow tax bureau ran away sometimes ago, carrying with him a public fund amounting to $20,000. Because of the misappropriation the Japanese authorities are reported to be levying the tax themselves in co-operation with the Nanking officials.

This is by no means the only burden placed on Shanghai business men, for Chinese authorities in Chekiang also impose taxes on goods sent to their territory by steamer. The new regulations which are given prominence by the Chinese press, require a tax which is called the "public improvement tax" of $2 to be levied on every ton of cargo imported to Chekiang. The "export" tax is lighter, being $1 for a ton.

Coastal districts in Chekiang such as Chinghai, Wenchow and Taichow have become centres of transportation. Many Shanghai goods have been shipped there and many native goods are to be shipped here. Goods are said to have been "piled up like mountains" and Customs and "examination" officers are reported to be working overtime.

Goods destined for Shanghai are examined because goods such as cotton, wood oil, iron, etc., are not allowed to be sent to Shanghai, which is considered to be under Japanese influence. The embargo is still in force despite petitions by Chinese merchants, especially the cotton mill owners in Shanghai. These cotton mill owners who operate inside the Settlement are reported to have now bought 300,000 piculs of foreign cotton for use and this cotton, mostly from India, is due here in a number of shipments. All Chinese cotton mills here are said to have made big profits, as the demand is very high.

New Tobacco Company For North China

Japanese Also Plan Cement Factory in Peiping

Peiping, Feb. 12.

A North China tobacco company, organized by nine big tobacco interests and with the support of the "Provisional Government," will be opened in Peiping shortly, says the Chinese press.

The new company, which is expected to have branches in Tientsin, Tsinan, Tsingtao and Shihchiachwang, will have a capital of $15,000,000, to be divided into 300,000 shares of $50 each. A Japanese is expected to head the concern as general manager. The company will have a factory in Peiping capable of producing 300,000 cigarettes a day.

At the same time, a leading cement company in Japan is opening a North China cement factory in Peiping by the end of this month, according to Chinese reports. Preparations for the opening of this factory were begun several months ago, and an office has already been established here.

The new company is to have a capital of $10,000,000.—Reuter.

Indian Emigration to Malaya Discussed

Decisions to Be Laid Before Government

SPECIAL TO THE "N.C.D.N."

New Delhi, Feb. 11.

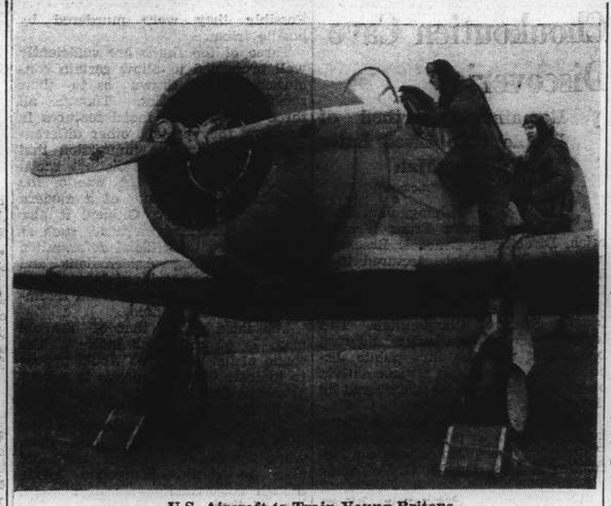
The discussions regarding Indian emigration to Malaya, which have been taking place between a delegation from the Malayan Government, and a delegation from the Raj, were concluded today.

An official announcement states that it has been agreed that the results of the discussions will be placed by the two delegations before their respective Governments, which will then decide upon what final action will be taken.—Reuter.

Fourth Marines Church

The Metropol Theatre was the scene yesterday morning of another event in the series of outstanding church service and concert programmes conducted weekly by the Fourth Marines. Mr. M. Hartman, noted violinist, was the guest artist at the concert and for his first number he rendered Leopold's lovely "Hungarian Fantasy," continuing with the famed "Andante Cantabile" by Tschaikowsky. Mr. F. Smehil, pianist, furnished the accompaniment for both selections which received a grand ovation from the enthusiastic audience. The concert opened with the Fourth Marines' Band, ably conducted by Bandmaster Levis E. Giffin, playing von Weber's overture "Euryanthe" and continued with the stirring selection "The Chocolate Soldier" by Straus. For their concluding numbers the band rendered the Marines' Hymn and the American National Anthem.

In the service which preceded the concert, Chaplain R. R. Marken of the Fourth Marines, conducted the worship and delivered the sermon on the interesting and timely theme, "Certainty in a Day of Uncertainty." Opening the service, the Fourth Marines' Band played the prelude "The Last Hope" by Gottschalk and for the offertory, played, Rossi's beautiful "Poesia Pastorale." As an added feature in the service, Sergeant Sheehan, Privates First Class Feeney, Potter and Private Brown rendered the sacred Melody "Sweet Sabbath Eve" by Parks, as a saxophone quartet. The singing of the hymns was led by Sergeant Sheehan, music being provided by the band.



U.S. Aircraft to Train Young Britons

One of the American aeroplanes which has been bought in the United States for the purpose of training pilots for the Royal Air Force is here shown shortly after its arrival in England. This machine, with several others, is being used at the Training School at Grantham. One of the instructors of the schools is seen about to enter the plane with a pupil.

In the Russian Colony

By "Stroy"

The current week—"Maslianitza"—has always been accompanied by general merriment and the traditional "blini." In Shanghai and elsewhere outside of Russia, Russian customs have been distorted to a point where they resemble Hollywood productions. Such has been the hapless lot of "blini."

"Blini" are what they are intended to be, only when they are small, thin, made of one-fourth part of buckwheat, and served in a white napkin right off the hot frying-pan. They must never be oily. One such "blini" is put on a small plate and quickly augmented by a small quantity of molten butter. Then some sour cream is added, so that, combining with the butter, it smears the "blini", which is promptly covered by a second. That is all. A further touch is added by caviare, placed either inside, on top, or on the plate. Black caviar fits the occasion better then the red variety, and fresh is preferable to tinned. These rituals observed, a small glass of good, iced vodka swallowed with the first piece of the "blini" gives the Russian a sensation of almost heavenly bliss. But an epicure cannot be a glutton. The "blini" must not be large, thick or oily. They must not be indiscriminately mixed with whatever salty there is on the table—smoked herring, salmon or anchovies. The more delicate and individualistic it is, the better.

Pleasure Becomes Suffering

In the villages, of course, "blini" was not eaten in the same fashion as in the cities; and even in the cities the lower classes adapted them to their more primitive tastes. And, strangely enough, it is these primitive tastes that are in vogue in emigration. Pleasure, if taken in overlarge doses, ceases to be pleasure and becomes suffering.

In addition to the fresh black caviare which outside of Russia is nowadays served only at Soviet Ambassadorial receptions, tiny fish called "snietki" were also counted valuable additions to a dish of "blini." These fish, which look very much like the smallest goldfish cultivated in many homes, are found only in the rivers of northern Russia. They have extremely tender meat and are obtainable in no other part of the world.

Russian Carnival

"Maslianitza," of course, is a Carnival, a season of masquerades, "troikas," and feasting. But it is followed so excitedly and wholeheartedly only because in the subsconsciousness of every Russian, is the knowledge that it will be followed by the Great Lent, when for seven weeks, it is forbidden to eat meat, attend the theatre, play cards, drink or allow oneself any other terrestrial pleasure. At 4 p.m. on Sunday, the last day of the "Maslianitza "week, church bells have pealed out, all over Russia when festivities ceased and everyone—young and old—flocked to the churches. Before that, in those well-remembered "good old days", it was customary for the young to bow low before the old and ask them for forgiveness of anything of which they may have been guilty. On Monday morning, every city and every village in Russia woke to that slow, majestic pealing of the bells, that special Great Lent rhythm that reminded one of the tolling for the dead, and even to the foreign ear suggested the futility of worldly strife and filled the soul with sweet melancholy.

Oil Fields in Russia

In connection with the death of Sir Henry Detterding, Mr. P. P. Batolin who as has already been noted in these columns was before the Revolution known as the Russian Rockefeller, has given his reminiscences of the deceased, whom he met in London in 1912-13, at the conference of the world's leading oil magnates. It is common knowledge, that Sir Henry Detterding, had large oil-fields in Baku and near the city of Guriev in the Ural Province. After the Revolution Sir Henry had a number of Paris meetings with representatives of the Russian oil-industry in emigration, and readily bought oil-fields in the Caucasus and near the coast of the Caspian Sea; places which he himself knew very well. To the Russian Armenians, who for the most part owned these oil-wells, he paid tens of millions of francs, believing as he did, in the renaissance of Russia. Having been married to a Russian, he gave wide help to Russian emigrés and all local Russian newspapers devoted large space to his death.

Admiral Remembered

The Seventh of February is always devoted by Russian Shanghai to the memory of Admiral A. V. Koltchak, who, on this day in 1920 was executed by order of the Soviet Tribunal in Irkutsk, when the White Army, retreating from Omsk, was approaching this city. Executed together with him, was Prime Minister V. N. Pepelaieff. On the same day the following year, Ataman A. I. Dutoff was killed by the enemy. The memory of Admiral Koltchak is almost sacred in emigration. He is remembered not ony for his leadership of the White Army between 1918 and 1920, but also for his heroic successes while commanding the Black Sea Fleet during the Great War. After his appointment to this post, neither Turkish men-of-war nor the German cruisers "Geben" and "Breslau" dared to leave the port of Bosphorus. Among his more youthful exploits, he is remembered for his daring raids from Port Arthur where he was captured after the fortress fell to the Japanese and for his heroic Arctic Odyssey when he left on a small whale-boat to find the lost polar expedition for Baron Tohl.

Mr. M. A. Kardysh who, for many years, worked in Manchuria as an exporter of grain products, has just arrived here from America. He is at present the representative of the Terminal Flour Mills Co. of Portland, and is extending his activities to Shanghai, Hongkong, Tientsin and Manila. The Manchoukuo agents of this American firm are Messrs. A. E. Route & Co., in which Mr. Kardysh is a partner.

Wedding Season

As is always the case just before the Great Lent, when for seven weeks marriages are forbidden by the church, the wedding season in the Russian colony is in full swing. Every day and on Sundays especially weddings are solemnized, and a great deal of space would be required to enumerate all those who have bound themselves by Hymen's bonds this season. Weddings are followed by receptions, and this contributes to keeping festivities in the olony at their height.

The outer facade and the interior, of the largest Orthodox Church in Shanghai, is gradually taking on a finished appearance, but the final completion needs both time and money. Not yet built, are three doors, four courses on the small cupolas, and the chief "ikonostasy" which plays a major rôle in an orthodox service. Steam heating has also to be installed. To collect funds to do all this, and to buy the land on which the church stands, special tins are passed around the houses of those of the orthodox faith, with the request that each day each of its occupants put in the sum of one cent. Some 250 of these tins have already been placed. If this number is raised to 1,000 it will not be hard to raise among Shanghai's 15,000 devotees of the Orthodox faith, the sum necessary to finish the Cathedral and purchase the land. Especially generous donations are being made by Mrs. E. N. Litvinova, Mr. A. A. Reyer, Dr. N. N. Kuznetsoff, Mr. N. A. Belonovsky and the Unjenin family.

On Sunday, February 12, Col. A. F. Guschin, the well-known writer on military subjects, gave an interesting lecture in the Astor House on the activity of the Comintern in Asia. In 1925 Col. Guschin arrived in China together with the Borodin mission, and was one of the advisers of Marshal Feng Yu-hsiang. He revealed many new salient facts, in his lecture.

Grand Duchess in San Francisco

Details of the manner in which Russian San Francisco, following the lead of Russian Paris, feted the Tsarist family in the person of the Grand Duchess Maria Pavlovna, who was some time ago, married to Prince Waldemar of Sweden and Duke Vasyli Alexandrovitch, have just come to hand. The American authorities took part in the celebrations. In addition to the Russian delegation, the Grand Duchess was met at the station by representatives of the Southern Pacific Railway, the Mayor of San Francisco and a compact body of G-Men, headed by the Chief of Police. She was offered three automobiles for conveyance—one by the Mayor, one by the civic authorities and one from the Russian Youths' Association, which latter she chose. The Administration of the San Francisco World Fair, offered her a car to make a tour of Treasure Island, and on this ride she was accompanied by Prince and Princess Vasyli. Her arrival and visit to the Fair was recorded by a moving picture camera. Later a dinner was held in the Mark Hopkins Hotel. Among those present were Metropolitan Theophile, Archbishop Tichon and many prominent Russian Americans.

Local Russian naval circles have in quick succession lost three of their most prominent members: Commander N. L. Seniavin, Commander A. N. Tichmeneff and now Captain I. N. Vyshivanov. During the Russo-Japanese War the latter was in Port Arthur as Chief Engineer on a Russian transport, on which he broke through the Japanese blockade to Vladivostok. For this, he was awarded a medal. After the conclusion of the war he accompanied an extensive scientific expedition to Thibet, served in the Baltic Fleet and joined the Russian Mercantile Marine as Chief Engineer. During the Great War the deceased left Vladivostok for England on the transport ship "Tobol." Near Africa, however, the ship was sunk by a German submarine, and the survivors, among whom was J. N. Vyshivanov, were picked up by an English transport ship and brought to England. He came back to Archangel, Russia, in time for the Revolution. Later he again found himself in Vladivostok. Happening to be in Shanghai during the general evacuation of the Maritime Provinces, he remained here and joined the "Whangpoo Conservancy Board", where he served for 5 years, lately as Chief Engineer of the dredger "Chien-Shih." Captain Vyshinoff was in indifferent health for nearly six months. He died in the Country Hospital on Thursday at midnight. The deceased is survived by his wife and daughter.

Letter from Mr. Kostrukoff

A letter has just been received from Mr. N. F. Kostrukoff, the leader of the Don Cossacks' Choir, that captivated Shanghai's music lovers some months ago, telling of the death in Los Angeles of Mr. Semikolenoff. The deceased will be remembered for his spirited and humorous interpretation of the "Kozachek" dance that put the climax on each concert and drew invariable applause from the whole house.

Kitchen God Used As Propagandist

Mayor Turns Observance Of Lunar New Year Into Boost for Japan

Chinese in Shanghai are celebrating the Lunar New Year as usual but owing to the hostilities and publicity work done by refugee relief workers they are doing so on a moderate scale. Grocery shops are doing booming business and on Saturday, the Lunar New Year Eve, many of them will not close their doors throughout the evening.

Although it has been officially discouraged, most Chinese shops will be closed for three or more days after Saturday. Even Chinese newspaper plants will declare what they term the "spring holiday." Many banquets have been held during the past three days in Chinese households which have been specially cleaned to usher in the Lunar New Year, the year of the rabbit.

Superstitious Chinese, mostly women, are visiting a few temples in the foreign settlements, burning plenty of joss paper money to their gods and dead relatives and friends. The kitchen god in many Chinese households has been sent to "heaven" during the past few days to report the doings and shortcomings of the households where he has been worshipped. The image of the god is painted on a sheet of paper and worshipped throughout the year. During the past few days his images have been burned together with joss paper sedan chairs. To please the kitchen god a banquet is usually held before he is sent to "heaven."

Mayor Fu Hsiao-en of the new Greater Shanghai City Government in Kiangwan is reported to have utilized the kitchen god as a propagandist for political purposes. It is stated that about 100,000 images of the kitchen god have been distributed officially, and as a foot note close economic cooperation between Japan, China and Manchoukuo is urged in all such painted images.

Fascist Defence Council Reviews Position

Rome, Feb. 12.

With Signor Mussolini presiding, the Supreme Defence Committee met here last night.

Contrary to expectations, the communique issued after the meeting did not indicate the nature of any decisions taken, but merely stated that Signor Mussolini reviewed the discussions of previous sessions of the Committee, and members examined all questions connected with the military preparations of Italy.—Reuter.

America Builds New Combat Plane

Design May Make It The Fastest in World

Los Angeles, Feb. 11.

The United States Army announced the discovery of a revolutionary new single-seater twin-engined fighting plane today and predicted the plane would prove to be the fastest combat plane in the world.

Maj.-Gen. H. H. Arnold, chief of the Air Force, admitted the plane had reached a speed of almost 400 miles an hour in preliminary tests. The construction of the plane was completed in strict secrecy.

"This new plane," Maj.-Gen. Arnold said, "probably will exceed in performance any other style of military plane in the world. It opens new horizons in performance which probably have been unnoticed by nations depending entirely on the single-engine arrangement."

The Air Force Chief said the new plane was one of few in existence which could overhaul and fly circles around the new giant "Flying Fortresses." Motors are mounted on the leading edge of each wing. The design of the all-metal monoplane is reported to be somewhat radical. It has a quick climbing device and equipment for sub-stratosphere flying.—United Press.

Siam Boy King Goes Back to School

Lausanne, Feb. 11.

Ananda Mahidol, the boy king of Siam, returned here today after a brief visit to Bangkok, where he went for his coronation. His Majesty who is 13 years of age, succeeded to the throne on March 2, 1935, on the abdication of King Prajadhipok. The boy ruler is the son of the late Prince Mahidol of Songkhla.—Reuter.

Four Killed in R.A.F. Plane Crash

Mother and Children Die In Hit Bungalow

London, Feb. 11.

Four persons were killed today when a Royal Air Force 'plane crashed into a bungalow at Brighton and exploded.

The victims were a mother and her two young children, who were in the house at the time, and the pilot of the machine. The bungalow was set on fire as a result of the explosion and was completely destroyed.

The disaster occurred in foggy weather.—Reuter.

Australians Plan Papua Defences

SPECIAL TO THE "N.C.D.N."

Port Moresby, Papua, Feb. 11.

A mission of Australian military engineers arrived here by air today, to select sites for defence establishments. An Australian artillery expert is expected here next week to plan the disposition of the batteries.—Reuter.

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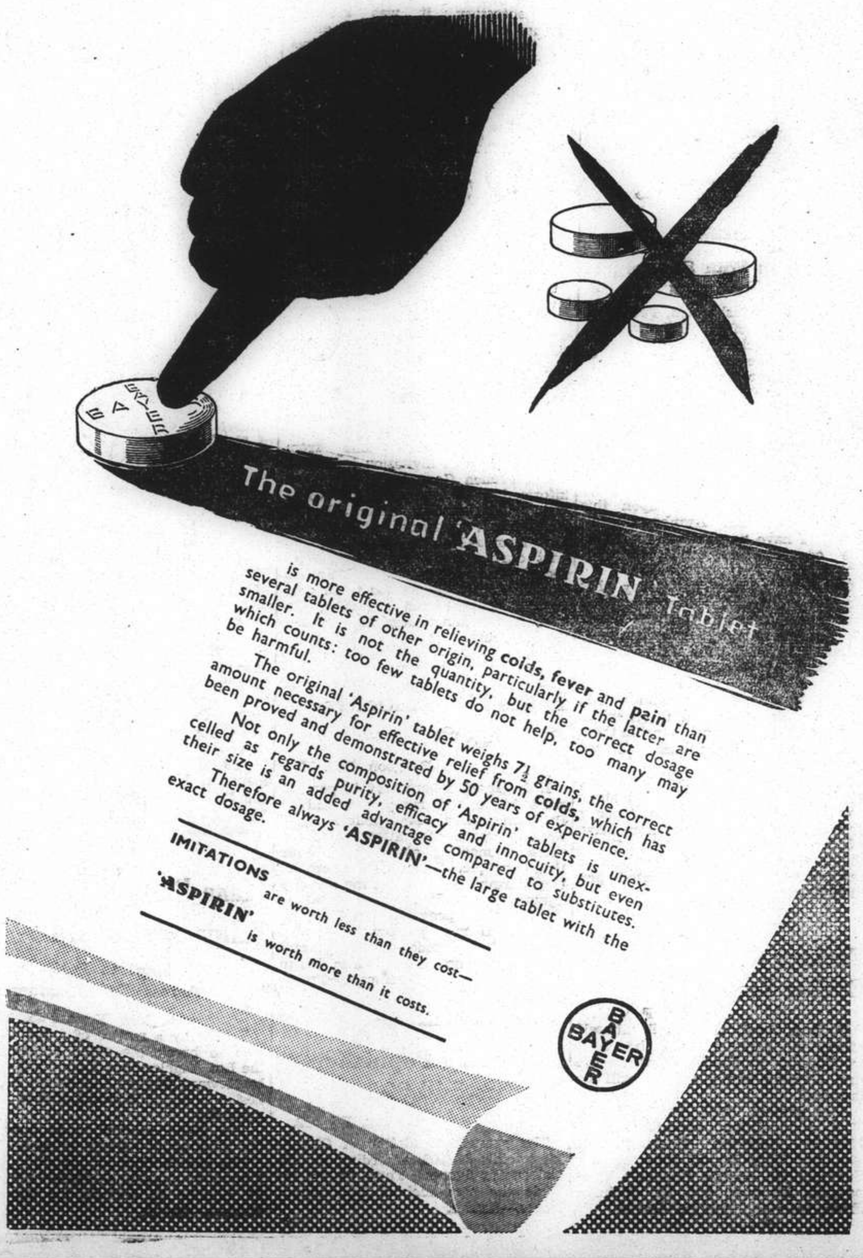


Republicans Predict Triumph In Presidential Election

Attacks Made on New Deal in Broadcasts on Lincoln Day; Economies Urged in U.S.

Washington, Feb. 11.

THE Republican Party began its national celebration of its return to the status of a major political party tonight with prospects of giving the Democratic Party a stiff fight in the 1940 elections regardless of the position taken by President Roosevelt.

Jubilant Republicans, gaily recalling the Republican gains in last November's elections, gathered at Lincoln Day dinners throughout the country to enjoy the prospect of paralyzing the New Deal through a Congressional coalition with conservative Democrats.

Republican leaders levelled a nationwide broadside against the New Deal in after dinner speeches and two leading Republican spokesmen accused President Roosevelt of exaggerating European war scares in order to divert public attention in the United States from domestic "failures."

Senator Charles P. Taft, Republican elected in Ohio in the November elections, told members of the Hamilton County Republican Club in Cincinnati that there had been no change in the New Deal's domestic policy since the Democratic reverses in the last election.

No New Policy

"No new policy has been proposed that is in any way likely to put men back to work," Senator Taft said. "Instead, there has been an effort on the part of President Roosevelt to divert attention from domestic failures by exaggerating the dangers of a European war."

Senator Taft challenged the President's spending philosophy and said that economy should be the Government's watchword. The only solution to the economy problem, he said, "seems to be a change in executive control in 1940."

Meanwhile, Col. Theodore Roosevelt, prominent Republican leader, told a Lincoln Day dinner in Detroit that the United States should only protect its territory, institutions and preserve the Monroe Doctrine.

"The United States should beware of war because she has nothing but to lose by it," he said. "Let us refuse to be stampeded either on our foreign policy or our military and naval plans."

Mr. Hoover to Speak

Senator H. Styles Bridges, Republican of New Hampshire, drew a parallel between the conditions confronting Abraham Lincoln in 1859 and conditions existing at the present time.

"Sectional hate and loyalty to the state before the nation precluded the possibility of fulfillment of national duty then," he said. "Basically the tendency is the same in the situation existing today."

Former Republican President Herbert Hoover will climax the week-end Republican celebration on Monday night when he delivers a speech in New York which will be heard by radio listeners throughout the country. Chairman of the New York Republican meeting will be Mr. Thomas Dewey, famous New York District Attorney and 1940 Presidential possibility.—United Press.

Boom in Japanese Heavy Trades

Munitions Industries Show Big Increases in Island Empire

Tokyo, Feb. 12.

The amazing growth of munitions and allied industries in Japan since the outbreak of hostilities in China is illustrated in factory statistics for 1937 published by the Ministry of Commerce and Industry.

At the end of that year, the total number of factories stood at 106,906, an increase of 17 per cent. over a year ago. The total number of workers was 2,953,000, or 18.2 per cent. more. Aggregate production showed an increase of 34.5 per cent., the amount being 16,486 million yen.

The total working hours was 8,741 million, or 18.6 per cent. more. Wages totalled 1,155 million yen, an increase of 19 per cent., while raw materials consumed reached 10,346 million yen, an increase of 36.7 per cent.

A detailed survey shows a sharp increase in the number of factories and workers, in production, working hours and wages and in materials consumed in the metal, machinery, chemical and other affiliated industries connected with the war. In the textile and other "peace" industries, the increase, however, is small.

The metal, machinery and chemical industries witnessed as large an increase as 36.9, 94 and 28.7 per cent. respectively in their production, but the increase in the textile industry was only 19.4 per cent. The increase in the consumption of raw materials reached 65.2 per cent. in the metal industry, 74.8 per cent. in the machinery industry, 40.8 per cent. in the chemical industry, and 18.5 per cent. in the textile industry.—Reuter.

Head of Doukhobor Sect Dies

Led Strange Settlement In Canada

Saskatoon, Feb. 11.

Peter Verigin, spiritual head of the Doukhobor sect, who was known as Peter II, died here today at the age of 58.

The fervent devotion of the Doukhobors to unorthodox practices has brought them constantly into conflict with the police since they took refuge in Canada after their banishment from Russia.

Verigin was on two occasions sentenced to imprisonment, the first time for perjury, and the second for assault.

The Doukhobors are a Christian community of non-conformist Russian peasants. Their name means "spirit fighters," and was applied to them by the Orthodox priests with the implication that they warred against the spirit of God, but a review of their doctrine and practice shows that they make an earnest endeavour to realize something of the Gospel conception of love and universal brotherhood.

Equality, peace, and loving kindness are their ideals, and although they assemble for public worship, they counsel silent prayer and attach small weight to outward ceremony.

Alexander I banished them to Tauris and Nicholas I drove them from their new homes to Transcaucasia in the middle of the last century.—Reuter.

Brazil Seeks Credits In United States

Talks With Secretary of The Treasury

Washington, Feb. 11.

The extension of new U.S. credits to Brazil was the chief subject discussed today at the one-hour-long conference held in the Treasury Department by Mr. Henry J. Morgenthau, Jr., Treasury Secretary; Mr. Sumner Welles, Assistant State Secretary; and Dr. Oswaldo Aranha, visiting Brazilian Foreign Minister, informed quarters asserted.

Official circles maintained complete silence when questioned upon this meeting, and Dr. Aranha himself stated, "I have no comment to make. The conversations are only preliminaries."

Observers pointed out today that Mr. Morgenthau is favourably inclined towards an American financial policy which would stimulate American commerce by increasing the United States' purchases of South American products.

Such buying would provide U.S. currency for the South American States and would thereby enable them to increase their purchases of United States goods.

This policy is encountering strong opposition from several Senators, however. Among these is Senator Johnson, author of the Johnson Law, which provides that the United States should extend no further credits to any countries that have defaulted upon their debt service.—Havas.

Fuehrer to Attend Cruiser Launching

Berlin, Feb. 11.

Fuehrer Adolf Hitler will himself attend the ceremonies to be held on Tuesday at Hamburg, where the first German heavy cruiser will be launched.

Also present will be numerous Nazi personalities, including Field Marshal Hermann Goering, Air Minister; Herr Rudolf Hess, Deputy Fuehrer; Dr. Joseph Goebbels, Propaganda Minister; and Dr. Wilhelm Frick, Interior Minister.—Havas.

Japanese Seek to Buy Italian Planes

Military Mission Views Air Factories

Rome, Feb. 11.

The Japanese Military mission to Italy, including officers and technicians, visited several Italian aeroplane factories today. They were accompanied by the Japanese Military and air attaches to Italy.

Interest in the inspection tour was aroused by reports that the Japanese Mission will place a large order for military planes in Italy. This action was necessary, it was recalled, because of the unofficial but effective United States embargo against the shipment of American planes to Japan.—United Press.

Berlin Asks Visit from M. Georges Bonnet

Foreign Ministers to Talk Over Europe's Problems

Berlin, Feb. 11.

Nazi Germany today renewed her invitation to France to send M. Georges Bonnet, French Foreign Minister, to Berlin to confer with the German Foreign Minister, Herr Joachim von Ribbentrop, on general European problems.

Germany wants particular attention to be given to problems in central Europe, Spain and Italy's demands for territorial concessions from France, the Nazi invitation indicated.

The French Government has been informed that Germany regards a visit by M. Bonnet to Berlin a logical development following the signing of the Franco-German non-aggression pact during Herr von Ribbentrop's recent visit to Paris. The French Government is understood to be consulting with London regarding the proposed Franco-German talks.—United Press.

Police Fire on Rioters In Rangoon

Rangoon, Feb. 12.

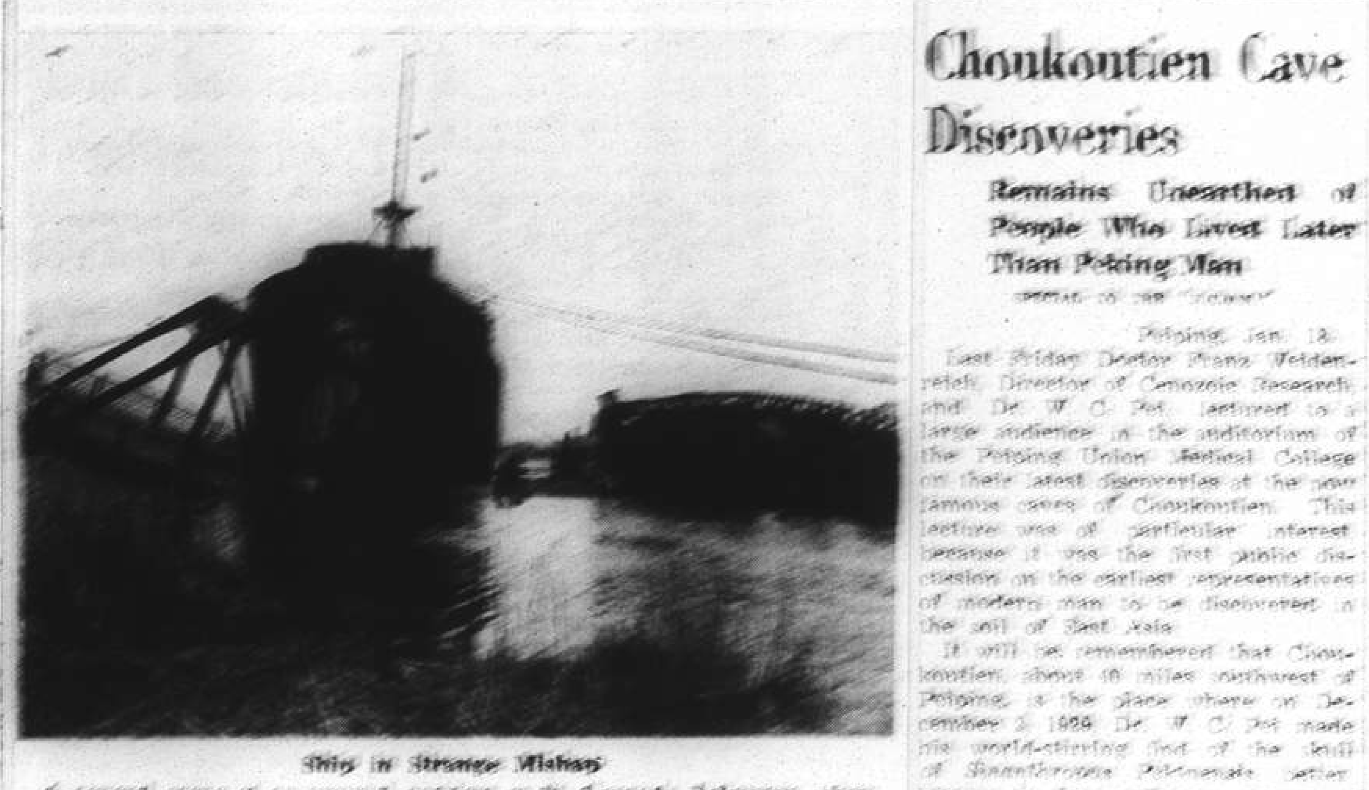
It is reported here that 14 persons were killed and many wounded in Rangoon when the police, after several unsuccessful attempts to disperse a meeting attended by over 10,000 people, fired at the crowd. Unconfirmed rumours put the casualty figures even higher.

The unrest prevailing in Rangoon for several months now is directed against the attitude of the present Burma Government and is also due to demands for social reforms.—Trans-Ocean.

Chungking Population Reaches 344,000

Chungking, Feb. 12.

The present population of Chungking totals 344,000, according to official census figures. These do not include the personnel of Government offices.—Reuter.



Ship in Strange Mishap

A general scene of an unusual accident at St. George's, Delaware, when the freighter Waukegan crashed into and demolished a bridge. One man was killed. The vessel, its rudder fouled, smashed into the north tower of the bridge, tumbling the tower and the centre span into the water.

Exhorbitant Rates To Remit Money

Kweiyang Bank Charges 20 Per cent.; Insurance Offices Opening

SPECIAL TO THE "NEWS"

Kweiyang, Kwei, Dec. 30.

Business firms here are wanting to remit money to Shanghai (perhaps elsewhere too) and it is said that only one of the banks is prepared to remit and that at the rate of $200 on every $1,000! Of course people are very unwilling to pay such high fees and yet business men must send money out if they are to get goods in, so it is a question what is to be done. If such high sums are paid to remit money, obviously prices will be correspondingly advanced when the goods are offered for sale on arrival here.

People are asking why the banks take such an attitude and many folks say that probably it is by Government orders, as the authorities object to money being sent to districts which are more or less under enemy control. If so, it does not seem to be altogether farsighted as after all, firms in Chinese-controlled districts must have goods for sale if they are to carry on business. There may be some other explanation, however, but the fact remains.

Many Visits to City

The influx of visitors to this city continues unabated and they seem to come from all directions. Among them are a good many foreigners of different nationalities but these usually pass through and are not would-be residents as a rule. One is increasingly impressed by the tremendous increase in volume of business both as to passengers and as to transport of goods. Kweiyang seems to be on the way to becoming the centre of southwest China's transport system.

It is understood that the provincial government is planning to distribute many of the schools now in this city to other places in Kweichow with a view to providing room for the large number of refugees and others. This may prove a step in the right direction, for the housing problem is really acute.

Some months ago two or three Chinese insurance companies from down river opened offices in this city and fire insurance is to be included in their business. Considering that so few of the buildings erected, and some of them are showy, are really fireproof, one wonders how the companies combining can insure them, but it is suggested that they charge a higher sum and make more stringent conditions. Perhaps that is so. As a matter of fact, most houses in this city are, with very few exceptions, shoddily put up, and a serious fire on, say, a main business street would probably prove very disastrous, but it must be admitted that the facilities for dealing with fires are now considerably improved as was shown not long ago when a big fire was speedily extinguished.

Guest House Opened

Quite recently, the Provincial Chairman of Kweichow opened the Kweiyang Guest House which is operated by the China Travel Service and it is being very well patronized by the many who can afford to pay who pass through or stay for a longer or shorter time. The service is well maintained and people speak in high terms of it. If this is kept up, and folks who travel much say that the same efficiency is to be seen in even the smaller rest houses, one may feel that China is really getting out of her old time method of "letting things slide."

The China Travel Service calls too for very favourable remark. It meets a real need, felt specially by those new to the southwest who would find themselves awkwardly placed if obliged to fend for themselves. Of course, travellers are called upon to pay fairly well, but they would probably have to pay a good deal more and fare worse if there were no such service available for them. Thinking of conditions not so many years ago, one is astonished at the change to be seen and credit must be given to all who have contributed to the improvements now existing.

The Central China International Red Cross Committee formerly having its centre in Hankow, has been transferred to this city and the business manager, Mr. Scott, and two American ladies who look after the storage of drugs, are living here and a committee has been formed.

Plane Damaged After Failure on Record

Attempt to Better Time Across U.S. Continent

New York, Feb. 12.

Failing by a matter of a few minutes to break the speed record for the Los Angeles-New York flight held by Howard Hughes, Lieutenant Benekesley landed at Mitchell airfield here yesterday.

The plane crashed upon landing, the pilot being slightly injured.

The plane's time for the flight was 7 hours 45 minutes as against 7 hours 28 minutes 25 seconds for Howard Hughes.—Havas.

Russia Prostrate During Crisis

"But Led British Reds in Effort to Force War," Says M.P. in Address

London, Dec. 17.

Mr. Marcus Samuel, M.P., spoke recently as follows at the British-Russia Club on "How Russia is affected by the Crisis":

As I see it, the U.S.S.R. is thoroughly discredited and isolated. Wherever there has been a chance of trouble, the Russian diplomatic service has been there to cause dissension. In the industrial sphere the Moscow-owned-and-controlled Communists are never idle. They are always at work in the background, and often in the open, causing unofficial strikes and fomenting strikes and, in this country, they do their best to discredit the Trade Union Movement and its leaders, who will have nothing to do with them.

Moscow led our Communists during the critical weeks of September, and literally all the resources of the Communist Party were concentrated on an effort designed to force Britain into war. In September, 1938, the Communist Party not only attempted to accentuate the atmosphere of crisis by the organization of meetings and disorderly demonstrations in Whitehall, but became an active "War Party." Moscow's policy is to play the part of mischief-maker in European affairs and to encourage all other mischief-makers inside and outside the structure of the Communist International.

Tangled Mass of Corruption

When the crisis came, what did we find? We found a Russia almost prostrate, a tangled mass of bribery and corruption and inefficiency in the hands of a ruthless dictatorship which has to "liquidate" a quota of its highest officials as scapegoats every year, in every activity of the State: the army, navy, air force, Civil Service, and prominent officials and directors of both heavy and light industry, and finally, recently, the Chief of the Young Communist league and a number of his friends have been on the carpet, if not under the sod. Teaching the young how to be shot!

How is Russia affected by the crisis? Russia has been found out and shown up, and shown down. Does anybody suppose that the French had not discovered that it would not have been a fair trade risk to rely upon Russia if the late crisis had developed into a war? Does anybody suppose that the attempt of the Russians to turn Spain into a Bolshevik State has not opened the eyes of the world to the dangers emanating from Russia? Have we not seen the Russians, with the biggest army in the world, leaving Japan free to do what she likes in China?

I could not illustrate better the position which Russia now occupies than in the following peaceful words contributed by Field Marshal Hermann Goering at a private conference recently:—

"We have completely eliminated Soviet Russia as a military power on and and in the air in our calculations for the time being.

"For if a country can conduct war after blowing out the brains of its army, its navy, and its air force, then we might as well close our military academies, our war and air colleges. . . Russia does not enter into our calculations any longer."

Stakhanovite Madness

Internally, the Russian bureaucracy is too much concerned with artificial attempts to raise production to permit it to let the workers distract their attention to the outside world. One after another these attempts have proved unsuccessful. I could give many instances of this Stakhanovite madness, but I need give only a few.

I read of a girl who won fame by transporting 360 cars a shift with one electric engine, and that her earnings increased from 120 to 400 roubles a month. If she could have worked every shift at this rate for a month, she would have been transporting more motors than were made in a year in the whole of the Soviet motor industry.

Little Scientific Progress

Russian scientists have always earned renown, and a few of them are still encouraged, but during the last 20 years, I hardly think they have made very great contributions to the defeat of human ills, or to the happiness of humanity. I remember one: after the death of Lenin, they invented a way of embalming by the injection of chemicals into the body to make it look alive.

I remember another invention for making sheep and dogs cast their coats instead of having them clipped, for they thought they would get more that way and that it could be done more frequently. Unfortunately, the animals died, otherwise it is a success.

Political Sidelights

We hear a lot about the new Soviet Constitution. This is another fraudulent prospectus. There is no such thing as a Writ of Habeas Corpus—they don't even have to produce the body. There is an Article which provides for territories to secede from the Union, but when I asked M. Maisky the procedure in the event of any territory wishing to avail itself of this Article, he shrugged his shoulders pleasantly—and I should be sorry for anybody who was even thinking of wishing to secede.

Ordinary common or garden murder is not punishable by death in the Soviet Union, though if people commit too many murders they are likely to be reprisals. On the other hand death penalty is inflicted for crimes against the State, and if anybody wishes to dispose of a friend or relative with whom he is not in perfect accord, all he has to do is to denounce him, and the State will do the rest. It is a system which some people like, but I do not.

Chonkontien Cave Discoveries

Remains Unearthed of People Who Lived Later Than Peking Man

SPECIAL TO THE "NEWS"

Peiping, Jan. 18.

Last Friday Doctor Franz Weidenreich, Director of Cenozoic Research, and Dr. W. C. Pei lectured to a large audience in the auditorium of the Peiping Union Medical College on their latest discoveries at the now famous caves of Choukoutien. This lecture was of particular interest because it was the first public discussion on the earliest representatives of modern man to be discovered in the soil of East Asia.

It will be remembered that Choukoutien, about 40 miles southwest of Peiping, is the place where on December 2, 1929, Dr. W. C. Pei made his world-stirring find of the skull of Sinanthropus Pekinensis, better known to the ordinary person as Peking Man. Since that date Dr. Pei has been carrying on with his researches there and in a second cave, which, as it lies at the top of the hill, is known as the "Upper Cave," has discovered the remains and other traces of quite a different population who lived at a much later period. It is with the discoveries at this "Upper Cave" that the lecture of Dr. Weidenreich and Dr. Pei dealt, of which the following is a rough digest.

The Upper Cave was first discovered in 1930 and excavated systematically in 1933 under the supervision of Dr. Pei, but the results have only now been worked out in shape for presentation to the public. The people who lived in the Upper Cave are of a very much more modern type than Peking Man. That they were the representatives of a relatively advanced culture is shown not only by their physical appearance but also by the various implements and the animal skeletons found in the cave with them.

This material consists of stone implements, a bone needle and another bone implement; necklaces or ornaments of other kinds made of perforated teeth, shells, carved stones, fish and bird bones. There have also been found thousands of bones of various animals which conform to the physique and culture of its human inhabitants. These are the remains of bear, hyena, ostrich—of types now entirely extinct—and also of the tiger and hunting leopard which have completely disappeared from this part of China.

All this indicates that these Upper Cave dwellers were probably contemporary with the famous Cro-Magnon Man and allied races of Western Europe, and lived in a period corresponding to the Late or Upper Palaeolithic; in other words about one to 200,000 years ago. With the exception of Palestine, these are the first remains of human representatives of the Upper palaeolithic period to have been found in Asia.

The remains of seven people were found in the Upper Cave, and it is possible that they formed a single household. They are an old man, a younger man of undeterminable age, two relatively young women, an adolescent, a child of five years, and a newborn baby. The last, "The world's earliest known baby," as the lecturer called it. The condition of the preserved skulls proves that they were all killed by heavy blows with both blunt and pointed weapons. Possibly they were murdered by hostile tribes.

Three of the skulls are sufficiently well preserved to allow certain conclusions to be drawn as to their racial characteristics. Though all three show certain facial features in common, they present other differences which give the impression that they belong to three distinct racial groups. The skull of one of the women is like that of a modern Melanesian of New Guinea; it also shows a deformed forehead, such as is found due to artificial deformation practised among Amerindians and other Eastern people of later times. The skull of the other woman resembles that of an Eskimo.

The third skull, that of the old man, is of particular interest. The shape of his brain-case would appear to indicate that he belongs to a very primitive type, not very far removed from Neanderthal Man. In other respects however he resembles the European Upper Palaeolithic Man, while the facial features are more akin to recent Mongolian types, though not actually identical with any of them.

Definite Conclusions

Certain definite conclusions can be drawn from these facts with regard to the racial history of mankind, both general and special. Whatever else they may have been, the seven persons of the Upper Cave were at any rate not racially pure.

Firstly. The widely-held belief in these days that racial mixture is a result of modern civilization and that the physical appearance of human groups becomes more and more uniform the further back one goes, is in contradiction to existing facts. The tendency to produce and cultivate a uniform type would appear to be a secondary acquisition, fostered by progressive exclusiveness and isolation.

Secondly. Mongolian types such as those of the modern population of North China have not been found among these Upper Cave dwellers. This, however, does not prove that such types did not exist at that early period. The presence of Melanesian and Eskimo types proves that differentiation was already taking place. It is possible that the Mongolian racial group was settled in those days in other regions than North China or, on the other hand, that the Upper Cave dwellers do not represent a settled population, but belonged to a migratory tribe foreign to that part of the country.

Thirdly. Skulls similar to those found in the Upper Cave, i.e. Melanesian, Eskimo and primitive, have not infrequently been met with among pre- and post-Columbian Amerindians. By this analogy the recent discoveries at Choukoutien would seem to prove that long before any immigration from Asia to the New World had taken place, the same types that make up the American native population were settling in, or migrating through, the eastern part of Asia. "People with a powerful imagination," said the lecturer, "may be inclined to think that at Choukoutien we have had the luck to catch the first Indians on their way to the new continent."

Rules for Foreigners In Japan Stricter

Entrance and Tourist Fees To Be Charged

Tokyo, Feb. 12.

Revised, stricter regulations governing the admission of foreigners to Japan will become effective in May. The new rules provide entrance and tourist fees, and heavier penalties for violations of the regulations.

It is explained that 30,000 to 40,000 foreigners come to Japan each year, either to live or visit. The present foreign resident population is estimated at about 30,000, including 14,000 Chinese.

Under the new rules, foreigners suspected of immorality, Communism or espionage may be expelled more summarily than under the old regulations, although better protection is to be accorded those foreigners whose visit or stay in Japan is considered perfectly regular.

The existing regulations require a foreigner to register with the police only after he has been in Japan for 90 days. Then he may remain permanently. The new rules will require registration at the end of 30 days, a second registration at the end of 90 days and annual registration every year thereafter.

Violation of the entrance regulations will be punishable under the new rules by penalties ranging up to three months' imprisonment and a fine of 100 yen.

The entrance fee will be 30 yen and there will be another fee of 10 yen for "passing through."—Reuter.

Tomb Robbers Caught

Peiping, Feb. 12.

Liu Tse-yu and three other Chinese alleged to have recently robbed some of the Ming Tombs have been arrested by Chinese detectives in the West City of Peiping. They are alleged to have dug out gold basins and gold chopsticks and sold them in Peiping, the proceeds being divided among them.

Liu is also charged by the police with complicity in a kidnapping case involving a coal merchant at Tangchiatun, north of Peiping, who paid $10,000 ransom to regain his freedom.—Reuter.

Miscellaneous Notes Banned in North

Currency Restrictions Being Enforced

Peiping, Feb. 12.

The ruling that old legal tender notes issued by the three Central Government banks will not be allowed to circulate after March 10 applies to miscellaneous notes issued by banks in Shansi, Shiyuan and Shantung, according to an announcement by the Provisional Government.

Such notes are now at a 10 per cent. discount with Federal Reserve notes. They will be at a 40 per cent. discount after February 20 and will not be allowed to circulate after March 10.

An official announcement says: "Out of consideration for the welfare of the people, an exception is made in the case of monetary notes issued by the Min Sheng Bank in Shantung and the Shantung Monetary Bureau which will be allowed to circulate at 40 per cent. discount as against Federal Reserve notes until May 31, 1941."—Reuter.

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Money and Exchange

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Foreign Money Rates

London:		Feb. 11.
Fine Bank Bills,	3 months	0$\frac{9}{16}$%
Bank Bills,	6 months	0$\frac{21}{32}$%
Fine Trade Bills,	3 months	2¾%
" " "	6 months	3¼%
Call Money		0½%

New York closed.—Reuter.

Foreign Exchanges

Bombay Rupee T. T. on: Feb. 11.

Japan	78⅝	London	1/9$\frac{53}{64}$
New York	286	2 mths	
Shanghai	48	" (Sellers)	1/5$\frac{57}{64}$
Hongkong	85¾	" (Buyers)	1/5$\frac{31}{32}$

London £ Sterling T. T. on:

New York	468.56	Shanghai	8$\frac{5}{16}$d N
Paris	176.93	Bombay	1/5$\frac{61}{64}$
Berlin	11.68	Hongkong	1/2$\frac{31}{32}$
Amsterdam	8.71	Singapore	2/3$\frac{15}{16}$
Brussels	27.74½	Yokohama	1/2
Madrid	100.00	" (buying)	Unq.
Milan	89.00	C'Slovakia	136.62 S
Berne	20.67	S—Sellers	

New York U.S.$ T. T. on:

Berlin	40.14	Japan	27.33
Spain	—	Shanghai	16.10
Holland	54.79	Austria	Unq.
Paris	2.64$\frac{13}{16}$	C'slovakia	3.42⅞
Brussels	16.88½	Hungary	19.80
Italy	5.26¼	Rumania	0.73
S'zerland	22.66½	Yugo Slavia	2.30
Sweden	24:15	Greece	0.86
Norway	23.55	Bulgaria	1.25
Denmark	20.92	Finland	2.07
Montreal	99.500	Poland	18.92½
Brazil	5.95		

London	4.68⅝
" Demand	4.68½
" Bankers' 60 Days Bills	4.68$\frac{3}{32}$
" Commercial 60 Days Bills	4.68$\frac{1}{32}$
Buenos Aires, Paper	29.07
Buenos Aires, Paper Market Rate	23.00
Montreal on London	4.71

—Reuter.

Bombay Cotton Market Report

Bombay, Feb. 11.

Conditions in the Bombay cotton market during the past week were little changed. Rumours to the effect that American interests intended to dump American cotton induced some reactionary selling, but offerings were absorbed by prominent option dealers.

Meanwhile, some upward revision in the Indian crop forecast is finding favour, with the latest estimate ranging from 54 to 56 lacs. Shippers were active buyers of Broach, most of which, it is understood, were for replacement against old contracts.

Export enquiry from the Continent has been disappointing, but Lancashire showed some interest. While further business has been booked for Shanghai, business with Japan has been quiet.—Reuter.

London Money Market

London, Feb. 11.

Despite withdrawals for taxation purposes, clearing banks were finding difficulty in employing their large resources in the London money market during the past week.

The recent scarcity of Treasury bills was offset by an increased circulation of Bank bills. Although this was a step in the right direction, it failed to satisfy discount brokers whose means of livelihood depend mainly on a good supply of Treasury bills.

While the market obtained a slightly higher percentage of quota of the Treasury tender, this was marked by a further setback in the average allotment rate which was only just over ½ per cent.—Reuter.

U.S. Commodities

Saturday's Closing Quotations

New York, Feb. 11.

The cotton market opened quiet with prices ruling steady on fair Bombay and Liverpool cables. However, operators were generally apathetic owing to the long week-end holiday and impending legislative matters. Closing quotations were from 1 to 8 points down.

Good commission house demand and new buying, influenced by rumours of the possibility of the quota remaining unchanged, advanced prices in the rubber market today. At the final bell, gains ranged from 16 to 23 points above yesterday.

The Chicago Wheat Pit continues to be a weather affair. Bearish cables were offset by continued unfavourable weather reports, and final quotations were from ⅛ cent to ¼ cent above the previous close.

New York Cotton			New York Rubber		
Mar.	8.35-35	—05	Mar.	15.63-67	+16
May	7.98-98	—04	May	15.59-63	+19
July	7.71-71	—01	July	15.60-62	+20
Oct.	7.37-37	—06	Sept.	15.64-64	+23
Dec.	7.38-38	—08			
Jan.	7.40-40	—08			

New York Sugar No. 4

Mar.	1.12½B-13A	unch.
May	1.12½B-13A	+½

Chicago Wheat			Chicago Corn		
May	67⅝-67¾	+⅛	May	48¼-48⅜	+⅛
July	67⅝-67¾	+⅛	July	49½-49⅝	+⅛
Sept.	68½-68½	+¼	Sept.	50-50⅛	—

Winnipeg Wheat

May	62-62	unch.
July	62⅝-62⅝	unch.

New York Silk closed.—Reuter.

British Commodities

Saturday's Closing Quotations

London, Feb. 11.

Generally quiet conditions prevailed in British commodity markets today.

London Rubber: Spot buyers 7$\frac{11}{16}$ +$\frac{1}{16}$; sellers 7$\frac{13}{16}$ +$\frac{1}{16}$; Mar. del. buyers 7$\frac{11}{16}$ +$\frac{1}{16}$; sellers 7$\frac{13}{16}$ +$\frac{1}{16}$.

London Sugar (Buyers) Mar. 6/1¾ +¼; May 6/1½ unc. Aug. 6/1½ +¼.

Liverpool Wheat: Mar. 4/6¾ —¼; May 4/7⅜ —⅜; July (New Contract) 4/6⅜ —¼.

Liverpool Cotton: American Futures: Mar. 4.71 +1; May 4.67 +1; July 4.58 + 1; Sept. 4.52 +1. Egyptian Futures (Giza, F.G.F. No. 7) No. 2 Contract. Mar. 8.77 +2; May 6.87 +2; July 6.93 +2; Sept. 6.93 +2.

London Metals: Closed.—Reuter.

Movements of Silver In U.K.

London, Feb. 10.

Movements of silver in the United Kingdom, during the week ended February 8, resulted in an excess of exports over imports of £35,000, compared with net exports of £768,000 during the previous week.

Exports of the white metal from the United Kingdom during the period under review totalled £93,000, including shipments valued at £27,000 to the United States and £43,000 to Germany. Exports during the previous week amounted to £972,000 and included shipments of £919,000 to the United States and £23,000 to Switzerland.

Coming from various sources, imports of silver for the same period totalled £58,000, of which £45,000 was brought from France. Imports for last week summed up to £204,000, including £88,000 from France; £32,000 from Australia; £29,000 from The Netherlands; and, £23,000 from Belgium.—Reuter.

New York Stocks

Saturday's Closing Quotations

New York, Feb. 11.

Trading on the New York Stock Exchange today was a quiet pre-holiday affair. There was nothing in the news to affect the market either way to any great extent. The advance witnessed was due more to a lack of selling pressure than any other cause, whilst continued favourable business news was also a helpful factor. The volume of trading today amounted to 320,000 shares.

Dow-Jones Averages

	High	Low	Close	Changes
20 Indust.	145.04	144.07	144.61	+0.93
20 Rails	3.023	29.98	30.18	+0.23
15 Utilit.	25.07	24.85	24.93	+0.15
40 Bonds	—	—	90.22	+0.03
11 Commod.	—	—	46.86	+0.19

	Feb. 10	11
Adams Express	B 9¼	9½
Alleghany Ludlum Steel	22	22½
Allis Chalmers	41¾	42½
Amerada Corp.	62	62
Amer. Can	93⅝	94
Amer. & For. Power	3⅛	3⅛
" " $7 pfd.	B 16½	B 16¾
Amer. Locomotive	24	24¼
Amer. Metal	34¾	34¾
Amer. Radiator	15½	15⅞
Amer. Rolling Mill	18	18½
Amer. Smelting	44⅜	44½
Amer. Sugar Refining	19½	19¼
Amer. Tel. & Tel.	156¾	157
Amer. Tobacco "B"	86¼	86¼
Amer. Waterworks	12⅞	13¼
Anacon. Copper	23⅞	29⅛
Atchison, T. & S. Fe	34⅝	35
Auburn	B 3½	B 3½
Baltimore & Ohio	6⅛	6⅛
Barber Asphalt Corp.	B 17	B 17¼
Barnsdall Oil Co.	16	15⅞
Bethlehem Steel	67½	68½
Boeing Airplane Co.	28¾	28¾
Borg Warner	26½	26¾
Briggs Mfg. Co.	24¾	25
Brooklyn-Manhattan Trans.	11⅜	11½
" " $6 cum. pfd.	37½	B 38½
Can. Pacific Rly.	5¼	5¼
Case, J.I.	85	86
Celanese Corp.	19⅝	20
Chase Nat. Bank	B 31	B 31¼
Chesapeake & Ohio	34½	35
Chrysler	74⅝	75¾
Columbia Gas & Elec.	8	8¼
" 6% "A" pfd.	B 83	B 84
Coml. Credit	53	53
Comm. & Southern (ord.)	1⅞	1⅞
" $6 cum. pfd.	60⅛	60½
Consolid. Edison	32⅞	33
Consolid. Oil	8⅜	8¼
Continental Can	38½	39½
Continental Oil	27¼	27¼
Corn Products	64	64
Curtiss Wright	6⅞	7
" " "A"	27⅛	27¼
Distillers Corp. Seagrams	18⅛	18⅝
Douglas Aircraft	69½	70½
Du Pont de Nemours	148¾	149¼
Eagle Picher Lead	11½	11¾
Elec. Bond & Sh.	11¼	11½
" " $5 pfd.	63	B 63
" " $6 pfd.	70⅝	70⅝
Elec. Power & Lt. 7% pfd.	37½	38⅜
Flintkote	26¾	27¼
Gen. Amer. Trans. Corp.	56⅜	56¼
Gen. Electric	40¼	40½
Gen. Motors	48	48⅝
Gen. Rly. Signal	22	22
Glidden Co.	20½	21
Goodrich (B.F.)	20⅞	21¼
" $5 pfd.	B 58½	B 59¼
Goodyear Tire & Rubber	31⅞	32⅞
Great Nthrn. Iron Ore	14⅝	B 14⅝
Great Nthrn. Rly., pfd.	24½	25½
Great Western Sugar	B 24⅝	24⅞
Greyhound Corp.	18	18¼
Hecker Products	11¼	11¼
Homestake Min.	63¼	63¼
Int. Nickel	51½	51¾
Int. Tel. & Tel.	8⅞	B 8⅝
Johns Manville	90½	92¼
Kennecott	36½	36⅞
Libby-Owens Ford Glass	47	47½
Lockheed Aircraft	30¼	31½
Loew's Inc.	48⅝	49⅛
Manhattan Shirt Co.	B 11¼	B 11¼
Martin, Glenn L. Co.	36⅛	36½
McKesson & Rob.	9¾-10½ B/A	9¾-10½ B/A
Monsanto Chemical	98⅝	100
Montgomery Ward	49½	50
Nat. City Bank	B 24¼	B 24½
Nat. Dairy Products	14	14
Nat. Distillers	25⅞	26
Nat. Gypsum	13½	13¾
Nat. Lead	23⅛	23
Nat. Power & Lt.	8⅛	8¼
Nat. Supply Co. of Penn.	12¾	12½
New York Central	18	18¼
North Amer. Aviation	18⅜	18¼
North American	24¾	25
Northern Pacific	11½	11¼
Pacific Gas & Electric	30	30
Pacific Lighting	44½	—
Packard Motors	4	4¼
Paramount Pictures Inc.	10½	10½
Pennsylvania R.R.	20	20¼
Phelps Dodge	38	38⅞
Phillips Petroleum	39½	39½
Public Serv. of N.J.	35¼	35⅜
Pullman, Inc.	33⅜	33¾
Pure Oil	9⅛	9⅛
Radio Corp. of Amer.	7	7
Republic Steel Co.	20½	20½
Reynolds Tobacco "B"	40	40
Schenley	15	15⅞
" 5½% pfd.	—	—
Sears Roebuck	71	71½
Shell Union Oil	13	13
Socony-Vacuum	12⅝	12⅞
Sthrn. Pacific	16⅞	17
Sthrn. Rly. $5 pfd.	26	26¾
Sperry Corp.	45¼	45¼
Stand. Brands	7	7
Stand. Gas & Elec.	3⅝	—
Stand. Oil of N.J.	48⅞	49⅝
Stone & Webster	15	15⅛
Swift International	28	—
Technicolor	19	18¾
Texas Corp.	44	44½
Texas Gulf Sulphur	31	—
Transamerica	6½	6⅝
Tw. Century Fox Film	24	24
" " pfd.	32½	—
Un. Carbide & Carbon	83¼	83½
Un. Pacific	95½	96⅜
Un. Aircraft	39¼	39⅛
Un. Air Lines Trans.	10¾	11
Un. Corp.	3⅛	3⅛
" $3 cum. pfd.	35½	—
Un. Gas Corp.	2⅞	2¾
Un. Gas Improvement	12⅞	12¾
U.S. Rubber	43⅜	44¾
" 8% n-c pfd.	99¾	103
U.S. Steel	58⅝	59⅝
Vanadium	24¾	25
Warner Bros. Picts.	5¼	5⅜
Westinghouse Elec.	107	110
Woodward Iron	21	20½

BONDS

Amer. & For. Power	54¾	54¾
Brazil	12	12½
Baltimore & Ohio	19	19⅞
Cities Serv. Pwr. & Lt.	81¾	82
Erie R.R. 5s 1967	11¼	11¼
Int. Tel. & Tel. 5s 1955	69⅞	70¼
New England Gas & Elec.	59½	59¼
Peru 6s 1961	9½	—
Sthrn. Pacific R.R.	51	51
Stand. Gas & Elec.	64¾	64⅝

A—Asked. B—Bid.—Reuter.

Dow-Jones Summary

By Courtesy of Swan, Culbertson & Fritz

Stock prices today recorded advances in excess of one point in a typical quiet and pre-holiday session. Many traders were absent from the market, and the lack of selling pressure brought out advances in most sections with the majority of leaders ruling quiet but firm. Favourable news today included: indications of an improvement in steel mill activity next week, with Pittsburgh reporting an increase in scheduled operations; reports of better general business conditions in Britain; and, the belief that Mr. Harry L. Hopkins will soon issue a favourable statement in connection with the utility question, whilst coppers were aided by hopes that orders would be forthcoming from utility companies.

Curb stocks ruled irregularly higher, while the bond market was firm but quiet. Exchanges presented a steady appearance.

NEW YORK STOCK EXCHANGE

Statistical Data Concerning Leading Stocks

By courtesy of Swan, Culbertson & Fritz

NAME OF STOCK (No par value excep where indicated)	DIVIDENDS: Annual rate*	DIVIDENDS: Date of 1st quarterly payment	Book value	EARNINGS OR DEFICITS: 5 yr Average 1926-30	1934	1936	1937	Yield on basis of price in %
Adams Express	0.20†	Irregular	13	—	nil	0.50	0.62	2
Alleghany Ludlum Steel	—	—	21	—	0.99	2.13	2.10	nil
Allis Chalmers	1.50†	Irregular	32	—	D0.51	2.27	4.42	4
American can 25	4	Feb. 15	61	6.29	6.72	5.80	6.08	4
Am. and Foreign Power	—	—	—	1.43	D11.12	D 9.45	D 8.77	nil
Am. and For.P. $7 cum. Pref.	—	—	110	23.49	2.46	5.84	7.11	nil
Am. Locomotive	—	—	12	4.20	D 6.02	D 1.71	4.75	nil
Am. Radiator	—	—	12	1.84	0.11	0.70	0.68	—
Am. Rolling Mill	—	—	33	2.46	0.50	2.25	2.55	—
American Smelting	2.25†	Feb. 28	52	7.27	1.63	6.85	6.54	5
Am. Tel. and Tel. 100	9	Jan. 15	128	1.30	5.96	9.89	9.76	6
Am. Tob. "B" 25	5	Mar. 1	27	6.00	4.46	3.71	5.04	6
Am. Waterworks	—	—	35	2.80	1.03	1.52	1.14	nil
Anaconda Copper 50	0.50†	Irregular	55	4.97	0.22	1.83	3.62	2
Atch., Top. & S. Fe 100	—	—	260	19.16	0.32	1.56	0.60	—
Auburn Automobiles	—	—	28	9.72	D16.21	D 6.67	D20.07	nil
Baltimore and Ohio 100	—	—	126	11.36	D 2.41	0.85	D 1.20	nil
Barber Asphalt (10)	—	—	32	—	D 0.77	1.14	1.91	—
Barnsdall Oil 5	1	Feb. 1	8	—	D 0.47	1.01	9.85	6
Bethlehem Steel	—	—	119	7 06	D 1.87	2.09	7.63	—
Boeing Airplane 5	—	—	6	—	D 0.43	032	0.45	—
Borg-Warner 5	0.25	Irregular	16	—	1.53	3.57	3,63	—
Bklyn. Manh. Tran.	—	—	79	6.78	7.40	0.30	4.09	nil
Canadian Pacific Rly. 25	—	—	40	3.11	D 0.20	0.04	0.30	nil
Case, J. I. 100	5†	Irregular	134	14.53	D 7.38	12.36	13.98	6
Chase Nat. Bank 13.55	1.40	F.A. 1	31	4.04	2.02	2.24	2.03	4
Chesapeake & Ohio. 25	2	Jan. 1	51	5.67	3.67	5.72	4.43	6
Chrysler 5	2†	?rregulor	28	4.69	2.19	14.25	11.66	3
Columbia Gas and Electric	—	—	16	2.08	0.24	0.53	0.57	—
Commercial Credit 10	4.00	Mar. 31	29	—	4.12	6.08	7.10	—
Commonwealth & Southern	—	—	5	0.67	D 0.04	0.13	0.18	nil
Consolidated Edison	2	Mar. 15	52	4.50	2.18	2.33	2.17	6
Consolidated Oil	0.80	Feb. 15	18	—4	D 0.02	1.18	1.48	10
Continental Oil	1*	Jan. 30	17	0.6	1.03	1.78	2.97	4
Corn Products 25	3	Jan. 20	34	4.41	3.16	3.86	2.52	5
Distillers Corp. Seagrams	2	Mar. 15	13	nil	0.54	2.42	3.49	11
Douglas Aircraft	3	Irregular	12	1.60	0.08	1.74	1.90	4
Dupont de Nemours 10	3.25†	Mar. 15	36	5.17	3.63	7.54	7.27	2
Eagle Picher Lead 10	0.10†	Irregular	13	—	D 0.21	0.74	0.40	1
Electric Bond & Share 5	—	—	27	2.15	0.21	0.17	0.42	nil
Elec. Bond & Share $6 Pref	6	Feb. 1	110	—	6.55	6.42	7.31	9
Flintkote	—	—	13	—	0.80	1.75	1.50	—
General Electric	0.90†	Jan. 25	11	1.81	0.59	1.52	2.21	2
General Motors 10	1.50†	Mar. 12	16	4.83	2.00	5.36	4.38	3
General Railway Signal	—	—	14	7.99	D 1.50	0.17	1.58	—
Glidden	—	—	22	—	1.68	3.29	2.62	—
Goodrich Rubber	—	—	23	2.09	0.41	4.03	D 2.25	nil
Goodyear Tire and Rubber	0.25	Irregular	21	5.12	D 0.66	3.90	1.95	1
Great Northern Ry. Pfd.	—	—	157	9.47	D 0.43	3.99	4.04	nil
Greyhound	1.10†	Jan. 1	7	D0.16	0.58	1.50	1.59	6
Hecker Products	0.60	Feb. 1	13	3.58	0.48	0.71	0.89	5
Int. Nickel	2*	Mar. 30	12	0.85	1.13	2.40	3.31	4
Int. Tel. and Tel	—	—	38	3.45	0.33	0.63	1.60	nil
Kennecott	1.75*	Mar. 30	29	3.67	0.53	2.36	4.60	5
Loew's Inc.	3.00	Mar. 30	51	6.71	4.50	6.73	8.47	6
Montgomery Ward	1.50†	Apr. 15	28	2.51	1.72	3.63	3.41	3
Nat. City Bank N.Y. 12½	1	F. A. 1	25	4.12	2.00	2.10	2.00	4
Nat. Dairy Products	1	Jan. 2	12	3.58	0.94	2.01	1.53	7
National Distillers	2*	Feb. 1	18	—	5.51	3.81	3.86	8
Nat. Power and Ligh	0.60	Mar. 1	21	1.74	0.85	0.99	1.36	7
New York Central	—	—	142	12.63	D 1.54	1.79	0.99	nil
North American Co. 10	1.20*	Jan. 2	22	4.47	1.04	1.74	1.95	5
Pacific Gas and Electric 25	2	Jan. 16	28	2.83	1.52	2.55	2.71	7
Pacific Lighting	3*	Feb. 15	9	2.70	2.72	3.88	4.10	7*
Packard Motors	—	—	3	1.11	D 0.49	0.47	0.20	—
Paramount Pictures 1	—	—	15	—	—	1.18	1.96	nil
Pennsylvania Railroad 50	—	—	89	7.01	1.43	2.94	2.07	—
Phillips Petroleum	2	Mar. 1	34	3.69	1.38	4.02	5.42	5*
Public Service of N.J.	2.20†	Mar. 30	31	3.15	2.95	2.80	2.61	6
Pure Oil	—	—	21	1.77	D 0.97	1.63	2.15	nil
Radio Corp.	0.20	Irregular	nil	1.32	D 0.10	0.21	0.41	3
Reynolds Tobacco "B"	2.90	Jan. 1	14	3.04	2.15	2.93	2.82	7
Schenley 5	—	—	26	—	6.64	7.05	5.04	—
Sears Roebuck	5.50†	Mar. 16	40	5.03	3.13	5.60	5.58	8
Socony Vacuum Corp. 15	0.50†	M. S 15	20	—	0.76	1.38	1.82	4
Southern Pacific 100	—	—	196	10.19	0.11	3.84	0.20	nil
Standard Brands	0.625	Jan. 2	4	1.53	1.03	1.11	0.71	9
Standard Gas & Electric	—	—	50	6.59	D 1.95	D 0.99	D 1.33	nil
Standard Oil of N.J. 25	1.50*	J. D. 15	44	3.47	1.76	3.73	5.64	3
Texas Gulf Sulphur	2	Mar. 15	16	5.21	1.81	2.56	3.02	6
Union Carbide & Carbon	2.40†	Jan. 2	26	3.40	2.28	4.14	4.81	3
Union Pacific Railway 100	6	Jan. 2	198	17.53	6.63	8.20	6.15	6
United Aircraft 5	1.25†	Irregular	7	—	D 0.01	0.76	1.52	2
United Airlines 5	—	—	8	—	D 2.19	0.26	D 0.52	nil
United Corp.	—	—	7	0.55	0.17	0.19	0.22	nil
United Gas Improvement	1	Mar. 23	11	1.29	1.19	1.09	1.09	8
U.S. Rubber 10	—	—	13	nil	D 3.15	3.31	2.21	nil
U.S. Steel	—	—	140	12.90	D 5.39	2.91	8.01	nil
Vanadium	—	—	26	4.59	D 2.29	0.40	2.22	nil
Warner Bros. Pictures 5	—	—	15	1.84	D 0.77	0.75	1.48	nil
Westinghouse Elec. .50	2.50†	Feb. 28	67	7.22	D 0.04	5.67	7.53	2

*Plus extras D Deficit E Est. †Dividends are for the latest four quarters

German Economic Policy Defined

Berlin, Feb. 12.

Much interest has been shown here in an article published by Reichsbank Vice-President Dr. Brinkmann in which he outlines the general economic policy of the new Reichsbank management.

Brinkman emphasized the prime necessity of increasing German export and indicated that in this respect the Reichsbank would continue the policy inaugurated this week of increasing the latitude shown in the application of foreign exchange control regulations, of simplifying bank procedure and of cheapening of credits.

It was however noted that Dr. Brinkmann does not see any immediate prospect of abolishing exchange control in the near future.

In a speech held in Bremen yesterday, the German Finance Minister Count Schwerin von Krosigk emphasized once more that the Reich's government would under all circumstances maintain the stability of the Reichsmark currency and would avoid any inflation.—Trans-Ocean.

"Hot Money" In United States

New York, Feb. 10.

Discussing "hot money" in the United States, the Federal Reserve Board today indicated belief that it does not amount to much more than $1,000,000,000 at present, although estimates by the Treasury and other sources place the figure much larger, some being as high as $7,000,000,000.

The Board estimates the influx of foreign capital since 1934 at $4,200,000,000, of which about $1,500,000,000 represents foreign repayments of American loans and investments abroad, $1,200,000,000 foreign investments in American securities, and $1,500,000,000 foreign deposits in American banks.

These foreign deposits, says the Board, contain the so-called "hot-money," although a substantial amount of business balances is also included in them.

The Board disputes the theory that much of the foreign funds placed in American stocks should also be considered "hot money."—Reuter.

Influx of Gold Into U.S.

New York, Feb. 10.

Financial quarters today saw in the new inflow of European gold to the United States, a possibility for Continental nations to form a war reserve, for the purchase here of raw materials and foodstuffs in the event of a European conflict.

Recent arrivals of gold shipments from Europe totalled more than $60,000,000, of which the greater part has been deposited in the Federal Reserve Bank, apparently destined for the Exchange Stabilization Fund.

Authoritative circles estimated today that there is at present a total of more than $600,000,000 in the reserve accounts of foreign nations.

Wall Street quarters emphasized that these deposits could be utilized for the purchase of war materials on the "cash and carry" basis should the necessity arise.

The presence of these reserves here eliminates the risk of losses that might be incurred in gold shipments during times of war.

In Washington, it was remarked that most of the gold that recently arrived here came from London and that the needs of the Stabilization Fund did not explain the great inflow.—Havas.

Curtiss-Wright Trial Inconclusive

Judge Rebukes Jury for Mixed Verdict

New York, Feb. 11.

The Federal Court jury today returned a mixed verdict ending the first trial of a neutrality violation case against the Curtiss-Wright Aircraft Corp. The company had been charged with selling four aeroplanes and armaments to a Bolivian agent during the Gran Chaco War.

The jury was soundly rebuked by Judge Vincent L. Leibell for returning a mixed verdict.

"I fail to understand," he said, "how any intelligent jury could fail to reach a more complete verdict."

Government attorneys meanwhile reviewed evidence in the case to determine whether to ask for a retrial.—United Press.

Bombay Silver Stocks

Bombay, Feb. 11.

Stocks of Silver in Bombay on Feb. 11 compared with the two previous weeks:—

Jan. 28, 1,500, Feb. 4, 1,500, Feb. 11 1,500 Bars.

N. B. The above figures include both English Bar and Indian Mint Silver.—Reuter.

Berlin Bourse

Berlin, Feb. 11.

The bourse continued to be very firm, but price movements, as far as they occurred, were erratic. The volume of business transacted was small and price changes were almost entirely due to stray sales.

Little interest was shown in minings, while electrics and potashes also tended to decline.

The fixed interest securities market was quiet but the general tone remained friendly.—Trans-Ocean.

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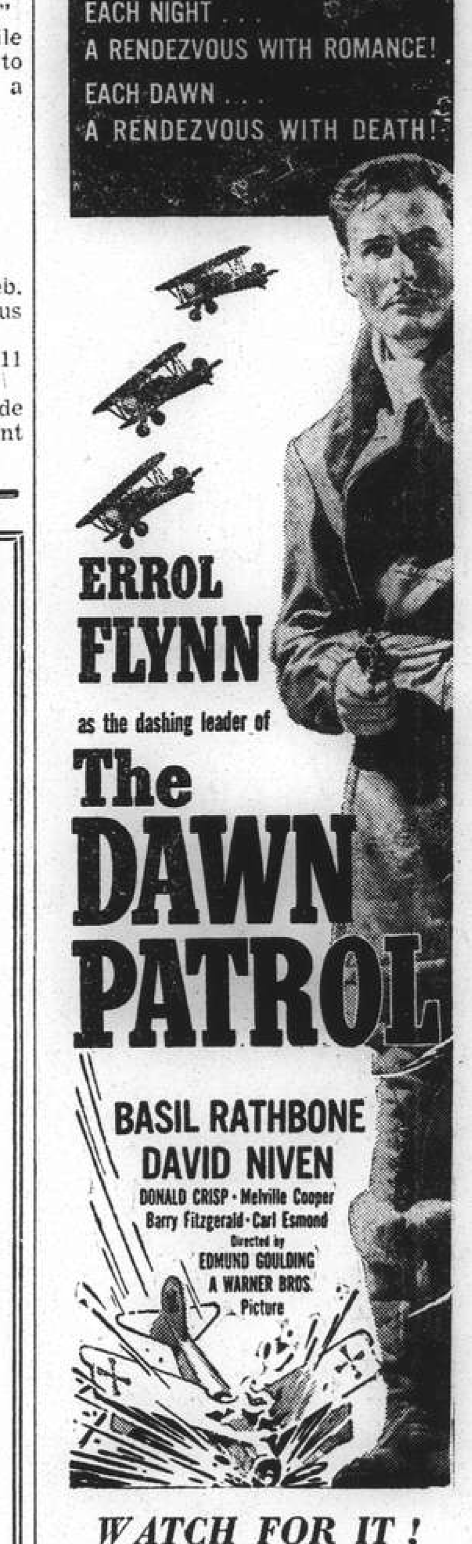

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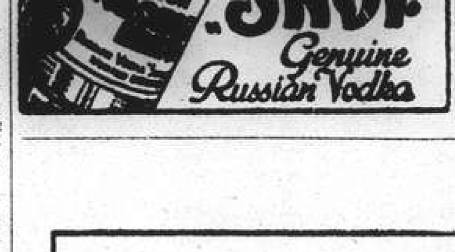

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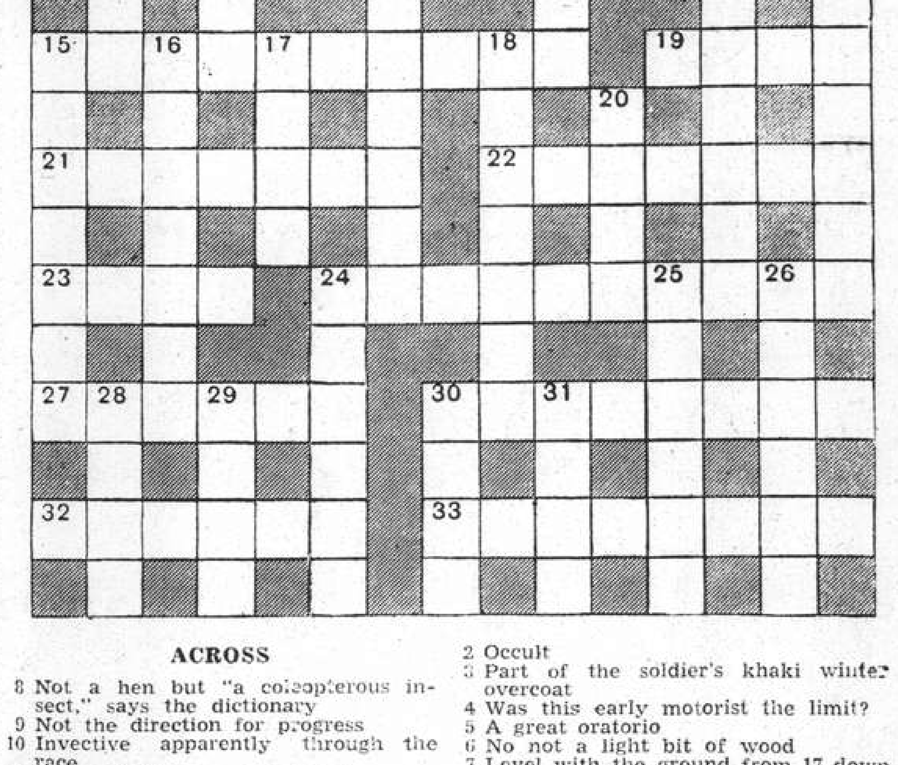
LONDON CROSS WORD No. 1736

(By Arrangement with the "Daily Telegraph.")



ACROSS

8 Not a hen but "a coleopterous insect," says the dictionary
9 Not the direction for progress
10 Invective apparently through the race
12 Garment often seen at athletic sports
15 A double order of expulsion for the future
19 Nansen's ship
21 Withdrew having finished with work
22 He starts something to sink
23 German river
24 No this insect is not poisonous
27 The veto that came from an old city
30 Intentional damage to make a beast go
32 An artist in a Spanish town shows us a termagant
33 Lively and might be made a tin

DOWN

1 You will find this case is in a little valley
2 Occult
3 Part of the soldier's khaki winter overcoat
4 Was this early motorist the limit?
5 A great oratorio
6 No not a light bit of wood
7 Level with the ground from 17 down
11 Was this famous minstrel of old fair-headed?
13 A gem for a fairy dowry
14 Regret about a well-known code
15 This man is commonly claimed by some woman
16 Well-known but not talented
17 Book of the O.T.
18 Material where fate is upset at last
20 French author with an English name
24 This delicacy is doubly good abroad
25 The old master tells a young Scot what the bird is
26 This vessel is not a tug
28 No warm greeting
29 This ford is on the Aire or the Avon
30 This sea-bird is often smoked
31 A two-master

SOLUTION OF LONDON PUZZLE No. 1735

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■S■T■K■R■REDINK
ANNOUNCE■O■R■A■
■O■P■O■C■APIARY
TWICETWO■D■F■R■
■M■O■T■V■MUTUAL
JAPANESE■A■E■T■
■NOTED■REPARTEE
■■L■A■■■■■L■O■■
FOOTPATH■STAGE■
■U■H■L■UPTODATE
STROLL■R■Y■D■I■
■L■U■W■TAMPERED
SINGLE■F■I■N■N■
■N■H■L■UNENDING
MENTAL■L■D■A■E■
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SOLUTION OF SUNDAY CROSS WORD No. 484

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HOROSCOPE■P■B
O■U■P■C■BRILL
INSTITUTE■L■O
S■S■T■L■N■OAT
TRIP■TALENT■T
■■A■C■R■Z■■■E
VINOUS■MEMBER
I■■■R■B■R■L■■
O■SHRIEK■BERG
LIT■I■C■P■A■R
A■O■CHARLEROI
TRAWL■L■A■E■N
E■T■EUMENIDES
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Way of Faith and Obedience

Sermon Preached in Holy Trinity Cathedral By Dean Trivett at Evensong on February 5

TEXT:—*"Teach me thy way O Lord: I will walk in thy truth. Unite my heart to fear thy name."* Psalm 86: 11.

FEW people today believe in an absolute and through-going determinism. While recognizing the scope of prenatal and hereditary influences and the determining power of environment, and the part that companionships and circumstances play in the formation of character, they are still forced to admit, that in the last analysis, men and women are free, and have the ability to choose in a large measure the moral and spiritual lives they wish to live.

But the choice is not as easy as it sounds. The writer in our text has chosen the high way. His decision is recorded, "I will walk in thy truth." But he is conscious of discord and unrest in his heart, of an inward struggle which holds him back from perfectly following the way. He suffers from a divided heart. At times the struggle seems to go against him, and he cries almost despairingly, "unite my heart to fear thy name."

I think each one of us understands this. We too are conscious of a strife within, a bitter struggle which goes on continually within our hearts. There are conflicting desires. We are conscious of being pushed and dragged in different directions. The heart is a continual battlefield, the good and the bad are engaged in a ceaseless struggle within us. Part of our nature cries out within us for the satisfaction of some urgent desire: another voice counsels restraint. Indeed we might argue almost that there is a double personality in each of us, two men striving for the mastery in "Mansoul."

Dual Personality

No doubt most of you are familiar with a small book by R. L. Stevenson called, "The Strange Case of Dr. Jekyll and Mr. Hyde." In any case let me remind you of the story which is apt to our subject this evening, for it is essentially a study in the field of dual personality. We are introduced to Dr. Jekyll, a wealthy learned and very distinguished young medical practitioner. He is highly regarded by all who know him. In every way he seems a most estimable character, benevolent, brilliant, irreproachable. But there is another side to his character, a side which he hides from the world. There are evil desires that cry for expression; a cruel brutal sensual being, that seems to live in him, but which is dominated and kept in repression. Experimenting in his laboratory he discovers a drug which has a most remarkable effect. After its administration the patient is so changed that even his closest friends would fail to recognize him. Jekyll also discovers an antidote. Taking the drug himself, he goes off on a terrible debauch, giving full rein to all the evil passions that had cried so long for expression. He gives the name of Hyde, and no-one identifies this wretched person with the irreproachable Doctor Jekyll. After the debauch, he steals in the back way and takes the antidote and is again in appearance his old self. I need not follow the story in detail. Debauch follows debauch at closer intervals. After each fall he despises himself, and finally decides to make a clean break. He resolves he will not give in again. Dr. Jekyll goes for a walk in the park. He sits down to rest and falls asleep. The old desire comes sweeping over him, and he wakes up as Mr. Hyde.

The psychology of the story is excellent. Evil had become dominant, supreme, irresistible Stevenson's story might easily be true. Apart from the miraculous drug, the story is absolutely in accord with facts as we see them in the world about us. Evil habits at first a servant, soon becomes the master. There comes a time when we would cast off the self-imposed chains, and we find that we cannot. Like Dr. Jekyll, in us the beastly and the vile have become dominant. They take control, and try as we will, we cannot regain our old freedom.

Source of Danger

Beware of the divided heart, it is always a source of danger. After all, Stevenson's book is only a dramatic rendering of Romans Seven, which was read as our Second Lesson this evening. St. Paul knew well this inward struggle: the sense of good and evil struggling within for the mastery. He tells us that he is conscious of two tendencies within his heart, one calling him to obey the law of God, the other to obey the law of sin. St. Paul had a "Dr. Jekyll" and a "Mr. Hyde," but he called them, the "New Man," and the "Old Man." The "Flesh" and the "Spirit."

Now we can all appreciate St. Paul's statement, for I put it to you that he is describing something we have all experienced, every one of us. We all know too well the meaning of the divided heart, and the possibilities of good or evil which arise from it. Man has in him the possibilities of good or evil. On the one hand we realize that we are indeed made in the image of God and we hunger for communion with him. With the Psalmist of old we cry, "My soul is athirst for the living God." There are infinite possibilities of goodness, and unquenchable aspirations after holiness. There is a "Dr. Jekyll" side to every man. But there is another and very different side to human nature. There is a sort of taint in the blood, a twist,—a bias toward evil. *Original sin* is not an invention of the theologian, it is one of the most terrible truths that experience teaches. There is a lower nature always battling against the higher. The world and the flesh, against the mind and the spirit. "Mr. Hyde" against "Dr. Jekyll."

The Bible contains many tragic illustrations of the peril of the divided heart. We see its bitter fruits in the lives of Esau, and of Samson: of David, and many another in the Old Testament. Of Judas, Ananias, and Demas in the New. And we do well to ponder over their tragic histories for we all suffer from the divided heart. No heart: no, not that of the greatest Saint is absolutely single, entirely devoted to God. We are all divided in our allegiance, the world in some form or other disputes the dominion of God. And I would premise further that the divided heart is the source of most of this world's misery and discontent. Our text is no obsolete prayer, but one that we would do well to have daily upon our lips.

Now let us consider briefly a few of the effects of the divided heart. And first of all I would say that it renders impossible a real and abiding happiness. Peace and tranquility have no place in the divided heart. We sway from one impulse to another. As the higher predominates, we are filled with remorse for having allowed the other to influence our past actions. Our mind is filled with loathing toward the evil ideas and impulses that lurk there. As the lower predominates, our enjoyment of the excesses into which it plunges us, is shortlived. Even in it we find our pleasure is spoiled by twinges of conscience. In a constant state of war there can be no peace or happiness.

Divided and Discordant

And then in the second place a divided heart means an ineffective life. When the heart is divided and discordant, the life that issues from it cannot in the nature of things be strong and vigorous, positive and aggressive. During the Great War of 1914-1918, our armies in the field were never truly effective so long as dual control existed. There was friction, often indecision, lack of co-operation and co-ordination.

Inacceptable to God

The men who have done great things in any age have been men of single purpose. "One thing I do," said the great Apostle. And we know that when our lives have been most effective, when we accomplished things of which we are proud, it has been when with undivided will and concentrated energy, we have attempted them. The divided heart is the reason why many Christian men and women live ineffective lives.

And further we might say, a divided heart is unworthy of God, and is inacceptable to God. We learn in the second Commandment that our "God is a jealous God." And the context defines the meaning: he will not accept nor bless half-hearted service. When our Lord sums up the teaching of the Commandments in regard to God, he does it in these words, "Thou shalt love the Lord thy God with all thy heart, and with all thy soul, and with all thy strength." The Bible contains both precept and example. Cain's sacrifice was not accepted because it was given from a divided heart. Ananias brought on himself a bitter penalty because he offered half-hearted service.

But we can get rid of sin. Stevenson's book ends in tragedy. Hyde gets the better of Dr. Jekyll. The conflict of the two personalities ends in the triumph of evil. But Roman's Seven tells of another and happier ending. St. Paul knew the miseries of a divided and distracted heart. "Who shall deliver me," he cries "from the body of this death." And he answers his own question with these triumphant words, "Thanks be to God which giveth us the victory through Jesus Christ our Lord."

And what Christ did for St. Paul he can do for you and me. Dr. Jekyll discovered a potion that would change from one form to another and back again, but no potion in the world can change you from a bad to a good man; but that the grace of God can do.

"God so loved the world that whosoever believeth in Him should not perish, but have everlasting life." In the way of faith and obedience, miracles are effected, and a great host testify to his transforming power. None are too far gone. "Where sin abounds," says one who knew all the weaknesses and waywardness of the human heart, "Grace much more abounds."

U.S.-Mexican Oil Talks Progress

Companies Claim Not Well Received

Washington, Feb. 11.

The claims of the American oil companies whose fields in Mexico were expropriated early last year, cannot form the basis of an agreement with the Mexican Government but may form the basis of discussion, official quarters stated here today.

They pointed out that certain points in the companies' list of demands were not favourably received in Mexico City.

Conversations on this subject will be continued next week by Dr. Castillo Najera, Mexican Ambassador, and the interested quarters here.—Havas.

Finnish Doctor Slays Colleague

Difference on Medical Matters Causes Murder

Helsinki, Feb. 11.

Suddenly interrupting his morning consultations, the assistant physician of the Rovaniemi Hospital here, M. Windroos, attacked the chief surgeon, M. Naervi, and shot him twice.

The victim succumbed to his wounds. The murderer, upon seeing his handiwork, sought to commit suicide, but was prevented.

He took the life of his colleague because of a difference of opinion upon certain medical questions.—Havas.

Prosecution Ends Case Against Hines

New York, Feb. 11.

The case for the prosecution in the 13-point indictment against James Hines, former Tammany boss, who is accused of helping to organize illegal lottery games and "protecting" them was concluded today. The case was then adjourned until Monday.—Reuter.

Yugoslav Minister Sees Herr Hitler

Berlin, Feb. 11.

M. Tsinkar Markovich, newly appointed Yugoslav Foreign Minister, left for Belgrade today to assume his State functions.

He was received by Fuehrer Adolf Hitler this afternoon prior to his departure.—Havas.

Italian Claims on France Defined

Tunis, Suez, Djibouti Are Wanted, Says Weekly; Paris Features Report

Milan, Feb. 12.

The Italian claims to French territory were summarized yesterday by the weekly "Relazioni Internationali" as being "made by the Italian people although not yet clearly expressed by the Fascist government."

Italy, according to the paper, must have complete security as to her undisturbed development in the Mediterranean and as a consequence claims Tunis, Suez and Djibouti as historically belonging to her. The question of Corsica, which undoubtedly also belonged to Italy, must also be settled.

If the French do not solve those problems, the Italian people—according to the paper—would not hesitate to bring about a solution by force of arms, in which case France would possibly have to face the united Italian and German people.

In conclusion the article states that the Italian volunteers would remain in Spain until Gen. Franco's position was fully consolidated and as long as the aims of the French policy in the Spanish question had not been clearly defined.—Trans-Ocean.

French Reaction

Paris, Feb. 12.

Last night's papers reprinted on their front pages the article published in the Italian weekly "Relazioni Internationali" which defines the Italian claims on French territory.

In the absence of comments on this article, it is pointed out that during the colonial debate in the French Chamber scheduled for an early date the attitude of the French Government towards the Italian claims would be made clear beyond a shadow of doubt.—Trans-Ocean.

Japanese Urged to Sell Gold to Government

Ornaments Needed for Good Of Nation

Tokyo, Feb. 12.

One hundred thousand households throughout Japan will soon be urged in letters from the Ministry of Finance to sell gold articles in their possession to the Government, Domei learned here today.

The step will be based on the findings of a recent nation-wide "gold census" which showed that at least 100,000 households had gold coins, watches, watch-chains, and other ornaments in their keeping.

During a recent Diet session, the Finance Minister, Mr. Sotaro Ishiwatari, announced that while the Government was striving to increase domestic gold production, it would find it necessary to introduce legislation providing for the compulsory purchase by the nation of gold articles from the general public.

This, Mr. Ishiwatari said, was necessary under the present "war-time" economy scheme.—Domei.

Plot to Slay Rumanian Strong Man Bared

Twenty-five Iron Guards Under Arrest

Bucharest, Feb. 11.

The 25 persons arrested here today on a charge of conspiracy are stated to be members of the Iron Guards, a Fascist organization. Twelve of them are reported to have already been named on the police records.

The men were arrested in a round-up made on the discovery of a plot believed to have been aimed at the life of M. Armand Calinescu, Minister of the Interior and "strong man" of the Cabinet.

No members of the military forces, it is stated, were implicated in the conspiracy. Old-type weapons and hand-grenades were found in possession of the arrested men.—Reuter.

Another Hat-Trick by T. W. Goddard

Edrich Scores Not Out Against Rhodesia

SPECIAL TO THE "N.C.D.N."

Salisbury, Feb. 11.

T. W. Goddard, the Gloucester and England player, made a hat-trick today when playing for the M.C.C. against Rhodesia. In addition, he took three other wickets, his average being six for 38 runs.

It was the second hat-trick to be made by Goddard in the present tour. Playing for England against South Africa in the Second Test, which was drawn, he also accomplished this feat.

The M.C.C. scored 180 runs in the 1st Innings, Charsley taking six wickets for 58 runs. In reply, Rhodesia managed only 96 runs, thanks to Goddard.

At the close of play in the second day, the M.C.C. had scored 174 runs for two wickets in the 2nd Innings, Edrich being 101 not out.—Reuter.

Belgian Cabinet Crisis Not Yet Ended

Brussels, Feb. 12.

The former Belgian Premier, M. Henri Spaak, has definitely declined King Leopold's invitation to form a new Cabinet owing to the failure of efforts to find a satisfactory solution of the case of Professor Martens. It is stated that King Leopold will resume his consultations with various political personalities today.

Political circles here are inclined to believe that the former Minister of Colonies, M. Tschoffen, and the former Minister of Agriculture, M. Pierlot, are the most likely candidates for the post of Premier. Both belong to the Catholic party.—Trans-Ocean.

Mr. Jaspar Asked

Brussels, Feb. 12.

M. Henri Jaspar, former Premier and prominent member of the Catholic Party, has been entrusted by the King with the formation of a new Cabinet.—Havas.

Europe in Chaos, Says M. Benes

War Not Expected to Start In Near Future

New York, Feb. 12.

The opinion that a war will not break out in Europe in the near future was expressed here by Dr. Eduard Benes, former President of Czechoslovakia, speaking last night at a dinner organized in his honour. He declared, however, that it would be a mistake to under-estimate the present chaos in Europe, a chaos which will finally jeopardize world peace.

Dr. Benes asserted that his country was not the first and will not be the last to suffer dismemberment as a result of minority questions. The speaker attributed the present situation to the "incontestable weakening and decline of the two Western European democracies."

"It cannot be denied," he added, "that the so-called policy of appeasement is merely postponing the conflict for a certain time. The ideological and political difference between European Powers are too great and the political aspirations of the dynamic" powers are far from having been satisfied, even today. The main question is whether these differences can be solved without a war or without too important domestic changes for several states in Europe."—Havas.

American President May Visit Europe

"Daily Mail" Reports That Invitation Was Given

Paris, Feb. 12.

The Ambassadors to the United States of three European countries have invited President Roosevelt to visit Europe, the continental edition of the "Daily Mail" announced this morning. In reply, a statement was made to the effect that the President did not have very much time at his disposal to make a trip abroad during his mandate, the paper added.

The newspaper and political circles here laid particular stress on the words "during his mandate."

In New York, it is believed that the British sovereigns, during their visit to the White House, will invite President and Mrs. Roosevelt to visit Great Britain. The President will probably accept if he decides not to run for a third presidential term.

"It is a well-known fact," the "Daily Mail" concluded, "that the President will not hesitate to make a trip to Europe in the event of the convocation of a general conference, or a grave crisis which might lead to war."—Havas.

Opposition Papers in Budapest Banned

Socialist, Nazi Organs Suppressed

Budapest, Feb. 12.

The Socialist organ "Nepszava" has been banned for one week owing to an article which appeared in its latest issue entitled "Fascism and Encyclics."

The latest edition of the Nazi organ "Oesszetartas" has also been suppressed.

It may be recalled that recently the "Magyarsag" an opposition organ owned by Count Andras Bethlen, and the Nazi "Magyarsag" were suspended.

These measures reveal that the freedom of the press in Hungary has been greatly curtailed.

Since the return from Berlin of Count Stephen Csaky, the Hungarian Foreign Minister, most of the opposition organs as well as the semi-official papers publish daily articles against Czechoslovakia, Rumania, Yugoslavia, and even Poland, which are obviously inspired.—Havas.

German Correspondents Rounded Up

French Expel Many for Suspected Spying

Paris, Feb. 11.

Thirty German newspaper correspondents in France have been arrested and seven have been expelled from the country on suspicion of espionage, official quarters revealed today.

The German Ambassador, Herr Johannes von Welczeck, inquired into the nature of the charges against the correspondents at the French Foreign Office today and asked for an explanation of a police raid on the home of the "Deutsche Allgemeine Zeitung" correspondent in Paris.—United Press.

Oakland Attorney Held On Bribery Charge

Sensation Caused Through California

Oakland, Calif., Feb. 11.

Mr. Mark Lee Megladdery, Jr., former secretary of the ex-Governor of California, Mr. Frank F. Merriam, was indicted by the Alameda County Grand Jury today on charges of bribery, grand theft and issuing worthless cheques.

As the Jury closed its month-long inquiry, accusations were filed against Mr. Edwin Gary, Oakland attorney, former member of the California State Athletic Commission and former partner of Mr. Megladdery. He was accused jointly with Mr. Megladdery on one indictment of seven counts of bribery, grand theft and conspiracy.—United Press.

Ronald Coleman Leaves Broadcasting

Hollywood, Feb. 11.

Mr. Ronald Coleman was the latest screen actor to withdraw today from the radio air waves because motion picture exhibitors complained that Hollywood radio shows emptied the theatres.

He obtained a release from the J. Walter Thompson Company, advertising agent for his sponsor. His contract called for twelve broadcasts.—United Press.

Vessels Arriving To-day

The following particulars in connection with vessels due to arrive to-day are based upon information available yesterday evening.

From TIENTSIN: Shuntien, due a.m., French Bund. Hangsang, due p.m., Roosevelts Terminal.

From TSINGTAO: Fausang, due a.m., Jardine Pootung East.

Due at Future Dates

All vessels are listed under their terminal port. The first date is that of the ship's departure from that port, and the second is the date she is due to arrive in Shanghai. Where a ship's name is duplicated it indicates the port of call last visited.

EUROPE AND STRAITS

From GDYNIA		
Mentor	10/1	4/3
Protesilaus	7/2	31/3
From COPENHAGEN		
Java	30/12	9/3
Kina	1/2	29/3
From OSLO		
Talleyrand	17/1	15/3
From HAMBURG		
Scharnhorst	21/1	24/2
Ramses	11/2	30/3
Protesilaus	11/2	31/3
From BREMEN		
Burgenland	27/12	19/2
Oldenburg	10/1	5/3
Neumark	24/1	13/3
Ramses	7/2	30/3
From ROTTERDAM		
Neumark	7/2	13/3
Kina	10/2	29/3
From ANTWERP		
Fulda	29/12	15/2
Glenogle	24/12	22/2
Glenroy	7/1	4/3
Aller	26/1	11/3
Arendskerk	23/1	17/3
Glenbeg	21/1	19/3
Gleniffer	4/2	1/4
From GLASGOW		
Memnon	31/12	18/2
Antenor	14/1	3/3
Ajax	28/1	16/3
Hector	11/2	31/3
From LIVERPOOL		
Cyclops	31/12	20/2
Tantalus	28/1	12/3
Ajax	4/2	16/3
Philoctetes	11/2	24/3
From LONDON		
Hakone M.	6/1	15/2
Rawalpindi	13/1	20/2
Burdwan	7/1	21/2
Fushimi M.	20/1	27/2
Canton	27/1	6/3
Hakozaki M.	3/2	13/3
Glenbeg	4/2	19/3
Somali	4/2	20/3
Corfu	10/2	20/3
From MARSEILLES		
P. Doumer	20/1	17/2
Aramis	3/2	3/3

From GENOA		
C. B'camano	28/1	22/2
Arendskerk	10/2	17/3
From TRIESTE		
C. Rosso	8/2	5/3
Cortellazzo	20/1	9/3
From NAPLES		
Hakozaki M.	12/2	13/3
From PORT SAID		
Scharnhorst	4/2	24/2
C. Rosso	11/2	5/3
Java	7/2	9/3
Aller	8/2	11/3
Talleyrand	11/2	15/3
From SUEZ		
Fushimi M.	3/2	27/2
Mentor	31/1	4/3
Glenroy	2/2	4/3
Oldenburg	4/2	5/3
From DJIBOUTI		
Aramis	11/2	3/3
From ADEN		
Canton	12/2	6/3
From COLOMBO		
C. B'camano	10/2	22/2
Antenor	12/2	3/3
From SINGAPORE		
Cyclops	1/2	20/2
Rawalpindi	10/2	20/2
Burdwan	11/2	21/2
Glenogle	10/2	22/2
From SOERABAIA		
Tjisadane	3/2	18/2
From MANILA		
Gert. Maersk	5/2	14/2
P. Coolidge	8/2	14/2
Stentor	8/2	17/2
Tjisadane	11/2	18/2
Memnon	11/2	18/2
Burgenland	12/2	19/2
From SAIGON		
P. Doumer	10/2	17/2
From HAIPHONG		
Fulda	9/2	15/2
From HONGKONG		
See "China Ports" below.		

AMERICA AND JAPAN

From NEW YORK		
Tai Ping	—	15/2
C. Bedford	18/12	15/2
Stentor	27/12	17/2
Siam. Prince	—	24/2
Mar. Maersk	11/1	25/2
Tweedbank	7/1	27/2
Acadia	28/2	15/3
Motorship	25/1	19/3
Eurybates	27/1	20/3
Irisbank	7/2	28/3
Anna Maersk	10/2	28/3
C. Athens	18/2	15/4
From NORFOLK		
Anna Maersk	12/2	28/3
From SAVANNAH		
Eurybates	1/2	20/3
From PANAMA		
Motorship	5/2	19/3
From VANCOUVER		
Tyndareus	26/1	22/2
From LOS ANGELES		
Pres. Taft	23/1	15/2
Tai Ping	19/1	15/2
Stentor	17/1	17/2
Tatuta M.	16/1	25/2

From LOS ANGELES		
Mar. Maersk	31/1	25/2
P. Cleveland	5/2	1/3
From SAN FRANCISCO		
Tweedbank	30/1	27/2
P. Cleveland	10/2	1/3
From HONOLULU		
Tatuta M.	24/1	25/2
From HONGKONG		
See "China Ports" below.		
From OTARU		
Titan	1/2	14/2
Deucalion	2/2	17/2
Soudan	7/2	19/2
From YOKOHAMA		
Pres. Taft	11/2	15/2
Panama	11/2	15/2
Leverkusen	10/2	16/2
Deucalion	10/2	16/2
Yasukuni M.	12/2	20/2
From KOBE		
Titan	11/2	14/2
Leverkusen	11/2	16/2
From NAGASAKI		
Shanghai M.	13/2	14/2

AFRICA AND AUSTRALIA

From CAPETOWN		
Ruys	18/1	25/2
From MOMBASA		
Ruys	5/2	25/2
From MELBOURNE		
Nankin	1/2	9/3
From SYDNEY		
Nankin	11/2	9/2

CHINA PORTS

From DAIREN		
Hoten M.	12/2	14/2
Tarn	9/2	19/2
Patroclus	10/2	1/3
From TIENTSIN		
Mingsang	10/2	14/2
Shengking	12/2	15/2
Esang	13/2	16/2
Yochow	8/2	17/2
Kwaisang	12/2	19/2
From SWATOW		
Soochow	13/2	15/2

From HONGKONG		
Tsinan	7/2	14/2
Gert. Maersk	10/2	14/2
Chungking	9/2	14/2
Yunnan	7/2	14/2
P. Coolidge	11/2	14/2
Hakone M.	10/2	15/2
C. Bedford	12/2	15/2
Prominent	11/2	16/2
Taiyuan	15/2	18/2
Sinkiang	15/2	19/2
Wingsang	16/2	19/2
From KEELUNG (Formosa)		
Tyosa M.	15/2	17/2

Passenger Lists

ARRIVALS

Per Kaiping, Feb. 11, from Chinwangtao: Mr. L. T. Beddow.

Vessels Leaving

NORTH CHINA COAST

YATSHING Feb. 13. TSINGTAO, CHEFOO and TIENTSIN.—Sails from Roosevelt Terminal Wharf on Monday, Feb. 13, at 10 a.m. For freight apply Jardine, Matheson & Co., Ltd. Tel. 15290. 13-2

KAIPING Feb. 14. CHINWANGTAO DIRECT.—The Kailan Mining Administration, will despatch the following steamer Kaiping Captain E. Muton, on Tuesday, Feb. 14, 1939. For freight or passage, apply to Agent. 30, Foochow Road. Tel. 11070. 14-2

SHUNTIEN Feb. 14. CHEFOO and TIENTSIN.—From French Bund on Tuesday, Feb. 14, at 10 a.m. For freight and passage apply to Butterfield & Swire, Tel. 82020 (French Bund). 14-2

TAKSANG Feb. 14. CHEFOO and TIENTSIN.—Sails from Roosevelt Terminal Wharf on Tuesday, Feb. 14, at 9 a.m. "A" and "B" Saloon Accommodation. For freight and passage apply Jardine, Matheson & Co., Ltd. Tel. 15290. 14-2

YUNNAN Feb. 15. TSINGTAO, WEIHAIWEI, CHEFOO and TIENTSIN. — From French Bund on Wednesday, Feb. 15, at 9 a.m. For freight and passage apply to Butterfield & Swire, Tel. 82020 (French Bund). 15-2

Vessels Leaving

NORTH CHINA COAST

FAUSANG Feb. 16. TSINGTAO.—Sails from Roosevelt Terminal Wharf on Thursday, Feb. 16, at noon. "A" and "B" Saloon Accommodation. For freight and passage apply Jardine, Matheson & Co., Ltd. Tel. 15290. 16-2

SHENGKING Feb. 18. WEIHAIWEI, CHEFOO and TIENTSIN.—From French Bund on Saturday, Feb. 18, at noon. For freight and passage apply to Butterfield & Swire, Tel. 82020 (French Bund). 18-2

SOUTH CHINA COAST

HANGSANG Feb. 14. SWATOW.—Sails from Roosevelt Terminal Wharf on Tuesday, Feb. 14, at noon. For freight apply Jardine, Matheson & Co., Ltd. Tel. 15290. 14-2

HSIN PEKING Feb. 15. NINGPO DIRECT.—From French Bund on Wednesday, Feb. 15, at 7 a.m. For freight and passage apply to Butterfield & Swire, Tel. 82020 (French Bund). 14-2

KAYING Feb. 15 SWATOW, HONGKONG, KWONG-CHOWWAN and HAIPHONG.—From French Bund on Wednesday, Feb. 15, at 7 a.m. For freight and passage apply to Butterfield & Swire, Tel. 82020 (French Bund). 14-2

TJISAROEA Feb. 15. AMOY, HONGKONG and JAVA PORTS.—The J.C.J.L. ss. Tjisaroea sails from Shanghai on Wednesday, February 15, taking cargo to Hongkong and Java ports. Excellent passenger accommodation. Through tickets issued to European and Australian Ports. For particulars apply to the Java-China-Japan Lijn Agentschap Shanghai N.V., Brunner Mond Building, 133 Szechuen Road. Tel. 16247 (4 Lines). 14-2

MINGSANG Feb. 16. SWATOW, HONGKONG, KWONG-CHOWWAN, HAIPHONG and PAKHOI.—Sails from Roosevelt Terminal Wharf on Thursday, Feb. 16, at 8 a.m. "A" and "B" Saloon Accommodation. For freight and passage apply Jardine, Matheson & Co., Ltd. Tel. 15290. 15-2

YOCHOW Feb. 16. AMOY, SWATOW and HONGKONG.—From French Bund on Thursday, Feb. 16, at 9 a.m. For freight and passage apply to Butterfield & Swire, Tel. 82020 (French Bund). 16-2

PROMINENT Feb. 17. SWATOW and HONGKONG.—From French Bund on Friday, Feb. 17, at 10 a.m. For freight and passage apply to Butterfield & Swire, Tel. 82020 (French Bund). 17-2

ESANG Feb. 19. SWATOW, HONGKONG, KWONG-CHOWWAN and HAIPHONG.—Sails from Roosevelt Terminal Wharf on Sunday, Feb. 19. For freight and passage apply Jardine, Matheson & Co., Ltd. Tel. 15290. 19-2

KWAISANG Feb. 21. SWATOW and HONGKONG.—Sails from Roosevelt Terminal Wharf on Tuesday, Feb. 21. For freight and passage apply Jardine, Matheson & Co., Ltd. Tel. 15290. 21-2

JAPAN

COBURG Feb. 13. KOBE and YOKOHAMA.—For freight and passage apply to Melchers & Co., General Agents, N.D.L. 210-214 Kiukiang Road. Tel. 15566. 13-2

STENTOR Feb. 18. OTARU.—For freight and passage apply agents, Butterfield & Swire, 21 French Bund. Tel. 82020. 18-2

MEMNON Feb. 19. OTARU, YOKOHAMA and KOBE.—For freight and passage apply Agents, Butterfield & Swire, 21 French Bund. Tel. 82020. 19-2

STRAITS AND EUROPE

ATHOS II Feb. 14. MARSEILLES via HONGKONG SAIGON, SINGAPORE, COLOMBO, DJIBOUTI, SUEZ and PORT SAID.—Messageries Maritimes, 9 Avenue Edward VII. Tel. 82034. 14-2

RANCHI Feb. 14. MARSEILLES and LONDON via HONGKONG, SINGAPORE, PENANG, COLOMBO, COCHIN, ADEN, PORT SUDAN, SUEZ, PORT SAID and MALTA.—Last tender leaves Customs Jetty 11.30 a.m. Tuesday, February 14. Hand packages only accepted by the Tender. Heavy Baggage received into Lighter at Customs Jetty between 2 and 3 p.m. on Monday, February 13, Customs Permit required for any railed cases. For Freight and Passage Apply to :—Mackinnon, Mackenzie & Co., Agents, 27 The Bund. Tel. No. 11423. 14-2

TITAN Feb. 14. HAVRE, LIVERPOOL and BROMBOROUGH.—For freight apply Agents, Butterfield & Swire, 21 French Bund. Tel. 82020. 14-2

LEVERKUSEN Feb. 17. GENOA, ROTTERDAM and HAMBURG via PORTS.—(Captain A Bretschneider), on or about February 17, 1939. For freight and passage please apply to Hamburg-Amerika Linie, Filiale Shanghai, 20 Canton Road. Tel. 18709. 17-2

DEUCALION Feb. 18. MARSEILLES, LONDON, ROTTERDAM, HAMBURG and GLASGOW. For freight and passage apply Agents, Butterfield & Swire, 21 French Bund. Tel. 82020. 18-2

TARN Feb. 19. CASABLANCA, ANTWERP, ROTTERDAM, HAMBURG and OSLO via HONGKONG, SINGAPORE and PORT SAID.—Motorvessel Tarn of the Wilhelmsen Lines will be despatched from Shanghai on or about February 19, for the above-mentioned ports. Through Bills of Lading issued for all Scandinavian and Baltic ports. For freight or passage please apply to Dodwell and Company, Ltd., 17 Canton Road. Tel. 11366. 19-2

SOUDAN Feb. 21. MARSEILLES, CASABLANCA, HAVRE, LONDON, HULL, HAMBURG, ROTTERDAM and ANTWERP via HONGKONG, SINGAPORE, PENANG, COLOMBO, BOMBAY, ADEN, PORT SUDAN, SUEZ and PORT SAID.—For freight Apply to:—Mackinnon, Mackenzie & Co., Agents, 27 The Bund. Tel. No. 11423. 21-2

CONTE B'CAMANO Feb. 23. NAPLES and GENOA via HONGKONG, MANILA, SINGAPORE, COLOMBO, BOMBAY, PORT SAID.—Lloyd Triestino, 26 The Bund. Tel. 16885. 23-2

MIN Feb. 25. ORAN, CASABLANCA, HAVRE, ANTWERP, DUNKIRK via ADEN and PORT SAID.—For particulars apply to Messageries Maritimes, 9 Avenue Edward VII. Tel. 82034. 25-2

COBURG Feb. 26. ADEN, PORT SUDAN, MARSEILLES, CASABLANCA, ROTTERDAM, HAMBURG and BREMEN via KOHSICHANG, SINGAPORE, BELAWAN and PORT SAID For freight and passage apply to Melchers & Co., General Agents, N.D.L., 210-214 Kiukiang Road. Tel. 15566. 26-2

AMERICA

GERTRUDE MAERSK Feb. 15. LOS ANGELES and via PANAMA to NEW YORK, BOSTON, PHILADELPHIA, BALTIMORE, SAVANNAH and NORFOLK.—For Freight and Passage apply to Melchers & Co., Agents, Maersk Line, 210-214 Kiukiang Road. Tel. 15566. 15-2

KIMIKAWA M. Feb. 18. NEW YORK, BOSTON, PHILADELPHIA and BALTIMORE via SAN FRANCISCO and LOS ANGELES.—For Freight please apply to Showa Shipping Co., Ltd., 130 Hankow Road. Tel. Nos. 18650 and 16118. 18-2

Post Office Notices

Earlier posting at Sub-Offices is requested in order to make connection with the below-mentioned closing times.

(Last connecting time from Sub-Offices to Head Office is 19.35 on week days and 19.05 on Sunday).

Date and Destination	*Per*		*Reg.*	*Ord.*
MONDAY, Feb. 13.				
Tsingtao and Dairen	Tsingtao M.		*19.00	7.15
Tsingtao Chefoo Tientsin	Yatshing		7.30	8.00
Ningpo	Tembien		12.30	13.00
Haimen Che.	Santarem		13.30	14.00
H'kow Wuchang Hanyang	Osumi M.		13.30	14.00
Aust. N.Z. S.S. (Y) India Suez Europe via Suez ..	Athos II	A	14.00	16.00
Hongkong and Canton ...	Athos II		15.30	16.00
U.S.S.R. Europe via Siberia	Kaiping	x	14.30	16.00
Chinwangtao	Kaiping	x	15.30	16.00
Kiangpei Offices east of Jukao	Tejo		16.30	17.00
Foochow	Pipina	x	16.30	17.00
Wenchow	M. Francisca		19.30	20.00
Chefoo and Tientsin	Taksang		19.50	20.00
TUESDAY, Feb. 14.				
Chefoo and Tientsin	Shuntien		7.30	8.00
Aust. N.Z. S.S. India Suez Europe via Suez	Ranchi	B	8.00	10.00
Hongkong and Canton	Ranchi		9.30	10.00
Swatow and Kwangtung ..	Hangsang		9.30	10.00
Japan H'lulu U.S.A. Canada Europe via Pacific	P. Coolidge	C	11.00	13.00
Ningpo	A'dne Moller	x	12.30	13.00
Nantung	Nantung M.		14.30	15.00
Indo-China (Z) via H'phong	Kaying	D	—	—
Swatow H'kong Haiphong	Kaying		19.30	20.00
Kwangtung	Kaying		19.30	20.00
Ningpo	Hsin Peking		19.30	20.00

* The night before.
A Parcel mail for France and other countries, closes at 12.00 on 13th.
B Parcel mail for S.S., Gt. Britain and other countries, closes at 16.00 on 13th.
C Parcel mail for Honolulu and U.S.A., closes at 16.00 on 13th.
D Parcel mail for Indo-China, closes at 16.00 on 14th.
X Provisional time—subject to alterations.
Y Superscribed correspondence.
Z Parcel mail only.

Ocean Mails for Europe and America

Via Siberia by steamer to Tientsin or Chinwangtao for transmission.

Next steamer mails will be closed as follow :—
ss. Athos II, via Suez, February 13, due London March 16.
ss. Ranchi, via Suez, February 14, due London March 18.
ss. Pres. Coolidge, via Pacific, February 14, due London March 15.

Air Mails

Imperial Airways Service (Hongkong-Bangkok-London and Hongkong-Bangkok-Singapore-Australia) per ss. Athos II, at 4 p.m. on February 13, and due Bracciano, Italy, on February 22, and London on February 23.

Pan American Airways Service (Hongkong-San Francisco) per ss. Deucalion, at 4 p.m. on Feb. 17, and due San Francisco on February 28.

Neth. (K.L.M.) Air Mail Service (Bandoeng-Amsterdam) per ss. Ranchi, at 10 a.m. on February 14, and due Amsterdam on February 28, and London on March 1.

Royal Netherlands Indies' Airways K.N.I.L.M. (Saigon-Batavia-Sydney) per ss. Athos II, at 4 p.m. on February 13, to Saigon.

Air France (Hanoi-Marseilles) per ss. Athos II, at 4 p.m. on February 13, and due Marseilles on March 3, and London on March 4.

Shanghai-Japan Air Mail Service :—Air mails close daily at 8 p.m. Mails for America may be sent on February 13, by air mail to Japan for connection with ss. Empress of Asia leaving Yokohama on February 16.

Domestic Air Mail

Air mails for Nanking per Shanghai-Nanking Air Line close daily at 12.00 (At Yuhang Road Sub-Office daily at 11.30 a.m.)

Air mails for Ningsia, Shensi, Szechwan, Yunnan, Kweichow, Hupeh (Shasi and west) and west thereof are to be forwarded to Hongkong for further transmission by the Hongkong-Chungking plane.

Train Mail

Light mails for or via Pengpu, Wuhu, N.S.R. and Lunghai (east of Chenghsien, Tungshan and Kaifeng) close daily, at 9.30 p.m. Express mails for Nanking and Chinkiang local close daily at 8.45 a.m.

Light mails for Kiangpei Offices west and north of Jukao via Chinkiang close daily at 9.30 p.m.

Light mails for or via Hangchow close daily at 9 a.m. and 9.30 p.m., for S.H.N.R. daily at 9 a.m.

Light mails for or via T.P.R. and north Pinghan close daily at 9.30 p.m.

Light mails for Hankow, Wuchang and Hangyang by occasional sailings direct to Hankow.

Light mails for or via River Ports beyond Nanchang per available steamer via Wenchow.

Vessels Discharging

ATHOS II. From Marseilles via Ports with Cargo ex ss. "Chateau Larose" and "Felix Roussel" arrived on February 10, and is discharging her cargo at Shanghai and Hongkew Wharf, Shanghai. Consignees are requested to send in their Bills of Lading for exchange of Delivery Orders and take immediate delivery of their cargo. All risk of fire at the Wharf and Godowns to be borne by consignees and claims against this steamer must be presented within 15 days of vessel's arrival or they will not be recognized. Damaged cargo will be examined in the presence of a Customs Officer on Wednesday, February 15, 1939, at 9 a.m. at the wharf by Messrs. Paulsen & Bayes-Davy. No Insurance effected Cie des Messageries Maritimes. 13-2

TALABOT The ms. Talabot from Oslo via ports is now discharging her cargo at The Shanghai & Hongkew Wharf Co.'s Old Ningpo Wharf. Consignees are requested to send in their bills of lading for countersignature and take immediate delivery of their cargo. All risk of fire at the wharf and godowns is to be borne by Consignees. Any claims against this vessel must be sent in within fifteen (15) days after vessel's arrival, otherwise they will not be recognized. Examination of broken and ship-damaged cargo will be held at The Shanghai & Hongkew Wharf Co.'s Old Ningpo Wharf at 17th Inst (17/2/39) when Messrs. Paulsen & Bayes-Davy will be in attendance. Dodwell & Co., Ltd., Agents 17 Canton Road, Telephone 11369. 15-2

Weather, Time and Tide

Monday, February 13, 1939 (25th day of 12th moon)	SICCAWEI February 11 16.00	21.00	February 12 4.00	9.00
Barometer inches	30.16	30.24	30.17	30.19
at 32 F. (variation for 24 hrs.)	—0.04	+0.09	+0.13	+0.04
at 32 F. (,, ,, 12 hrs.)	+0.12	+0.09	+0.01	—0.05
Wind (direction)	WNW	WNW/N	NE	NE
,, (miles per hour)	12.4	2.5	5.0	3.1
Temperature (Fahr.)	45.9°	45.0°	42.6°	43.5°
Humidity %	86	90	95	91
Nebulosity (0 to 10)	10	10	10	10
Rainfall inches	—	—	—	0.00

Siccawei Abridged Report February 11	Mean 1939	24 hrs. variation	66 years average
Barometer (mean 4 obs.)	30.15	—0.07	30.31
Temp. Min. 41.°9 Max. 49.°6	45.°8	+2.°3	37.°4
Total rainfall January 1 to midnight before last (inches)	2.69	0.12	2.80

Time and Tide	13/2	14/2	15/2	16/2	17/2
Sun rises at Shanghai ..	6.39	6.38	6.37	6.36	6.35
Sun sets at Shanghai....	17.39	17.40	17.41	17.41	17.42
Moon rises at Shanghai ..	1.57	2.47	3.33	4.15	4.54
Moon sets at Shanghai ..	12.36	13.25	14.16	15.08	16.00
Flood makes Shai. 6 to 18	19.05	5.45	7.07	8.20	9.12
Ebb. makes Shai. 6 to 18	10.50	12.50	13.34	14.15	14.51
H.W. W'sung Bar 6 to 18	7.29	9.09	10.26	11.05	11.35
Ht. above LLW. (feet)..	6.65	7.20	7.88	8.40	7.55

Yesterday's Arrivals

Name	*From*	*Consignees*
H. Tseangtah	Foochow	T.C.C.
Tembien	Ningpo	C.I.N.
Santarem	Haimen (Ch.)	P.N.&T.
Elbe	Tientsin	Melchers
Anyo M.	Japan	N.Y.K.
Gladys Moller	Japan	Mollers'
Ranchi	Japan	Mackenzie
Kotohira M	Japan	Showa S.
Taksang	Hongkong	Jardine
Sensan M.	Tsingtao	D.K.K.
Wantung	Haimen	B.&S.
Luise	Hsinkong	Keh Lee
Faro	Tsungming	P.N.&T.
Ariadne Moller	Ningpo	Tai Lai
Don Joao	Tungchow	Tung Lee
Wusueh	Hsinkong	B.&S.
Patti	Sanhokong	Chang Yuen
Suiwo	C'wankong	Jardine
Fooksing	Tungchow	Wha Ying
Hertha	C'yingsha	G.F.E.
Liwo	Chitung	Jardine
Tjisaroea	C'wangtao	J.C.J.L.
Tsokwang	Wenchow	A.P.C.
Chingning M.	Tsungming	N.K.K.
Talien	Tsungming	Wan Woo
Caburg	Hongkong	Melchers
Karsten	Hupukow	Y.C.S.
C'stine Moller	Singkiang	Mollers'

Yesterday's Departures

Name	*Flag*	*Despatcher*
Leesang	Br.	Jardine
Tungwo	Br.	Jardine
Tejo	Port.	I.C.R.N.
Haikong	Ger.	Keh Lee
Whangpu	Br.	B.&S.
Naruto M.	Jap.	N.Y.K.
Heini	Ger.	G.F.E.
Fooshing	Br.	Jardine
Tingsang	Br.	Jardine
Taisang	Br.	Jardine
Kingyuan	Br.	B.&S.
Nagasaki M.	Jap.	N.Y.K.
Pronto	Nor.	Melchers
J'ne Justesen	Dan.	K.M.A.
Matuyama M.	Jap.	Showa S.
Elbe	Ger.	Melchers

Men-of-War in Port

Name	*Flag*	*Type*	*Berthed*
Cardiff	Br.	Gbt.	B.N.B.
Cockchafer	Br.	Gbt.	Y.P.D.W.
Scorpion	Br.	Gbt.	B.N.B.
Guam	Am.	Gbt.	Y.P.D.W.
Isabel	Am.	Slp.	B.N.B.
Luzon	Am.	Gbt.	U.S.N.B.
D. de Lagree	Fr.	Gbt.	F.N.B.
S. de Brazza	Fr.	Slp.	F.N.B.
Tahure	Fr.	Gbt.	F.N.B.
B. Colleoni	Itl.	Cr.	J.N.B.
Lepanto	Itl.	Gbt.	Y.P.D.W.

D. K. K.

SHANGHAI-TSINGTAO-DAIREN-LINE

	Arrival.	Departure.
SS. TSINGTAO MARU	Feb. 11	Feb. 13 at 9 a.m.
SS. HOTEN MARU	Feb. 14	Feb. 16 at 9 a.m.
SS. DAIREN MARU	Feb. 17	Feb. 19 at 9 a.m.
SS. TSINGTAO MARU	Feb. 19	Feb. 21 at 9 a.m.
SS. HOTEN MARU	Feb. 22	Feb. 24 at 9 a.m.
SS. DAIREN MARU	Feb. 25	Feb. 27 at 9 a.m.

SHANGHAI-TSINGTAO-TIENTSIN-DAIREN-LINE
(Freight only)

SS. HAKKA MARU .... Feb. 21
SS. KOGA MARU .... Feb. 26

For Passage and Freight apply to:

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110 Szechuen Road Telephone 19646

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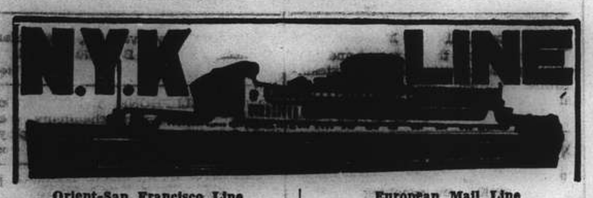

Orient-San Francisco Line
via Honolulu
ASAMA MARU ..... Feb. 19
TATUTA MARU ..... Mar. 4

Orient-Seattle Line
via Vancouver
From Kobe
HIYE MARU ..... Feb. 21

Orient-New York Line
via Los Angeles and Panama
*NAKO MARU ..... Feb. 18
NOTO MARU ..... Feb. 27
(*From Kobe)

Japan-Australian Line
via Hongkong and Manila
From Hongkong
KAMO MARU ..... Feb. 26

European Mail Line
London, Hamburg & Marseilles via Hongkong, Straits, Ceylon and Aden
*YASUKUNI MARU ..... Feb. 21
KASIMA MARU ..... Mar. 7
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TAIYO MARU ..... Feb. 13
TAIYO MARU ..... Feb. 24

Nagasaki Express Service
(Every 2 or 3 days sailings)
SHANGHAI MARU ..... Feb. 15

Shanghai-Yokohama Service
HAKONE MARU ..... Feb. 14
HUSIMI MARU ..... Feb. 28

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A	£88	£154
B	£68	£119
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Sailings to EUROPE and UNITED KINGDOM Ports

	TITAN	Feb. 14	Havre, Liverpool and Bromborough
B	DEUCALION	Feb. 18	Marseilles, L'don, R'dam, H'burg & G'gow.
A	PATROCLUS	Mar. 4	M'lles, London, R'dam and Glasgow
B	MEMNON	Mar. 18	M'lles, London, R'dam, H'burg, and Glasgow
	CYCLOPS	Mar. 18	for Liverpool and Bromborough

* calls at Casablanca † via Aden ø via Saigon

A monthly service is also maintained from Hongkong and Japan to Pacific Coast

Vessels due and Sailings to Japan, North China, etc.

		From	Due	Sails	For
B	MEMNON	Liverpool	Feb. 18	Feb. 19	Japan Ports
	CYCLOPS	Liverpool	Feb. 20	Feb. 21	Japan Ports
C	STENTOR	New York	Feb. 17	Feb. 18	Japan Ports
C	TYNDAREUS	Pacific Coast	Feb. 23	Feb. 25	Hongkong
A	ANTENOR	Liverpool	Mar. 3	Mar. 4	Taku and Dairen
C	MENTOR	Gdynia	Mar. 4	Mar. 5	Taku and Japan
C	TANTALUS	Liverpool	Mar. 12	Mar. 13	Japan Ports
C	AJAX	Liverpool	Mar. 16	Mar. 17	Japan

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O.S.K.

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For Keelung and Amoy
HUKUKEN MARU ..... Feb. 13
HUKUKEN MARU ..... Feb. 27
For Keelung and Takao
TYOSA MARU ..... Feb. 19
TYOSA MARU ..... Mar. 5

HONGKONG SAILINGS
For South America via Africa
SANTOS MARU ..... Mar. 5
RIO de JANEIRO MARU Mar. 28
For Africa
HAWAII MARU ..... Mar. 2
For Bombay
*NISSAN MARU ..... Feb. 18
MELBOURNE MARU .. Mar. 4

KEELUNG SAILINGS
For Haiphong, Saigon and Bangkok
SAIGON MARU Feb. 17
For Manila, Cebu and Davao
GANGES MARU ..... Mar. 6

KOBE SAILINGS
For New York via Panama Canal
*KYUSYU MARU ..... Mar. 14
For European Ports via New York
*NANKAI MARU ..... Feb. 24
SANYO MARU ..... Mar. 27
For Australia
CANBERRA MARU .... Mar. 1
For New Zealand via Australia
CANBERRA MARU .... Mar. 1
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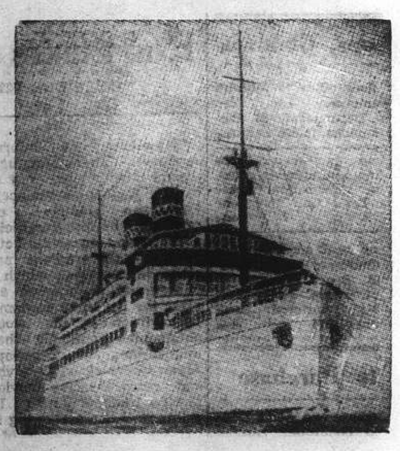

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Via Hongkong, Straits and Ceylon

	From Shanghai	Tonnage
Feb.	14 †RANCHI	17,000
	21‡*SOUDAN	6,700
	28 †RANPURA	17,000
Mar.	14 †RAWALPINDI	17,000
	21‡*BURDWAN	6,100
	28 †CANTON	16,000
Apr.	11 †CORFU	15,000
	18‡*SOMALI	7.000
	25 †CHITRAL	15,000

†Omits Bombay Calls Cochin & Port Sudan.
‡Calls at Port Sudan
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BRITISH INDIA STEAM NAVIGATION CO.
To CALCUTTA via PORTS

	Leave Shanghai For Japan	*Leave Hongkong*
SANTHIA	—	Feb. 25
TALMA	—	Mar. 11
SIRDHANA	Mar. 6	Mar. 25

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Steamers	*Commanders*	*Lv. Shanghai via Japan*	*Leaves Hongkong*	*Arrives Sydney*
TANDA	M. B. Skinner		Mar. 4	Mar. 23
NANKIN	T. J. Mills	Mar. 10	Apr. 1	Apr. 20
NELLORE	H. C. Stratford	Apr. 11	May 5	May 24

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The FRENCH MAIL LINER
ATHOS II
berthed at the Shanghai and Hongkew Wharf will leave for Marseilles on Tuesday, February 14, at 6 a.m.

Outgoing passengers will embark on the tender "SCOT I" leaving the M.M. Jetty (Quai de France) Monday, February 13, at 5 p.m.

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Homewards:
ms. GERTRUDE MAERSK
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ms. GRETE MAERSK
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mv. LEVERKUSEN Feb. 18 1939. Genoa, Rotterdam, Hamburg.
mv. BURGENLAND Mar. 20 1939. Genoa, Rotterdam, Hamburg.

Outward vessels latest movements:

			Due Shanghai
mv. BURGENLAND	Left Singapore	Feb. 8	Feb. 19
ss. OLDENBURG	Passed Suez	Feb. 4	Mar. 5
ss. NEUMARK	Left Rotterdam	Feb. 7	Mar. 13

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LLOYD TRIESTINO
ss. "CONTE BIANCAMANO"
will leave Shanghai on February 23, at 10 a.m.
from Shanghai-Hongkew Wharf for
NAPLES AND GENOA
via HONGKONG, MANILA, SINGAPORE, COLOMBO, BOMBAY and PORT-SAID

Tenders conveying passengers on board will leave Customs Jetty at 8 a.m.
Hand packages only will be accepted by tender.
Heavy luggage must be sent to Messrs. MARDEN & Co., Ltd., Race Course Market Godown, Corner of Myburgh and Burkill Roads, where it will be accepted during office hours, FROM February 21 to 22 at noon the latest.
No nailed cases will be accepted unless escorted by a Customs Permit, obtainable through Messrs. MARDEN against payment of a small fee.

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WILHELMSEN LINES

Outwards
From Scandinavian and Continental ports
ms. "Talabot" left Hamburg Dec. 30, due Shanghai Feb. 11
ms. "Talleyrand" left Hamburg Jan. 28, due Shanghai Mar. 15
ms. "Titania" leaves Hamburg Feb. 28, due Shanghai Apr. 8

Homewards for
Casablanca, Antwerp, Rotterdam, Hamburg and Oslo via Hongkong Singapore and Port Said
ms. "Tarn" loads Shanghai February 19
ms. "Talabot" loads Shanghai March 14

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Sails February 23 for Taku Bar and Dairen.
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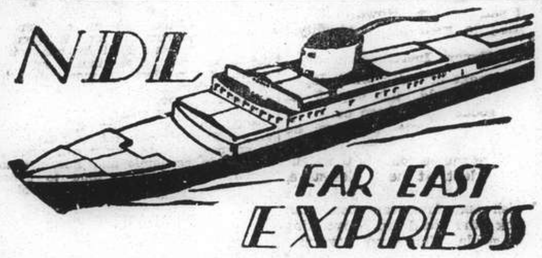

Homewards:
MS. "ELBE" for Aden, Port Sudan, Malta, Marseilles, Casablanca, Dunkirk, London, Rotterdam, Hamburg, Bremen .. .. Feb. 12
MS. "COBURG" for Aden, Port Sudan, Marseilles, Casablanca, Rotterdam, Hamburg, Bremen .. .. Feb. 26
SS. "SCHARNHORST" for Genoa, Southampton, Rotterdam, Bremen, Hamburg .. .. Mar. 7
SS. "POTSDAM" for Genoa, Southampton, Rotterdam, Bremen, Hamburg .. .. .. Mar. 28

Outwards:

			Due Shanghai
ms. COBURG	Left Manila	Feb. 9	Feb. 12
ms. FULDA	Left Haiphong	Feb. 9	Feb. 15
ss. SCHARNHORST	Left Port Said	Feb. 4	Feb 24
ss. ALLER	Left Port Said	Feb. 8	Mar. 11

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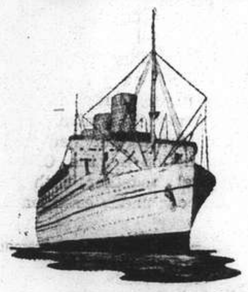

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Empress of Canada	Feb. 23	Mar. 12	Duchess of Bedford	Mar. 17	Mar. 24
Empress of Russia	Mar. 10	Mar. 25	Duchess of York	Mar. 30*	Apr. 6
Empress of Japan	Mar. 19	Apr. 4	Duchess of Richmond	Apr. 9*	Apr. 15

*Sailing Halifax

SPECIAL THROUGH FARES

SOUTHBOUND SAILINGS

	Leave Shanghai	*Arrive Hongkong*	*Arrive Manila*
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Empress of Asia	Mar. 21	Mar. 23	Mar. 25

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Last Tender leaves Customs Jetty 4 p.m. February 14
TRANS-PACIFIC: Fortnightly service via Honolulu to San Francisco and Los Angeles.

	Lv. H'kong	*Lv. Shanghai*	*Lv. Kobe*
PRESIDENT COOLIDGE	Feb. 11	Feb. 14	Feb. 16
PRESIDENT TAFT	Feb. 25	—	Mar. 1
PRESIDENT CLEVELAND	Mar. 11	—	Mar. 15
PRESIDENT PIERCE	Mar. 25	—	Mar. 29
PRESIDENT COOLIDGE	Apr. 8	Apr. 11	Apr. 13

HONGKONG AND MANILA:

	Leave Shanghai		*Leave Shanghai*
PRESIDENT TAFT	Feb. 17	PRESIDENT PIERCE	Mar. 16
PRESIDENT CLEVELAND	Mar. 2	PRESIDENT COOLIDGE	Mar. 29

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ss. TJIKEMBANG . . . . . March 5

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MS. INDIA .. .. loading Mar. 14
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Japan Can Carry On Single Handed in China

Economic Pressure Threat By Western Powers Not Serious Says Business Leader; Tsingtao Affair

By Percy Whiting
"N.C.D.N." Special Correspondent in Japan

Tokyo, Feb. 6.

SOMEWHAT of a sensation was created in Tokyo this morning by lengthy Japanese press despatches about the Birmingham-St. Vincent de Paul affair at Tsingtao. Both navy and foreign office spokesman in Tokyo confirmed that the British freighter St. Vincent de Paul was suspected of conveying contraband to Chinese guerillas, that the British cruiser Birmingham had intervened at Tsingtao, preventing her examination by the Chinese custom-officials there, and that the vessel, together with two Norwegian ships, similarly suspected, are now under examination by the Chinese Customs at Shanghai.

Both spokesmen said that the St. Vincent de Paul was suspected of illegal actions, and that the settlement of the matter rests between the ship and the Chinese Customs, who will be supported by the Japanese authorities as and when it may be necessary.

"What we do not like," the navy spokesman (Captain Mizuno, assistant to Admiral Kanazawa) told the "North China Daily News" correspondent, "is the Birmingham's intervention in the matter. We understand that our naval authorities at Tsingtao protested to the captain of the Birmingham, who subsequently expressed his regrets in respect of the point that his men had prevented the custom-officials at Tsingtao from boarding and examining the St. Vincent de Paul.

"Our information here is," he continued, "that the St. Vincent de Paul, which was transferred from the French to the British flag about two years ago, is suspected of landing contraband for Chinese guerillas about midway between Tsingtao and Shanghai, at the mouth of the Sheyang River, which is a little south of the old mouth of the Yellow River." The Domei News Agency reported that the Birmingham sequestrated the ship's papers thereby preventing the Chinese Customs officials from investigating, but Captain Mizuno said the official report reaching the navy ministry does not contain any such accusation against the British cruiser. He added that the suspected contraband is not yet clearly known here.

Extraordinary Procedure

Mr. Tatsuo Kawai, the foreign office spokesman, stated that three ships were found near the mouth of the Sheyang River by two Chinese Customs guard-boats, and were brought by the latter to Tsingtao on January 29, to have their papers examined.

It was found that the three ships had permits from the Shanghai Customs to enter a certain port in that district, but that they had been landing goods at another place. Pending further examination the vessels were ordered to remain at Tsingtao, but on January 30 one of the ships, the British St. Vincent de Paul, left the port under convoy of the British cruiser Birmingham. Such an extra-legal departure, the spokesman said, without the Tsingtao Customs' authorization, caused a protest by the latter, and also by the Japanese consul-general there, over this extraordinary procedure. The St. Vincent de Paul is now under detention at Shanghai by the Customs there.

It seems that the British claim, the spokesman continued, that the Chinese Customs guard-boats had no right to bring the ship to Tsingtao or to examine her papers, but the British vessel entered a port where it had no authorization to go, so the Japanese authorities feel that the Chinese Customs were quite justified in taking whatever measures they found necessary. What will be done at Shanghai is not known here yet.

The Japanese authorities in Tokyo hold the view that the St. Vincent de Paul will be dealt with under the Chinese Maritime Customs regulations, while the intervention of the Birmingham is a matter to be settled between the British naval authorities and the Chinese Customs under administration of the Nanking government and/or the Japanese naval authorities.

Fujihara Answers N.C.D.N.

Mr. Ginjiro Fujihara, Japanese industrial leader whose views were quoted in an article from Tokyo published in the "North-China Daily News" of December 28 and commented on in a leading article on December 29, has accorded the "North-China Daily News" correspondent an exclusive interview, in which he explains his reasons for believing that Japan can, if necessary, carry out her task in China single-handed, and why she will not be deterred by threats of economic pressure from other countries.

"You have called my attention," said Mr. Fujihara, "to a leading article, 'Choice of Weapons', in the "North-China Daily News" of December 29. In my radio address, quoted in the article on December 28, on which the editor comments, I expressed the conviction that the Japanese are capable of reconstructing China single-handed without foreign assistance financially.

"Now I have no idea of being antagonistic to the introduction of European and American capital, provided that the Occidental financiers will co-operate with us. My reference to Premier Chamberlain's statement in the British Parliament seems to have made the editor of the "North-China Daily News" think of retaliation for alleged discrimination. Of course, Japan would not make any suggestion in regard to the choice of weapons, but it is sincerely to be hoped that a double-edged weapon, which hurts the user just as much as the victim, may not be chosen.

Economic Pressure

"The essential points of the leading article may be summarized as (1) If, in the reconstruction of China, it is not desired to obtain a quick return on the enormous amount of money spent, Japan may be able to accomplish the work single-handed. But if a quick return is desired. Japan will be unable to carry out her programme without outside assistance. In that case foreign financial aid will be indispensable; (2) In Japan's present conflict in China third powers there, are the victims of Japan's high-handed measures of discrimination. An effective measure of retaliation to adopt will be to strike a blow at Japan's foreign trade, which will undermine her economic structure. Japan's work of rehabilitation of China will thus become more difficult, and she will [illegible].

"Contrary to the editor's remark that much of what I said was 'probably designed solely for home consumption', it was also intended for overseas audiences. The original in Japanese was addressed to our own people, but the English, French and Spanish versions broadcast later were solely for foreigners.

"Reading the editorial comment carefully, I note that it reflects the views still entertained by the majority of Europeans and Americans that Japan's economic structure is flimsy and that the best weapon for crippling Japan is economic pressure. According to recent press despatches from abroad, Britain, the United States and France seem to be contemplating some measures of economic pressure upon Japan. Under these circumstances, it will not be out of place for me to reiterate my views previously expressed, addressing myself to Europeans and Americans.

Comparisons

"In my radio address I gave instances of Japan's achievements in Taiwan (Formosa) and Chosen (Korea) and quoted statistics comparing them to British work in Canada, Australia and New Zealand. The financial and economic structure of Japan is on a sound basis, and I should like to call the attention of Occidental observers to our success in the development of Chosen and Taiwan, which has been accomplished without introducing foreign capital.

"When Taiwan was ceded to Japan 45 years ago, the inhabitants had long been barbarous, the Chinese central government having been too feeble to make its power felt over the island. Bandits were rampant everywhere and all the mountainous districts were inaccessible on account of the ferocious aborigines. The entire region was not habitable for civilized people owing to malaria and other tropical diseases.

"Not only the Occidentals but also the Chinese wondered what the Japanese could do there, and watched Japan's work of development with curiosity. The programme of clearing out the bandits was worked out by the Japanese government by organizing the police and military forces. The bandits sought refuge in the mountains, whenever they encountered a punitive expedition. The peaceful inhabitants, who declared their allegiance to the Japanese regime, had on the other hand to let the bandits "lord it" over them.

Successes

"It took approximately ten years to establish peace and order by completely wiping out the bandits. This task, as well as that of civilizing the aborigines, was far from easy, and it was extremely difficult to stamp out diseases. It took approximately 40 years to attain the present state of development, in which there is now no trace of barbarism. In addition to combating the bandits, aborigines and malaria, Japan has been highly successful in her programme of industrial and cultural development. This is attributable to the superior administrative ability of the Japanese and their devotion to work with indomitable determination.

"The history of Japan's work in Chosen is practically along the same lines, and it is noteworthy that in both cases the task of development was accomplished without the assistance of foreign capitalists.

Our successful experiences in Taiwan and Chosen are such that our government and people have unbounded confidence in the outcome of our present undertaking of rehabilitating China, which is a programme of great historic significance. There is nothing that makes Japan hesitate in this work, and she will forge ahead steadily without misgiving.

Bandit Suppression

In the vast areas of Chinese territory now under Japanese occupation, Japan does not have to combat malaria, but the country is infested with bandits and remnants of defeated troops, the condition in this respect being similar to that which prevailed in Taiwan when it was ceded to Japan.

Our experiences in the past teach us that it will be unwise to attempt rapid progress in our programme of reconstruction and development in China. Hasty work is bound to bring reverses. The first step to be taken by the new Chinese regimes will be to adopt an efficient police system, which, aided by the Japanese military, is expected to suppress the bandits thoroughly. Reconstruction will be carried out step by step, commencing in the localities where peace and order have been secured.

It is, realized, however, that the vastness of the occupied area requires considerable time before any tangible result can be shown. The difference between Taiwan and China in status also will have to be taken into consideration. The former is Japanese territory pure and simple, where our own government was at liberty to do anything in its own way when the island was taken over. The latter is not going to be annexed by Japan, as has been declared on more than one occasion by the Japanese government.

Foreign Trade

"Japan is to give guidance to the new regimes to be set up in China. By military aid Japan will co-operate with the new regimes in establishing peace and order. It is thus clear that hasty reconstruction would make the work very difficult. There is, however, another feature that makes the work in China somewhat different. Unlike Taiwan, China is a land of ancient culture, where in some localities there are cultural institutions of modern types. Generally speaking, the Chinese are by nature industrious and hardworking, and reconstruction may take less time than in Chosen and Taiwan, if the programme of Japanese leadership is carried out wisely.

The industrial development of Canada has been retarded under Britain, which is noted for superiority in financial resources, as well as in technical and cultural attainments. I have pointed out the slow progress shown in Australia and New Zealand. During the past 36 years, the overseas trade of the Philippines and Hawaii under the United States' administration has increased only four to fivefold.

Let me draw attention to Japan's brilliant success in Taiwan and Chosen, where the volume of foreign trade increased thirtyfold and twentyfold respectively in the course of 40 and 25 years. In the field of productive industries, the increase was fivefold and eightfold respectively.

Japan not Loser

The unflinching enthusiasm of the Japanese in their work of reconstructing China is such that I am too optimistic in anticipating the same degree of success in China as in Chosen and Taiwan. Even if Japan accomplishes about half as much, the result would nevertheless be highly satisfactory, compared with the success achieved by Britain and the United States along similar lines. For these reasons I have unbounded confidence in the ability of the Japanese to carry out their programme of reconstructing China without depending on foreign capital.

Let me now turn to the possibility of economic pressure which is said to be contemplated by Britain, the United States and France with the view to crippling Japan's foreign trade. The following figures will give an idea of Japan's trade relations in 1937 with Britain, the United States and France, including their overseas possessions:

	Exports (yen)	Imports (yen)	Balance (yen)
Britain and dependencies	839,208,000	1,112,113,000	272,905,000
	(Excess imports into Japan)		
U.S.A. and dependencies	712,947,000	1,316,161,000	603,214,000
	(Excess imports into Japan)		
France and dependencies	74,923,000	57,463,000	16,824,000
	(Excess exports from Japan)		

It will be seen from the above figures that Japan buys more from Britain the United States than she sells, and the reverse with France. Should the three countries resort to the step of severing trade relations with Japan, she would suffer, of course, but the losers would be Britain and the United States.

Self-Sufficient

"In the event of imports being stopped owing to the aggravated situation, Japan is not likely to suffer so much as some Occidentals may think. I hope they have a fairly good idea of the present state of industrial development in Japan. The situation today is quite different from what it was a decade or two ago.

"Years ago Japan had to depend, to a large measure, on foreign supply for arms and munitions, as well as for machinery and raw materials required for peaceful industries. The condition has changed remarkably—to such an extent that except for a few specialties, Japan is self-sufficient today. I would, therefore, warn against the hasty conclusion that Japan will break down if imports from Europe and America are completely interrupted.

"Of the articles imported heretofore by Japan from the three countries, raw cotton and wool are among the most important. Iron, copper, aluminum, lead, nickel, zinc, tin and various lines of machinery also may be mentioned. Except for cotton and wool, Japan's industries have reached a stage of self-sufficiency, thanks to the untiring efforts of our industrialists and scientists. Even if cotton and wool should cease to be imported, Japan has her silk to rely on, and there are numerous substitutes highly developed lately.

Oil Question

"The Japanese, who are resourceful by nature, know how to adapt themselves to an emergency, and have been inured to hardship for centuries. It is also very noteworthy that Japan is experiencing no shortage of foodstuffs. Nor is she likely to have any difficulty in feeding her population. It would indeed be a great mistake to liken Japan to Germany, which disastrously broke down during the World War owing to economic pressure.

"It may be asked what Japan would do in case the importation of oil is stopped. In view of the fact that rapid progress is being made in the liquefaction of coal, Japan is likely to become independent of foreign supply in the course of ten years. In the meantime she will have to keep importing foreign oil. Britain, the United States and France may possibly strike a blow at this vulnerable point of Japan.

"In that case, Japan will use alcohol, charcoal gas, and other substitutes, while all possible measures for conservation will be taken to decrease oil consumption. Any actual shortage after resorting to the measures of conservation as outlined will be supplied by countries not participating in the economic pressure. Should the worst come, and this source of supply be intercepted, Japan would make up her mind to resort to a measure of self-defence. However, I do not anticipate such an eventuality.

Export Increases

"Let us next consider what Japan would do, should the import of Japanese goods into those countries resorting to economic pressure be prohibited. I am reminded in this connection of the outcome of the Manchurian Incident. At the earlier stage, it was China that was played upon by British and American instigation and took the lead in boycotting Japanese goods. China had previously resorted to this measure, and Japan's exports to that country had fallen from Y.420,000,000 in 1926 to Y.260,000,000 in 1930.

"In 1932, which was the year following the outbreak of the Manchurian incident, the amount was reduced to one half, while in 1934 it dwindled to Y.117,000,000. When the Japanese are subjected to pressure in one region, they know how to expand elsewhere. The Japanese did not meekly yield to the pressure brought to bar on their China trade. They found a way out in Kwantung province, India, Dutch East Indies, Straits Settlements, etc. What was lost in China was more than made up elsewhere, and new markets were opened for Japanese goods. Comparison of the export figures for 1930 with those for 1934 shows an increase of Y.334,000,000.

"If we add the figures for Manchoukuo to those quoted above, the aggregate increase amounts to Y.44[illegible],000,000. In addition to making up the loss sustained in China amounting to Y.141,000,000, Japan gained Y.[illegible] in her export trade. After all, the Chinese boycott of Japanese goods proved a benefit to Japan.

"Japan depends vitally on her export trade the break-down of which is likely to give rise to the severe [illegible]

problem of unemployment. On account of the present conflict with China, the productive capacity of various industrial plants has been expanded, and labour shortage is being experienced. The demand for labour is bound to become keener in view of the situation necessitating the production of those articles imported heretofore.

"Should other powers interfere with Japan's export trade, the surplus of labour created thereby would be used for increasing the productive capacity, which is urgently needed. There would be no room for unemployment or any other social problems, while various lines of industry will make satisfactory progress. Meanwhile the new regimes which will spring up in various parts of China, will be a great help for the expansion of Japan's China trade.

"As in the case of the Chinese boycott of Japanese goods at the time of the Manchurian Incident, which was instrumental in developing Japan's trade with Manchoukuo, any pressure which Britain, the United States and France may bring to bear on Japan's foreign trade, will accelerate the expansion of her China trade. What Japan loses on account of the British, American and French pressure will be more than made up in China.

Manchoukuo's Prosperity

"Also it should be borne in mind that the trade with other countries, more friendly to Japan, will show considerable progress, as after the Chinese boycott. I am looking forward to the further expansion of Japan's foreign trade, similar to that which followed the Manchurian Incident.

"Apprehension is entertained by a large number of Occidentals regarding Japan's policy of financing the present emergency by means of bond issues, ranging between Y.500,000,000 Y.1,000,000,000 a year. I note that it is the same scepticism that prevailed abroad during the Manchurian Incident, when it was feared that Japan would break down financially.

"At that time I pointed out that the large amount of government loans floated in connection with the incident, including the programme of rehabilitation and development, constituted a sound investment. My contention is that if Japan's trade with Manchoukuo increases from the work of development proving successful, it will be simply a return on the investment, and there is nothing to make us apprehensive. The present prosperity of Manchoukuo, which is a blessing to the Manchoukuoans as well as to the Japanese, demonstrates that Japan has not lost anything in the undertaking.

China Market an Asset

"An enormous amount of money is required again for the China Incident. China is a land of vaster area, and the economic rehabilitation of that country will be of corresponding magnitude. If Japan succeeds in rehabilitating China, of which we all are confident, the huge sum spent for the work will constitute a sound investment, and there is no ground whatever for fear of financial collapse.

"Those engaged in any line of business are familiar with the usual practice of preparing a balanct sheet of liabilities and assets. There would be no reason for anxiety if the two columns are adequately balanced on a sound basis. It is natural that the liabilities should increase in proportion as the assets increase. Foreign critics who fear Japan's financial structure may collapse on account of the mounting bond issues overlooking the assets side of the balance sheet.

"From a practical business man's viewpoint the China market is an asset for Japan, as it were, and there is no cause for misgiving on account of the liabilities that increase thereby. The funds are raised in Japan and the bond-holders are Japanese. Broadly speaking, the domestic loans of this nature hardly constitute indebtedness. The Japanese people are capable of managing their financial affairs arising from the loans floated among themselves. The patriotic motive in subscribing for the government bonds issued in connection with the emergency is much stronger in Japan.

Financial Situation

"I have come across, in a recent issue of the Bulletin of International News, published by the Royal Institute of International Affairs, London, an article reviewing the cost of the present emergency. The writer gives a picture of the financial situation in Japan. In spite of the enormous state expenditure swelling the national indebtedness and the severe strain on the gold reserve of the Bank of Japan, which are reflected in various indices quoted by the writer, he has the following to say:

"Such indices are striking and important. But the significance of some of them should not be exaggerated. France's government, too, is spending over half the national income, whilst the totalitarian governments must be spending considerably more. Britain's national debt is practically double her national income. Finally, Germany lost virtually all her gold in 1933—and proceeded to develop her foreign trade very effectively on a barter basis. If, as seems probable, Japan can avert an immediate economic and financial collapse, she will have time to benefit from her newly-acquired control of China's immense resources."

A Fallacy

"I hope I have succeeded in showing that no economic pressure will be powerful enough to cripple Japan's foreign trade, undermining our financial structure. But may I ask if Japan really deserves retaliation at the hands of Third-Powers for what she has done in China? In the numerous cases of grievances for alleged discriminations against the rights and interests of Third-Powers in China, it will, of course, be necessary for the Japanese government to take all necessary steps for readjustment and restitution.

"However, it seems to me that those powers which complain of the alleged outrages appear to forget that in China they heretofore have been behaving themselves as if they were in their own countries or colonies. The rejuvenated China is emerging from semi-colonial status, and the Western powers will no longer be able to take too much advantage of her weakness.

"Let me," Mr. Fujihara said in conclusion, "draw again the attention of Occidental observers who still have the idea that the economic structure of Japan is a flimsy one to the fact that their fallacy is due in a large measure to their failure to appreciate the spiritual element in anything undertaken by the Japanese, who are [illegible]."

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